

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR.

MONDAY, JULY 16, 1900.

LAST EDITION.

TWO CENTS.

OUR CLOTHING TABLES...

Are more heavily loaded than they should be at this time of the year. To move this excess stock and do it quickly we will continue for a short time only our three great Suit Sales.

FIRST— Your choice of any Suit in the house for.....	\$13.95
The best Suits on earth that have been selling at \$20, \$22 and \$25 for.....	\$13.95
SECOND— Your choice of \$15, \$16 and \$18 Suits for.....	\$9.75
THIRD— Your choice of \$10, \$12 and \$13.50 Suits for.....	\$6.75

Every Suit in our house is involved in these three Suit Sales. Never before have the clothing buyers of Duluth and vicinity had such opportunities offered them. Similar price reductions have not prevailed outside of this store except for old unsuitable stocks or broken assortments. But here we give you a selection from complete varieties of unexcelled clothing made for this season's trade—and those who come first will take the best values.

STORE OPEN TONIGHT TILL 9 O'CLOCK.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters.
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.
125 and 127 West Superior St.

We represent only the strongest and most reputable Stock Companies. When you get insurance, get the best. We furnish it.

Graves-Manley, Agency.
Torrey Building, First Floor.

Headquarters for fire, liability, plate glass and accident insurance. Fidelity and Surety Bonds.

Telephone 165.
Night—200, 2 rings.

Why is Electric Light Best?
Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults. It causes no deterioration of furnishings and decorations in homes.

CLEAN! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

SAFE! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light and Power Co. OFFICES—215 W. Sup. St.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best at a very moderate price

Rooms 5 and 6
PHOENIX BLOCK.
Telephone 755, Call 4.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

TAKE MILLAR.

Chairman of Recent Republican County Convention to Head County Committee.

E. L. Millar will be the chairman of the new Republican county committee, according to the latest advice from the inner circle of the powers that be in local Republicanism. This was decided upon at a meeting of county candidates and others at the court house Saturday evening. Though informal, the meeting was on the quiet, and no advance notices of it were given out to the public. Neither was any particulars of the meeting made known to the public. The meeting, which is made on the best authority, and can be depended upon. Mr. Millar himself has admitted its truth, though he is not yet permitted to say freely that he will accept the honor, with its attendant duties and honors. It is very likely, however, that he will accept the position, and the Republicans are interested in the work of the chairman of the county committee may be assured that if he does it will be well done. There was a public exhibition of the quality of Mr. Millar's work in the late Republican county convention. With most unassuming but very positive and decided manner, he dispatched the work of the convention speedily and well, and on every hand were heard favorable comments. On this showing, and what besides is known of his qualities, it is clear that a very fortunate selection for the Republicanism—has been made for the chairmanship of the county committee.

The essential feature of the late county convention, and the preliminary to the election of the new county committee, was the fact that the old machine was most distinctly and completely rubbed out of the slate, placing in power the forces opposed to it. This means the changing hands of the power in county politics, which happens every so often over of the machine. Mr. Millar, as chairman of the convention, has the making of the new county committee, of which he is to be the head. This he will do shortly.

PELLIEUX DEAD.
Paris, July 15.—Gen. Pellieux, who figured prominently in the Dreyfus affair, died yesterday at Gumples.

MAKING MONEY EASY.

Counterfeiters Find That Manila is a Fine Field.

Manila, July 15.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The large circulation of silver money in the Philippines has made an opportunity for counterfeiters and there is evidence of one more "blaze" in Manila and the provinces. The counterfeiters make Mexican dollars from a laser and cheaper metal. The American nickel is counterfeited and the brown \$5 bills have been successfully imitated. But the counterfeiters' most successful scheme of all is the copying of American silver dollars from Mexican silver dollars. This scheme is a Mexican dollar, it stamped with the facings of our American silver dollar, at once doubled in value. Any one will give \$2 Mexican for \$1 American. The advantage of this scheme is that a sufficient quantity of counterfeit money can be obtained by melting up Mexican dollars and when stamped with the American facings the new coins produce 100 per cent profit. Raids have resulted in finding several baskets full of bad money in the rear of a Chinaman's house, and a Filipino was discovered with several dollars worth of counterfeit \$5 bills and a box or cased American silver dollars in his possession. The Chinaman and the Filipino have made partial confessions and give damaging testimony.

NO YOW NOT DISTURBED.

Chinese Consul General in 'Frisco Fears No Trouble.

San Francisco, July 15.—Ho Yow, Chinese consul general, considers the rumors which come from Washington of a threatened uprising in this city against the Chinese residents as utterly groundless. "Never since the administration of my consulate," he said, "have there been fewer cases of violence against the Chinese. In fact, I feel that a single case in any part of the district within the last month, in any month, is an indication of hostility to my countrymen on account of the difficulties at home."

"We have every reason to feel satisfied with the treatment we have received in this country," he said. "The United States is pursuing in the present crisis a far better understanding between the two nations than has heretofore existed."

PENSIONS GRANTED.

Washington, July 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following pensions have been granted: Increase—E. B. Treseott, of Lincoln, Mo.; Spanish war, original—Jonas Skomars, of Duluth, \$8.

DEFEATED BY CHINESE

Attack of Allied Forces on Tien Tsin Repulsed With Heavy Loss.

Chinese Fought With Desperation and Their Fire Was Accurate.

Tien Tsin, July 13, via Che Foo, July 15, and Shanghai, July 16.—(Copyrighted, 1900, by the Associated Press.)—At 2 o'clock this afternoon 200 of the allied troops were attempting to storm the wall of the city. The attack began at daylight. Its success is doubtful. The Chinese on the walls are estimated conservatively at 20,000. They are pouring a terrific hail of artillery, rifle and machine gun fire upon the attackers. The Americans, Japanese, British and French troops are attacking from the west and the Russians from the east. The Associated Press representative left the field, the chief surgeon of the Ninth Infantry said a conservative estimate was that 25 per cent of the Americans were hit.

Col. Wilson H. Liscum has been reported to be mortally wounded as he was walking in front of the troops. Maj. Regan and Capt. Buckmiller, Wilcox and Noyes are among the wounded.

The marine losses include Capt. Davis, killed, and Butler, Leonard and several others wounded.

Officers declared that it was hotter than Santiago. When the correspondent left, the Americans were in the plain between the wall and the river under an enfilading and a direct fire. It was equally difficult for them to advance or retire. The correspondent counted 300 wounded men of all nationalities.

Washington, July 15.—The navy department this morning received official confirmation from Admiral Remey of the reverse of the allied forces at Tien Tsin on the morning of the 13th. The dispatch is dated Che Foo, July 16, and says:

"Reported that allied forces attacked Tien Tsin on the morning of the 13th. Russian right, with Ninth infantry and marines on the left. Losses allied forces large: Russians 100 including artillery colonel; Americans over 20; British, over 40; Japanese, 18, including colonel; French, 25. Col. Liscum, Ninth infantry, killed. Also Capt. Davis, marine corps, Capt. Lemey, Lieut. Butler and Leonard wounded. At 7 evening, allied attack on native city was repulsed with great loss. Reverse incomplete; details not yet confirmed."

JAPS TO RESCUE.
Washington, July 15.—The Japanese legation has received a dispatch, dated Tokyo, July 10, stating that the Russians guarding Tien Tsin were severely pressed and called on the Japanese troops for assistance. A combined attack was made on the Chinese and the latter were repulsed. The Japanese lost two captains killed and thirty non-commissioned officers and privates wounded. This dispatch probably refers to one of the early fights at Tien Tsin.

GOODNOW HAS NOTHING.

No Advice Since Beginning of Attack on Legations.
Washington, July 15.—Consul General Goodnow called to the state department from Shanghai, under today's date, there is nothing more to report since his cablegram of the 13th instant. That dispatch reported the attack on the legations at Peking as about to begin. Mr. Goodnow's statement is a direct contradiction of the Shanghai story that all foreign consuls were informed Saturday by Sheng that the legations had fallen and the ministers were killed.

THE BLOODY TUAN.

Orders Killing of Officials Who Plead For Foreigners.
Washington, July 15.—An official report has come to the attention of the Chinese officials here to the effect that 200 Chinese officials at Peking petitioned Prince Tuan to protect the foreigners, whereupon Prince Tuan ordered all those who united in the petition to be killed.

This appears in a paper printed in the Chinese text, and although it may be a part of the exaggerated gossip of the situation, it has none the less attracted the attention of the Chinese minister here.

WU GETS A MESSAGE.
The Chinese Minister Gets Advice Corroborating Goodnow.

Washington, July 15.—Minister Wu yesterday received a message from Sheng, the imperial director of posts and telegraphs at Shanghai, and ac-

was a West Pointer, having been appointed from Massachusetts in 1875. He got his first commission as a second lieutenant in the Ninth infantry in 1879, and has been with that organization ever since, becoming first lieutenant in 1877 and captain in 1888.

It is regarded in the war department that there is no such person as Capt. Wilcox, who was reported wounded, in the Ninth infantry. The officers here think it might be Maj. Wallace of the Ninth.

VENGEANCE DEFERRED.
International Jealousies Delay the Accounting With China.

London, July 16.—"Revenge today; mourning tomorrow," is practically the universal cry of Europe, but it is sorrowfully admitted that there can be no revenge today, nor perhaps for many tomorrows, for the incredible barbarities that are reported to have marked the last scenes within the legations at Peking.

Nothing is clearer than that the anti-foreigner conflagration is rapidly becoming even more hitherto quiescent provinces; and though it is recognized that every day which leaves Peking in the power of the mob increases the peril and difficulty of the situation, nothing comes from the diplomats of Europe to show that the powers have overcome the paltriness resulting in general impotency to which is commonly ascribed the sacrifice of the handful of women, children and men comprising the international colony in Peking.

The fate of the capital appears to threaten only the sacrifice of the Che Foo and even Shanghai. The defeat of the allied forces at Tien Tsin seems to place that town in a desperate straits, and if retreat to Taku is necessary, observers consider that it will be likely to decide the war.

The departure of Admiral Seymour from Tien Tsin and the movement of warships toward Shan Hai Kuan, on the gulf of Liaotung, are to indicate that this move may be advanced for an advance on Peking, which is distant 170 miles from Shan Hai Kuan.

The members of the Chinese legation this morning still assert that they have no information concerning the fate of the foreigners in Peking. The war office today issued a dispatch from Gen. Dordard, dated Tien Tsin, July 11, which adds little to the information. The Chinese, according to the dispatch, were repulsed after four hours hard fighting, in which 500 Chinese were killed and 100 Chinese taken prisoner. The Chinese, according to the dispatch, were repulsed after four hours hard fighting, in which 500 Chinese were killed and 100 Chinese taken prisoner.

FRENCH IS SAFE.
Colonel Reported Killed at Tien Tsin Not There.

Washington, July 15.—The report that Col. French, Twenty-fifth infantry, was killed at Tien Tsin is not understood at the war department here. Officials state positively that Col. French is not in China. There is but one Col. French in the army, and he is commanding the Twenty-second infantry, two battalions of which are in the Philippines. On June 15, Col. French was in New York on sick leave.

QUARTERS FOR TROOPS.
Preparations For Five Regiments at the Presidio.

San Francisco, July 15.—Orders have been received at the Presidio to at once prepare quarters for five regiments of troops which will arrive shortly en route for foreign service. The home battalion of the Eighteenth infantry has been landed from the Hancock and taken up temporary quarters at the Presidio. It is under command of Capt. E. A. Lewis, and is destined for the Philippines. The Hancock made the trip from Kobe in fourteen days, beating the record for that port of sailing of the transport Sumner for Nagasaki which was postponed until tomorrow, owing to the failure of two battalions of the Fifteenth infantry to arrive from Philadelphia, N. Y., on schedule time. The Californian will sail today from Manila with about 11,000 tons of military supplies.

TROOPS TO GO.

Probable That a Large Force Will Be Hurried to China.

Washington, July 15.—Secretary Hay called a cabinet council this morning to consider the Chinese situation. Few cabinet officers are in the city, and the only attendees were Secretaries Hay, Root, Long and Gage.

The council lasted some time and the situation was thoroughly discussed. It was thereupon decided that there is reason to believe that 8000 or 10,000 troops will be gotten together rapidly as possible and hurried to China. Some of these probably will be taken from Cuba.

If the situation requires more men, congress will have to be called together to provide for them.

ROOSEVELT EN ROUTE.
Chicago, July 15.—Governor Roosevelt is expected to arrive in Chicago from the East between 3 and 5 o'clock today on the Copper river train.

Some of the national and international copper deposits are reliably reported to exist.

MINISTER DISMAYED

Chinese Ambassador Expresses Horror Over the Fight at Tien Tsin.

DEEPLY REGRETS IT
Natives Thought Their Homes Were in Danger and Fought Hard.

Washington, July 16.—News of the battle of Tien Tsin, as brought by the Associated Press cable direct from the field, was conveyed to the Chinese minister early today. The minister followed the recital with wrapt attention, interrupting with expressions of astonishment and profound regret at this startling development. He was particularly impressed with the sacrifice of the Chinese, the American killed and wounded, which appeared to remove every shadow of doubt, and he asked as to the various officers and their families.

The scene of fighting came home vividly to the minister, as he has lived for a long time at Tien Tsin, the close friend and associate of Li Hung Chang during the latter's viceroyalty there, and every detail of the engagement around the walls could be recalled by him with a personal knowledge of the surroundings. In his mind's eye he pictured before him the scene of action. There, he pointed out, was the great walled city, within which the native Chinese population lived. Around the city swept the Peo Ha river, very sinuous, from Taku toward Peking. Below the walled city, a full hour's ride by chair, lay the foreign settlements, or concessions, or compounds. At this latter point, well away from the walls of the main city, the foreign citizens, with the allied troops, have until now been located. The news of the fight at the walls meant, therefore, that the allied forces had advanced from their position well down the Pei Ho and had attacked the city itself. The outcome of this, he viewed with the utmost concern.

He spoke with a good deal of freedom, but asked to be excused from any public declaration on the subject. In the most sympathetic terms, however, he expressed his horror at the latest developments, declaring that no American home could the news bring deeper regret than to himself.

At the other legations and embassies, the same feeling of dismay prevailed. The news of the fight at Tien Tsin is able to give what is believed to be the aspect of the situation from the Chinese standpoint. According to this view the move of the allied forces from the foreign settlements down the river, upon the native walled city, was not only unfortunate, but was fraught with the greatest danger. With the fate of the foreign legations and ministers at Peking still in doubt, the allied forces might well have turned their attention to cutting a way through to the rescue of their officials and citizens at the capital.

In that event, it is said, the normal conditions around Tien Tsin would have continued and the status quo been maintained. But, by an assault of the walled city, the natives within the city might naturally be expected to defend themselves, believing that their homes were about their attackers. They have been penned up within the city knowing nothing of what has occurred without, and from the Chinese standpoint it would probably be found that it was in a defense against an unexpected attack that the present slaughter occurred. One of the suggestions of the day, made in an official quarter is that a committee be at once appointed to proceed to China and investigate the facts of the present situation, thus giving a basis for intelligence. The name of ex-Minister Denby was mentioned in connection with the talk of a commission.

WINDOM NAMED.

Duluth Man Mentioned For President of State Republican League.

St. Paul, July 16.—The state Republican league convention does not meet until 7:30 o'clock tonight, and the business will all be transacted at one session. Capt. R. S. Van Sant, candidate for governor, will probably deliver the principal address. After the reports of officers and committees are made, the convention will elect officers.

W. L. Windom, of Duluth, and F. C. Schiffman have been mentioned for the presidency, but it is not known that either of them wants the place. Advance reports of the officers of the state league indicate that there will be a great crowd of visitors in St. Paul tomorrow. The club members are more interested in the coming of Governor Roosevelt than in the state convention.

SURVEYING AT NOME.

Washington, July 15.—Three of the surveying parties recently sent to Alaska by the United States geological survey are now at work in the Nome peninsula. They are in charge of Messrs. E. C. Bernard, A. H. Brooks and W. J. Peters. Mr. Bernard will make a topographic map on a scale of four miles to the inch, and Mr. Brooks will make geologic investigations covering the area thus mapped. He will determine the extent of the valuable occurrence of the veins from the places where gold has been derived.

F. C. Shadrer, under date of June 24, reports the arrival of the Copper river surveying party at Valdez. This party is to make a topographic and geologic survey of an area of 2000 square miles in the Copper river region, where valuable copper deposits are reliably reported to exist.

BURT IS WINNER

Suit Against Consolidated Iron Mines Settled By Making New Lease.

DEEPLY REGRETS IT
Natives Thought Their Homes Were in Danger and Fought Hard.

MINIMUM INCREASED
He Will Get \$50,000 a Year Hereafter Instead of \$6000.

Wellington R. Burt, the Michigan millionaire lumberman, has won a complete and satisfactory victory out of John D. Rockefeller's Lake Superior Consolidated Iron mines. By the magi, shiboleth of "combine," uttered somewhat harshly in a complaint filed some time ago in court here, he brought the iron steel magnate to time, and increased his own income by \$44,000 a year by him on the same iron range and leased to Rockefeller for \$9000 to \$50,000 per annum.

It may be remembered that some weeks ago Mr. Burt appeared as plaintiff in a sensational suit against the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron mines, in which he sought to cancel a lease held by that company on his property on the Mesaba range. He alleged that the minimum output authorized by the lease was too low, and that the company was keeping within it merely to hold the lease, and that it was keeping the lease from producing in order to perfect a combine that would control the Mesaba range output. Not only that, but he alleged that the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron mines had gone in with other owners of leases and fee titles of iron property, who were also interested in the railroads that were the only outlet from the iron range, to control the iron industry by keeping a large number of iron property to the top and out of the market by holding the leases and refusing to develop the property.

The case was a sensational one, and it created quite a stir. The Consolidated people said that there was a good deal in the complaint that was put there for effect, and that had nothing to do with the real case of action, which did not amount to much anyway. Nevertheless, apparently, it was touching on a point that it would not be well to touch too much, so a compromise was made with Mr. Burt, in which he comes out with a large sum of money, and the Consolidated people get a new one, guaranteeing a much higher annual output of ore, and as a result of that concession Mr. Burt has dismissed his suit. The surrender of the old lease and the new lease were filed simultaneously, in the office of the register of deeds this morning, and at the same time a dismissal of the suit against the Consolidated was filed in the United States court, where the case was removed from the state district court, in which it was first started.

The charge that Standard Oil methods were being used on the Mesaba range was an old one, and it had been nurtured practically ever since Rockefeller got the foothold there that has resulted in giving him such a commanding position in the iron and steel industry. The Burt suit, however, was practically the first time that it was ever concentrated into a specific allegation in legal terms and included in a suit at law. The result of it is most interesting, and it is interesting to have had those points definitely determined by the United States court.

The old lease, made in 1891 and acquired by the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron mines through the late Frank Hubling, required a minimum annual output from the properties included in it of only 20,000 tons per year at a royalty of 30 cents per ton. This made only \$6000 a year that the company had to pay to hold the lease. The new lease, covering the same property, calls for a minimum output of 200,000 tons at a royalty of 25 cents per ton, which means \$50,000 per year that the company will have to pay to hold the lease. The property included in the leases is as follows: The 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 21; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 22; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 23; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 24; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 25; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 26; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 27; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 28; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 29; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 30; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 31; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 32; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 33; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 34; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 35; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 36; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 37; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 38; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 39; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 40; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 41; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 42; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 43; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 44; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 45; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 46; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 47; the 1/2 of the 1/2 of section 48; 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and nerves, causing the most intense pain as to make within a few days a healthy shattered nerves; or it may be slow in make one feel uncomfortable; the ten exposure to damp or cold, want of proper

...a Blood Disease,
Neither do the preparations of potassium
always prescribe, cure Rheumatism, but
one time rids the system of the poison is
of roots, herbs and barks of wonderful
— the blood — and quickly neutralizes
worn-out organs, and clears the system

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ST. LOUIS.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial Dis-
trict.
Charles Stal,
Plaintiff.

red A. Brower; also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described herein.

Defendants,

The State of Minnesota to the Above
Named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed

of the Eleventh judicial district in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the Torrey building in the city of Duluth, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of

Dated this 28th day of May, 1900.
 ALFORD & HUNT,
 Attorneys for Plaintiff,
 904 Torrey Building,
 Duluth, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.
 District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
 Charles R. Stal

vs. Plaintiff.
Fred A. Brower; also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described herein, Defendants.
Notice is hereby given, That an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants; that the object of said action is to obtain the judgment of said court in relation to the claim of the plaintiff in the land described as follows, viz:

lower Duluth, according to the records of that office in St. Louis County, Minnesota; that the defendants have no right, title, estate, lien or interest in said land and that they be forever barred from asserting any claim or interest in said land.

Dated this 28th day of May, 1900.
ALFORD & HUNT

CONTEST NOTICE.—
Department of the Interior, United States
Land Office, Duluth, Minnesota, June
26th, 1906.
In the contest affidavit having been
filed in this office by Samuel C. Brown,
contestant, against homesteaded entry No.
235, made May 1st, 1891, for the southwest
quarter of section 34, township 48 south,
on No. 22, township 51 north, range 1
west, by John Sunderman, contestee, for
the purpose of obtaining the same as
abandoned the same for the period of
five years now last past, that all the im-
provements ever made by said Sunderman
on the above described land, and the
in the erection, about six years since, of

man clearing around the same, made at the same time with the building, grown up for several years to underbrush and never cultivated or placed in cultivable shape and that such absence from said land was not due to the employment of said Sun-german in the army, navy or marine corps of the United States as a private soldier.

which the United States may be engaged. All parties are hereby notified to appear and respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on August 14, 1900, before the register and receive at the United States land office in Duluth, Minnesota.

adavit, filed May 31st, 1900, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal services of this notice cannot be made. It is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

J. M. SMITH,
Receiver.

CONTEST NOTICE.—Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Duluth, Minnesota, June 27th, 1900.
A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Samuel G. Brown contestant against homestead entry No.

est made July 15th, 1891, for the north-
west quarter of the northwest quarter of
Section No. 26, township 52 N., range 17 W.,
Charles E. Hutchinson, contestee, in
which it is alleged that said Hutchinson
abandoned the same for the period of
more than eight years now last past, that
he said Hutchinson never made any set-

or any part thereof, but the same has always been wholly wild and uncultivated," said Hutchinson or any other person, and that such absence from said land was not due to the employment of said Hutchinson in the army, navy or marine corps of the United States as a private soldier, officer, seaman or marine, during the war.

which the United States may be engaged. The said parties are hereby notified to appear and respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m., on August 1, 1900, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Duluth, Minnesota.

which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice cannot be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

J. M. SMITH,
Receiver.

[illegible]

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**All Ladies' Tailor-Made
Ready-to-Wear Suits at
Greatly Reduced Clearing Prices.**

Clearing Summer Skirts.

No matter what loss is occasioned.

BEAUTIFUL WHITE PIQUE
SKIRTS—Insertion trimmed, extra quality, material, double, regular \$2.50 kind; Clearing out price—

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PIQUE PLEATED SKIRTS—In both plain and fancy blue pique, light trimmed, regular at \$1.50, to clear them out, the price—

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CRASH SKIRTS—Very well made and of good durable material—cut wide and stylish—Clearing out price—

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UNDERSKIRTS—Of good wash materials, medium and light colors—many patterns—worth double what we ask—

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Clearing Wash Fabric Prices.

One extra quality corded Dimities in very pretty patterns and colors, sold freely season at 12c and 12 1/2c a yard; Clearing Sale price—

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Patterned Lawns and Fine Muslins—Ones—lowest, 12c; 12 1/2c; 13c; 14c; 15c; 16c; 17c; 18c; 19c; 20c; 21c; 22c; 23c; 24c; 25c; 26c; 27c; 28c; 29c; 30c; 31c; 32c; 33c; 34c; 35c; 36c; 37c; 38c; 39c; 40c; 41c; 42c; 43c; 44c; 45c; 46c; 47c; 48c; 49c; 50c; 51c; 52c; 53c; 54c; 55c; 56c; 57c; 58c; 59c; 60c; 61c; 62c; 63c; 64c; 65c; 66c; 67c; 68c; 69c; 70c; 71c; 72c; 73c; 74c; 75c; 76c; 77c; 78c; 79c; 80c; 81c; 82c; 83c; 84c; 85c; 86c; 87c; 88c; 89c; 90c; 91c; 92c; 93c; 94c; 95c; 96c; 97c; 98c; 99c; 100c; 101c; 102c; 103c; 104c; 105c; 106c; 107c; 108c; 109c; 110c; 111c; 112c; 113c; 114c; 115c; 116c; 117c; 118c; 119c; 120c; 121c; 122c; 123c; 124c; 125c; 126c; 127c; 128c; 129c; 130c; 131c; 132c; 133c; 134c; 135c; 136c; 137c; 138c; 139c; 140c; 141c; 142c; 143c; 144c; 145c; 146c; 147c; 148c; 149c; 150c; 151c; 152c; 153c; 154c; 155c; 156c; 157c; 158c; 159c; 160c; 161c; 162c; 163c; 164c; 165c; 166c; 167c; 168c; 169c; 170c; 171c; 172c; 173c; 174c; 175c; 176c; 177c; 178c; 179c; 180c; 181c; 182c; 183c; 184c; 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Important sales throughout the Store

Linens--Re-marked for Quick Clean-ups.

"What's worth doing at all is worth doing well." That's an old maxim and a good one, isn't it? If our Linen and White Goods values weren't what you expected we wouldn't have done such an enormous business—but we are getting used to it and prepare with goods in plenty—even now—at clean-up time you'll find the stock of Good Linens and other housekeeping needs much superior to any in this neighborhood—and there's no limit placed on the quantity—you've noticed that, haven't you?

Linens.

BY THE YARD.
22-22-inch Cream Table Damask: good German make; an extra good value.
22-22-inch Cream Table Damask: heavy, absolutely pure flax; especially good.
18-18-inch Fine Bleach Stiles & Sohn's extra heavy, very fine satin finish.
18-18-inch Bleach Dewey Table Damask: best Irish manufacture; the kind that wears.
Napkins.
18-18-inch 20x20 inches; German Damask; good size; bleached; good value.
11-11-inch 22x22 inches; all pure linen, cream; the old-fashioned loom-die.
11-11-inch 21x21 inches; very heavy; snow white German Damask; a special value.
Towels.
20-40x20 inches; very heavy huck homed.
22-40x21-inch Colored Bordered Huck; hemstitched.
22-26x21-inch Colored Bordered Damask; all pure linen.
20-42x20-inch Colored Bordered Huck; all pure linen.

Remnants of Linens and White Goods.

Several hundred of them accumulated from our Half Yearly White Sale—at about HALF their real worth—Two tables of them ready tomorrow.
Domestics.
10-10 yard for 20 Fine Long Cloth.
20-20 yard for 10 White Cambric, standard make.
72-72 for fine quality Bleach Sheets, 2 1/2 yards wide.
22-22 for fine Hemstitched Sheets, 2 1/2 yards wide.
20-20 for very best Pillow Cases, 54x36.
22-22 for very fine Hemstitched Pillow Cases, 54x36.
48-48 yard for heavy Table Matting, 24 inch.

Wool Dress Goods

More Good News.
The Dress Goods Store is busy even in midsummer. Such dress goods and such prices don't go together but once in a year. Are you missing that opportunity? Here are some newly added numbers:

SICKNESS AT HOME

Gen. Randall Reports the Conditions at the Camp as Serious.

SMALLPOX IS RAGING

Disease Spreading Rapidly and Measles and Typhoid Fever Rampant.

Washington, July 16.—The war department has received the following report from the United States army commander in Alaska:
Fort St. Michael, July 14.—The Adjutant General, I. S. A., Washington: Left Cape Nome last evening, arrived Fort St. Michael 9 a. m. today. Health condition in Nome serious; measles, typhoid fever and smallpox in camp. Eighteen cases later disease reported yesterday, and disease spreading. Chief surgeon of department was left there in charge of sanitary matters with instructions to employ three acting assistant surgeons to aid him. Regulations for better sanitation of the place were issued and every effort will be made to improve the condition of affairs and control the spread of the disease. (Judge Advocate of department also left at Nome. Will return myself to Nome as soon as matters requiring my attention here can be disposed of.)
RANDALL, Brig. Gen.

THE SCHOOL MEETING.

Possibility That Some New Candidates May Be Brought Out.

The public meeting to be held tomorrow afternoon for the purpose of considering the coming school election and possibly for the purpose of placing in nomination a ticket is attracting considerable attention and there will no doubt be a large attendance. The three names which have been heard almost entirely up to the present time are C. L. Coddington, J. O. Milne and C. E. Coddington. There is a chance, however, that at tomorrow's meeting some other names may be proposed. One which is mentioned is that of Harvey P. Smith, of West Du-

Bed Spreads.

One case Good Heavy Bed Spreads: value \$1.20; sale price—\$1.10.
One case Ernest Smith Marcellus Bed Spreads, most exquisite designs; always sold at \$4.00; sale price—\$2.98.

Wash Fabrics.

SILK LINAIRE
Several good, desirable patterns left. These are all this season's goods. To be sold Tuesday at the yard—45c.
MOTSSELING DE SOIE
All of the balance of this beautiful line, dotted and plain, to be sold Tuesday at the yard—45c.
MOTSSELING DE SOIE
A good fair assortment of patterns left; to be sold Tuesday at the yard—45c.

Crash Suitings.

Fancy Check and Stripe Crash Suitings, former price 12 1/2c; Tuesday, per yard—7c.
Satin Stripe Linen Suitings, the noblest goods shown this season; Tuesday, per yard—25c.

White Goods.

Tuesday 10c a yard for pretty and sheer Dimity; former price 15c.
Tuesday 18c a yard for Fancy Ducks; former price 20c.
Tuesday 25c a yard for Satin Stripe Dimity; former price 40c.
Tuesday 20c a yard for 40-inch Plain Victoria Lawn; former price 20c.
Tuesday 25c a yard for Satin Stripe Dimity; former price 40c.
Tuesday 18c a yard for Swell Plaid Organdy; former price 25c.

High Grade Black Dress Goods.

at clean up prices.

French Cheviot.

The imported, fine twill, and short napped kind, reduced from \$2.00 to \$1.30.

French Prunella.

The very newest and most desirable of dress fabrics, 48 in. wide, reduced from \$2.50 to \$1.50.

French Satin Cloth.

Silk surface and wool back. The Christian faith—reduced from \$2.00 to \$1.25.

Mohair Crispe.

All wool and Mohair—takes the place of cashmere; reduced from \$2.00 to \$1.30.

50c a yard—reduced from \$1.00 and \$1.25.

Crepes, Etonnes, Grenadines, Velvets, and Mohair Piques, Whip Cords and Serges, all 50c the yd.

English Serge.

48 inches wide, unsurpassed for wear and style, reduced from \$1.25 to 75c the yard.

THE FINISH.

'Longshoremen Have It In Sight and May Close In a Few Hours.

The convention of the International 'Longshoremen's association, which has been in session here since last Tuesday, is drawing to a close. It will probably adjourn late this evening, and the delegates will at once leave for their homes. The executive committee will be in session here for several days. This morning's session was behind closed doors. On Saturday afternoon a report leaked out to the effect that charges of treason, bribery and treachery had been made against two of the officers of the international association. The report is denied with underscored emphasis by the delegates, and today a committee from the convention is out looking for trouble and the men supposed to have given out the "treachery" story.
The report was that a member of the 'longshoremen delegation from Buffalo endeavored to convert an otherwise well-regulated and peace-loving convention into a riot-promoting gathering, by dropping a bomb full of scolding insinuations in the midst of a spirited debate. He is said to have said that two of the leading officers of the international association got \$50,000 for "throwing" the Buffalo 'longshoremen's strike. The convention, however, denies officially that any such statements were made, but the matter has certainly caused a great turmoil behind the closed doors of the convention hall.
This forenoon's session was devoted largely to constitutional amendments and work of organizing local unions. The work of organization mapped out is one of the most comprehensive ever attempted by a labor organization. If the plans discussed are carried out successfully there will be many freight-handling and loading and unloading locals organized along the Atlantic coast from Nova Scotia down around into the Gulf of Mexico and to New Orleans. The Pacific coast will also be taken care of and a tremendous organization is talked of.
Build up the system, put pure, rich blood in the veins, makes men and women strong and healthy. Burdock Blood Bitters. At any drug store.

Words are quite unnecessary—to emphasize the values offered during this mid-summer clean up of stocks.

The goods and prices will appeal to every woman who cares for worthiness of merchandise and style—the store itself bubbles over with enthusiasm. You are welcome to join in the shopping or as looker-on.



If you miss this ribbon chance 'twill be your own fault, for we've ribbons enough to give almost every woman in Duluth a plentiful supply—and we want you all to share in these ribbon values

--but don't come too late and expect the assortment to be unbroken, for today's sales indicate much enthusiastic buying tomorrow. Prices are re-named today for your further guidance.

At 39c a yard—from 40c and 30c—

Fancy Ribbons, collar and belt width. In a very good quality; former price 30c and 40c a yard.

At 23c a yard—from 35c—

Gauze Ribbons, 4 1/2 inches wide, in yellow, cerise, light blue, navy, pink, green and black; regular price 35c a yard.

At 39c a yard—from 65c—

Finest quality Taffeta Ribbons, with fancy lace edge and white stripes; in turquoise, violet, red and black; regular price 65c a yard.

At 39c a yard—from 65c—

Double Faced Satin Ribbon, 7 inches wide, in blue, light blue, white, yellow, lavender, cream and black; regular price 65c a yard; special 50c a yard.

WASH FABRICS—Women folks tell us that they prefer to buy wash goods here—because the styles and qualities can always be depended upon and because the assortment is so large that they can find just what they want.

We also show many new effects in Plain Velvet, Ribbons, and Polka Dot Ribbons in Velvet and Taffeta.

At 39c a yard—from 65c—

Double Faced Satin Ribbon, 7 inches wide, in blue, light blue, white, yellow, lavender, cream and black; regular price 65c a yard; special 50c a yard.

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Summer Curtains and Draperies Reduced.

This sale of Ruffled Curtains—Plain Lace Curtains and Drapery stuffs by the yard brings economies hand in hand with hot weather comfort, a list of special attractions.

Art Cretons.

15 different styles and colors including several Oriental designs, 18c value, at 15c.

Art Tickings.

7 styles, 25c value, at a yard—20c. 18 styles at 20c.

New Art Denim.

5 styles, including Fleur de Lis, Scoell and Oriental effects. Japanese and Oriental—Cape Drapings in unique designs, at a yard 25c and 30c.

Drapery Silks.

The largest selection in the city—including many rich Oriental colorings at 50c, 55c, 60c, 70c, 80c and \$1.25.

85c and 75c Drapery Silks at 59c.

5 pieces in all-in light, dark and medium colorings.

New Swiss—for bed room and dining room curtains. New Swiss—Fancy Centre—Irish Point—Edge, 65c value at a yard—50c.

New Swiss—Fancy Centre—Effective Edge, 25c value, at 18c.

Rope Portieres.

Entirely new effects, at \$2.50, \$3.50, \$4.50 and \$6.00.

New Umbrellas at special prices.

There's style even in an Umbrella and we're taking care that you will find style in every handle even to the littlest price.

At 95c—Umbrellas of Silk Gloria—Paragon frames—steel rod—silver mountings—\$1.25 value.

At \$1.25—Splendid Silk Quality Gloria—natural wood princess and cork handles—steel rod and paragon frame—\$1.75 value.

At \$2.25—Plain Taffeta—Fine assortment of natural wood handles—Paragon frame—steel rod—cover and tassels—at \$1.75.

At \$2.50 Fine Silk Gloria—steel rod—Paragon frame—of English boxwood and natural handles—silver mountings—cover and tassels—\$3.50 value.

At \$3.00—Extra heavy silk Taffeta—very close rolling, silver mounted and with sterling silver initial piece—Splendid assortment of English boxwood handles—\$7.50 value—on sale at \$3.00.

At \$3.25—Colored Umbrellas—All Silk—in fine assortment of English boxwood and natural handles—brown, red, blue and olive—\$4.00 value.

We also show a beautiful assortment of new Umbrellas—in new and smart styles—in plain black and fancy colors.

The colored ones have new ideas in handle decorations—consisting of rich hawthorn with silver mountings—and silver mountings with designs of golf sticks—Horse shoes and spears—at \$4.00, \$5.00 and \$5.50.

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At \$1.25—Splendid Silk Quality Gloria—natural wood princess and cork handles—steel rod and paragon frame—\$1.75 value.

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WIPED OUT.

The Town of Peoria, Texas, Is Destroyed By a Tornado.

Dallas, Texas, July 16.—Peoria, a town sixty miles southwest of Dallas, was destroyed by a tornado today. Mrs. John Nelson and her two children were badly hurt. Two churches and several dwelling houses were destroyed, together with an immense amount of farm property.

MARINES TO MANILLA.

Another Battalion Starts But May Land in China.

Washington, July 16.—Gen. Henry Wood, commandant of the marine corps, is arranging for the mobilization of another battalion of marines for the far East.

They will leave San Francisco as soon as transportation can be arranged, probably about Aug. 1. The battalion will be composed of one company of marines from Boston, one from New York and two from the marine barracks in this city. The present intention is to send the battalion to Manila but they may be diverted to China for service there.

LA CROSSE'S BIG STORM.

The Heaviest One in Three Years Raging There.

La Crosse, Wis., July 16.—What the weather bureau reports to be the heaviest rain storm in La Crosse and vicinity for three years has been raging here for the past three days. The storm was general in Wisconsin, Minnesota and the Dakotas.

Much damage has been done locally and no less than twelve basements were flooded with water, causing heavy damages. All railroads have suffered small washouts from the rain. All trains more or less delayed on this account.

A marriage license has been issued to James Curran and Ella Hickey.

Judges Dibel and Ensign left this afternoon on a trip to receive applications for second citizenship papers. Judge Dibel went to the Vermilion range and Judge Ensign to the Vermilion range and Judge Ensign to the Vermilion range.

The former was accompanied by George F. Chester, clerk of the court, and Judge Ensign will go to the Mesaba range for the same purpose.

Lieut. Hagenson Returns.

Lieut. Hagenson of Company A returned this noon on the Duluth & Iron Range train from the Rainy Lake country. The boys are on their way down and will be here on Wednesday.

HEAFFORD RESIGNS.

Chicago, July 16.—It is authentically stated that George H. Heafford, general passenger agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad, has resigned, to take effect in the fall.

POSSIBLE "PIG"

Twenty Empty Beer Kegs at Lincoln Park Indicate a Sightless Porker.

A weird and palpitating report of a seething scandal came careering up from the West End this morning. Twenty beer kegs, filled with nothing but oxygen, bubbles and foam, were discovered in Lincoln park this morning.

At an executive meeting of the Associated Society for the Promotion of Rumors, called as soon as the sensational news began coming in at the city hall, it was announced that a "blind pig" ambled amply up and down the western confines of the park all day yesterday, and that mirth, jollity and amber, nerve-soothing beverages flowed freely and without license.

Like all scandals it spread quickly, was denied emphatically, and when crushed to earth it came up again bigger than ever. At police headquarters nothing in the way of a confirmation could be obtained, but one thing is certain, when the police department lays low on "blind pig" matters, an arrest invariably follows within a few days.

Aside from the unseemly doings reported in the West End, there was a sort of death-like hush and many parched throats about the city yesterday. Saloons generally were closed. In fact the only place reported open was Boyle Brothers cafe bar, and the other saloonkeepers rather intimated that this place can keep open any time and under any orders.

On Saturday Chief Crandall notified all the men on the force that they would be expected to see that the Sunday closing law was rigidly enforced. In speaking of the matter this morning the chief said:

"I issue no order to have saloons closed yesterday. In the past the saloons were supposed to be closed, in accordance with the Sunday closing statute, but the boys are so far as we are able to learn the saloonkeepers were very prompt in complying with the department's request."

A JAIL DELIVERY.

West Superior is making desperate efforts to force its way to net the last week. It had an Eke's carnival, through which the town achieved considerable notoriety, and last evening a party of about 100 men, women and children, got out of the city jail by picking a lock. They were all ordinary prisoners, simply pick-ups, vags and drunks.

Handkerchiefs.

Nearly twelve thousand of them are displayed near the center cross aisle for quick moving—that weren't due until just before the holidays—but 'twouldn't be good storekeeping to keep them waiting that long, so here they are at a little above cost. We'll make this handkerchief money roll around several times—before the holidays.

Ladies' Pure Linen Handkerchiefs, 3 1/2-in. hem, regular 10c kind; at 75c a dozen.

Ladies' Fine Quality Cambric Initial Handkerchiefs, put up 6 in a bunch for 30c.

Ladies' Plain White Muslin Handkerchiefs; hemstitched, half-inch hem; half dozen, 20c.

Ladies' Plain All-Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, regular 10c quality; on sale at \$1.25 a dozen.

Ladies' Plain All-Linen quarter-inch Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, regular 30c quality; for \$1.50 a dozen.

Ladies' Plain All-Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 25c kind; \$1.75 a dozen; hemstitched edge and dainty hand-made initial, of regular 10c value, at 30c per half dozen.

We have also added even 300 Ladies' Handkerchiefs of Fine Cambric, with hemstitched edge and dainty hand-made initial, of regular 10c value, at 30c per half dozen.

Men's Pure Linen Handkerchiefs, soft bleach, of regular 25c value; on sale at 2 for 50c, or \$1.75 a dozen.

Men's Extra Quality Pure Linen Handkerchiefs, regular 35c value; for 25c each, or \$2.65 per dozen. (First floor, near elevator.)

Men's Pure Linen Handkerchiefs, extra quality at 35c each; \$2.65 a dozen.

Men's All-Linen Handkerchiefs, half-inch hem; splendid value at 20c; on sale at \$1.35 a dozen, or sold in half dozens.

Men's Pure Linen Handkerchiefs, soft bleach, of regular 25c value; on sale at 2 for 50c, or \$1.75 a dozen.

Men's Extra Quality Pure Linen Handkerchiefs, regular 35c value; for 25

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR.

TUESDAY, JULY 17, 1900.

LAST EDITION.

TWO CENTS.

Carriage Upholstered, Complete, \$5.00.

This is a thoroughly reliable carriage of the celebrated "Heywood" make, with full stuffed upholstery, satine parasol, with ruffle to match in rich myrtle green, and patent brake with best running gear. Same style with rubber tire wheels \$1.00 extra.

There is a most extensive display of Carriages and Go-Carts here for your choosing, at prices from \$2.00 up to \$35.00 each.

Good Credit. Our credit system is open to all and enables one to make a home comfortable and enjoyable by paying a little each month. The prices here are lower than those prevailing in any other Duluth store and there is no extra charge for the use of our credit system. We want your trade and will do all in our power to serve you faithfully.

French & Bassett

Complete House Furnishers.

FOR RENT. First class two-story brick building on East Superior street, with basement on Michigan street. Heated by steam; freight elevator from basement to second floor.

FOR SALE. Very good dwelling, 8 rooms, all modern conveniences, desirable location in the East End.

Loans in Amounts of \$500 and upward.

....C. H. GRAVES & CO....

Office: Torrey Building, First Floor, Duluth, Minn.

\$2800 will buy a six-room house on Fifth street, near Fourth avenue east. All modern improvements. Stone foundation, large cellar, furnace heat, water, sewer and bath. Everything in the very best of repair. If you are looking for a home, one well located and at a bargain, do not fail to look this up.

We have purchasers for good, modern houses in East End; also for vacant lots.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate and Loans. 201 First National Bank Building.

HANSEN SMITH, President.
**REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE, STOCKS,
BONDS AND INVESTMENTS.**

OFFICES: 1 Banking Rooms, First Floor, Palladio Bldg.,
2 West Duluth Bank Building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN IN OLD RELIABLE COMPANIES. EACH ONE HAS OVER \$3,000,000 OF ASSETS.

John A. Stephenson, First Floor, Providence Bldg.

WHAT IS WORTH DOING AT ALL IS WORTH DOING WELL.

A strict adherence to this maxim makes our printing establishment a busy place. Let us be your printers.

PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, No. 5, Second Ave. W., Zenith Phone 336.

Badges, Buttons, Banners, Company. for all Societies and Unions. Consolidated Stamp & Printing. Barker & Orr, Props. 7 Phoenix Bldg. Cl.

Why is Electric Light Best? Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light and Power Co. OFFICES—215 W. Sup. St.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a moderate price.

D. H. DAY, Dentist. Rooms 5 and 6 PHOENIX BLOCK. Telephone 755, Call 4.

PRESIDENT AT WASHINGTON. Stops En Route to Take in a Convention.

Washington, July 17.—The president, accompanied by Secretary Cortis, arrived in Washington today at 1:30 p. m. He was met at the depot by the regular Pennsylvania train out of Canton last night. The train was forty minutes late. The president was met at the depot by

CHINESE DEFEATED

Allied Troops Routed Chinese and Captured City of Tien Tsin.

The Total Losses of Allies About Eight Hundred Killed or Wounded.

London, July 17, 12:45 p. m.—The Daily Mail today gives the Associated Press the following dispatch from its Shanghai correspondent, under date of July 17: "The allied troops resumed the attack upon the Chinese walled city of Tien Tsin on the morning of July 14 and succeeded in breaching the walls and capturing all the forts. The Chinese were completely routed and the allies took possession of the native city and its defenses.

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been fixed for the destruction of all the property owned by the foreigners and the murder of the foreigners themselves, and Woodbridge believes that by this time a terrible fate has met those foreigners who failed to heed his warning and fly from the impending massacre. "It would be difficult to estimate the number of foreigners along the Yang Tse river," said Woodbridge. "There are literally thousands of missionaries in the great valley and beyond further in the interior. Nearly every one of them has a family. Just before I left Chin Kiang I telegraphed to 200 Presbyterian missionaries to wait no longer but get down to Shanghai as quickly as possible. "The fate of all the Yang Tse country hangs on the words of the viceroys. One of them is Chen Chi Tung, at Hankow, the other is Liu Kun Yih, at Nanking. If these men waver, an uprising of terrible proportions will result among the millions in that thickly-populated portion of the empire."

OREGON ALL RIGHT. Passes Through Simonofaki Straits En Route to Kure.

Washington, July 17.—The following dispatch was received at the navy department this morning: "Noji, July 17.—Oregon passing through Simonofaki straits on way to Kure. All well. "WILDE."

SPECIAL CABINET MEETING. One Is Called to Consider the Chinese Question.

Washington, July 17.—A cabinet meeting has been called for 2 o'clock this afternoon to consider the Chinese question. President McKinley is due in Washington at 1 p. m.

IT BEATS SANTIAGO. The Tien Tsin Action Was Far More Destructive.

Washington, July 17.—The war department has made an estimate of the destructiveness of the action at Tien Tsin based on the Associated Press dispatch that 2 per cent of the Americans were hit. The comparison is with the losses around Santiago, viz: Killed, 242, 1.25 per cent; wounded, 1,888, or 9.25 per cent. Against this percentage of 8.25 at Santiago, comes the amazing percentage of 2 per cent at Tien Tsin, which, while unofficial, is given on the authority of the surgeon of the Ninth Infantry.

TROOPS FOR CHINA. Notice From MacArthur of Their Sailing From Manila.

Washington, July 17.—The following cablegram was received at the war department yesterday from Gen. MacArthur: "Manila, July 16.—Adjutant General, Washington: Transport Indiana sailed yesterday for China with twenty-one officers, including two medical, 847 men. Fourteenth regiment, U. S. Infantry; one officer, thirty-one men. Ninth regiment, U. S. Infantry; William Crozier, ordnance officer, two medical officers, five hospital corps men fully equipped."

Another cablegram from Gen. MacArthur states that the transport, the States from Manila of the big transport Sherman with a capacity for 300 troops.

MISSIONS DESTROYED. American and Danish Missions Wrecked By Boxers.

Washington, July 17.—The secretary of state has received a dispatch from Mr. Allen, the American minister in Korea, saying that the Boxers, on Saturday, July 14, destroyed a Catholic mission three miles from the Korean boundary and 50 miles from the American mission at Chemulpo.

Copenhagen, July 17.—The Danish mission station at Kung Kwang Tung, on the peninsula of Liaoting, has been destroyed. The missionaries escaped to Chemulpo.

THAT SETTLED IT. Kempff Was Neutral Until the Monocacy Was Plugged.

San Francisco, July 17.—Lieut. Commander C. S. Richmond returned on the Collier after an extended cruise on the Asiatic station. He left Tokyo, where the allied fleet is now lying, on June 19.

"It was Admiral Kempff's original intention," said Richmond, in speaking of the Chinese situation, "to remain neutral. Troops were landed first merely to protect the legation, but when the Chinese flag and the American flag were flying on the American flag and it became necessary to resist it."

MORGAN GETS WORD. English Commoner Gets Positive Assurance of Legation's Safety.

London, July 17.—Wm. Pitt-Rivers, M.P. for Merchist Tydlyn, today received by cable positive assurance from a source upon which he relies that the British legation at Peking was still standing, July 9, and also that Li Hung Chang left Canton this morning to take supreme command at Peking.

URGED LI TO STAY. Canton Foreign Consuls Try to Keep Him There.

Hong Kong, July 17.—All the foreign consuls in Canton had an interview with Li Hung Chang, July 15, but failed to dissuade him from going north. Li Hung Chang is said to have accepted full responsibility for any disturbance in Canton during his absence. He takes the view that the Chinese are preventing the issue of proclamations while he is away.

Hong Kong today, and will see the governor tomorrow. Afterwards, he will go to Canton. The Black Flag Chief Li Yueyue is moving his forces preparatory to marching overland to Peking. The Chinese are glad of this, as they think Canton will be safer without Li Yueyue while Li Hung Chang is away.

OFFERS TROOPS. Indianapolis, July 17.—Governor Morton telegraphed President McKinley, offering the services in China of three regiments and three batteries of Indiana for protection of Americans in China.

WERE SAFE IN LEAGUE. CONVENES

Minister Wu Gets Advices Republican Clubs National That Foreigners Were League Meeting Opens In St. Paul.

ARE BEING GUARDED ATTENDANCE IS FAIR

This Is Two Days After the Address By Stone and Report of Massacre of Speeches By Roosevelt and Foreigners. and Nelson.

St. Paul, July 17.—The National League of Republican clubs was called to order this morning by Col. George Stone, president of the league, at precisely 10:30 o'clock a. m., at the meeting place of the league in the Auditorium, an ancient building of uncertain architecture but of ample dimensions. There were present at this hour perhaps not more than 300 leaguers. The empty chairs, however, were filled later on, making quite an imposing appearance. The gallery chairs were only fairly well filled with citizens.

The Rev. Dr. S. G. Smith, of St. Paul, was called upon to offer prayer. The secretary, D. H. Stine, read the call of the league assembling the league in its twelfth session and announced the order of business. The roll call of states was then called and about half the number responded to the call.

In the unavoidable absence of the mayor of St. Paul, Robert A. Smith, Jesse Gregg, representing that official, made a short address of welcome to the delegates.

J. F. Sells, of St. Paul, was appointed sergeant-at-arms, with authority to select his assistants.

E. L. Wright, past president of the National league, supplemented the address of Mr. Gregg with an additional speech of welcome, incidentally mentioning the fact that police had been instructed to make no arrests during the week.

At this point Governor Roosevelt, escorted by former National League President Woodmansee, appeared on the back of the platform and the delegates were on their feet for the first time thoroughly waked up. The band joined in the general applause.

Governor Roosevelt was introduced by President Stone, and after the renewed applause had subsided, spoke briefly as follows:

"Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen: I thank you very much for your greeting this morning. I shall not try to speak to you, because I am not the pleasure and honor this evening. All I have to do this morning is to say now and I am to see you here, to thank you for having come here, and to wish you all success in your efforts in the campaign that is now opening, because when I wish success to you, I wish success to every principle that makes American citizenship worth having."

(Loud applause.)

United States Senator Knute Nelson, then addressed the convention on the issues of the opening campaign.

Following Senator Nelson's address, which at the conclusion was loudly applauded, retiring President Stone of the league made his address as follows:

"Gentlemen of the Republican League: During the brief period of two years, since last we met in convention, much has happened in the history of the American republic, which so long ago we thought would be a thing of the past. The republic shall exist will evidence the wisdom and loyalty of the Republic."

"We cannot forget the paralysis in business, and the industrial ruin wrought by the disastrous financial policy, as exemplified in the Democratic rule, nor should we ever forget the marvelous change that immediately followed the coming of McKinley in 1896. A change that brought prosperity to the country, and the people, and the Republic. Confidence was restored; the wheels of trade and commerce moved again, and the world was notified that the people of the United States were not a lawless, but a law-abiding people."

"The searching test of application has proved the wisdom of the position taken by the Republican party on every national issue. Every pledge has been redeemed; every opportunity has been seized; every principle has been grasped; every crisis unflinchingly met, and the minimum cost of its successes, at the minimum cost of treasure and blood causes the heart of the true American to swell with pride."

"Clouds have gathered on the horizon of the great American Republic, but we do not prophesy whether they will spread or disperse. It is our duty as a people to be watchful and prepared for whatever complications may arise or dangers threaten our ship of state. Therefore, it behooves us to continue at the helm, our pilot tried and true."

"Figures are stubborn facts—and convincing—figures of speech; these we will leave to our Populist friend from Nebraska. He has had four years constant practice, and doubtless, has invented others as startling as the 'Cross of Gold,' upon which the hapless American workman was to be crucified. The figures learned at school, and which were clearly presented for the consideration of the American voter, in a masterly manner by the leaders of our party in the Philadelphia convention. The incontrovertible facts, which the Democrats will not see, to which the Republican triumphantly points, that under the present financial policy, we have the largest circulation of money in the history of the nation, and that the country under the gold standard is prosperous to a degree that commands the attention of other nations, has caused the Populist to shudder for four years ago, to other forecasts of impending disaster. With prodigious effort, in solemn convulsion it brought forth this latest dignity of the train and named 'Imperialism' placing it upon a platform which they fondly believed would be a permanent arrangement of the Republican party."

"I am a senseless cry, and has not been, nor ever will be justified by any conditions of our body politics. We do not set our boundaries unchangeably; expansion has been our opportunity, and our salvation. The possession of the Philippines was the natural sequence of our victory with the destruction of the Spanish fleet at Manila bay; events which followed each other with rapidity, making a brilliant epoch for Americans. In these times, it is our duty to those who asked only of glory the privilege to sustain their country's honor on those distant islands, and who now in the present trip after that in this city to-night."

IS RELIEVED. Siege of Kumassi Is Raised By the Column Under Wilcox.

Punjab, July 17.—Kumassi has been relieved by the column under command of Col. Wilcox.

RECEPTION TO ROOSEVELT. St. Paul, July 17.—This afternoon, a public reception was held for Governor Roosevelt at the Ryan hotel. After the mass meeting tonight, the governor leaves on the Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, at 11:30 a. m.

East. He states very emphatically that he will make no more speeches on the present trip after that in this city to-night.

(Continued on Page 8.)

TERRY IS WINNER

McGovern Puts Erne Out of It in the Third Round.

A HURRICANE FIGHT

Erne on the Defensive From the Tap of the Bell.

New York, July 17.—In the presence of 10,000 persons in Madison square garden last night, Terry McGovern, of Brooklyn, defeated Frank Erne of Buffalo, the light weight champion of the world.

It was a hurricane fight from the start. Terry, who was the favorite, was on the defensive from the tap of the bell. He was hit by a tremendous blow to the head, and he was on the defensive from the tap of the bell. He was hit by a tremendous blow to the head, and he was on the defensive from the tap of the bell.

A GREAT TRUTH.

All organized living things, whether belonging to the animal or vegetable kingdom contain within themselves the germs of death and decay.

Germs of disease are often generated within the human system through imperfect digestion of food, producing various poisons which scientists have demonstrated.

Every organ and every nerve, depending as they do for their nourishment and renewal upon the stomach, weak digestion shows itself not alone in loss of appetite and flesh, but also in nervousness, dizziness, bad complexion and many other derangements.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery tones and regulates the stomach; stimulates the digestive juices; invigorates the blood; promotes intestinal strength; cleanses the blood; gives the blood-making glands the power to assimilate and furnish Nature with the fresh, abundant nutrition out of which she manufactures fine flesh, strong muscles, healthy lungs, tissue and nerve-fiber, and gives sound, enduring, active energy to the whole system.

DRINK WAS HER RUIN

Arrest of an Alleged Minnesota Christian Endeavor Delegate in London.

IS GUILTY OF THEFT

She Stole Jewelry and Clothing From Rooms in Her Hotel.

London, July 17.—Caroline E. Keyes pleaded guilty in the Marylebone police court yesterday, to the stealing of a gold watch, bracelet, hair brush and articles of clothing of the value of £22 from rooms in Norfolk Mansions hotel, where she had been staying.

When the robbery was reported the police interrogated Miss Keyes who, after a series of denials to questions for two hours, finally opened her trunk and displayed the missing articles.

IN DULUTH

Every Claim is Backed by Local Testimony—If the Reader Wants Anything Stronger Than the Opinions and the Experiences of His Neighbors, What Can It Be?

Charles Crasner, gardener, living at 930 First street east, says: "I was a great sufferer of kidney complaint for ten or twelve years and though I took quantities of medicine I got at best but temporary relief. I had rheumatism all through me, severe pains in my back, limbs and shoulders so that often I could hardly get around. I wore plaster without number, rubbed myself with liniments, took so much medicine that all I lost faith in them. The kidney secretions were very irregular and I posted a heavy sediment. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised and got a box from the Duluth Drug company. I expected them to turn out as all the other remedies I have tried, but was most agreeably surprised to find that in two days I felt a great improvement in my condition. I followed up the treatment and the aches and pains left me, the kidneys resumed a normal and healthy action and I felt like another man."

IN ST. PAUL

Is the Biggest Toad That Has Jumped Into the Puddle.

CAUSES QUITE A STIR

The Campaign Rough Riders' Club Catches the Candidate's Fancy.

St. Paul, July 17.—The state leagues and members thereof, singly and in squads, have been arriving in this city for two or three days, and the morning trains today brought in a large addition to the numbers already here.

The chief event of the day, however, was the arrival of Governor Roosevelt this morning and his speech at the Auditorium this evening under the auspices of the Commercial club, of this city.

SETTLERS CLAIM A PLOT.

Their Story of the Timber Cutting on Rainy Lake.

Fergus Falls, Minn., July 17.—D. Quail, David Olson and Arthur Hamill, three of the men who were brought down from the northern border of the state for weeks ago to await the action of the United States grand jury here on the charge of cutting timber on government land and shipping it across the Canadian border, were released on their own recognizance Saturday and claim that they have been plotting a scheme to cut timber on Rainy Lake since the late fall of 1899.

Quail says that he and his associates have been plotting to cut timber on Rainy Lake since the late fall of 1899. He says that he and his associates have been plotting to cut timber on Rainy Lake since the late fall of 1899.

ARE AROUSED.

Russians Excited By Report of the Horrible Murder of M. De Giers.

Chicago, July 17.—A St. Petersburg dispatch to the Record, sent by way of Paris to-day, says that the Russian people are greatly excited by the report of the horrible death of M. De Giers, the Russian minister at Peking, in his wife and the other Russians in Peking, is now spreading rapidly throughout Russia.

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WINDOM WINS.

Duluth Man Chosen President of State League of Republican Clubs.

St. Paul, July 17.—The Minnesota state convention of Republican clubs last night was a great success, the credentials committee reporting 1267 of the 1344 delegates as being actually present.

W. L. Windom, of Duluth, was elected president of the convention, and St. Paul, Minn., was chosen as the site of the next annual convention.

ARE ORGANIZED.

The Courts of Hawaii Territory Are Now In Full Blast.

Chicago, July 17.—A special to the Record from Honolulu, July 15, via San Francisco, says: The commissions for all the territorial judges arrived by the steamer Australia, and the territorial courts are now fully organized.

The first business to come before them was the hearing of the case of the Hawaiian Islands, which was heard by the territorial courts.

POW-WOW WITH INDIANS.

Mercer Arranges For Talk With Red Lake Reds.

Solway, Minn., July 17.—Capt. Mercer has returned to the scene from his tour across the lake, where he has been with Indian Agents Shears and Morrison, in the hopes of inducing the Blankets in their war dancing.

The majority of the Indians appear to be willing to confer with the whites, but hesitate on account of the absence of their leaders, who they claim are in the hands of the whites.

FIRE IN CHICAGO.

Seven Persons Hurt, One Fatally, By Falling Walls.

Chicago, July 17.—Seven persons were injured, one fatally, by falling walls in a fire caused by lightning last night at Michigan street and Dearborn avenue.

The injured persons were: Herman Robert Meany, 47; Capt. Evans, 47; Capt. Sullivan, 47; Capt. Lacey, 47; Capt. Sullivan, 47; Capt. Lacey, 47; Capt. Sullivan, 47; Capt. Lacey, 47.

THE APPELLE OF A GOAT

Is Ended by the Death of the Goat.

Chicago, July 17.—The statement of the visible supply of grain in store and in transit on Saturday, July 15, as compiled by the New York produce exchange, is as follows: Wheat, 4,808,000 bushels; corn, 7,700,000 bushels; oats, 1,144,000 bushels; barley, 700,000 bushels; rye, 567,000 bushels; clover, 1,144,000 bushels; alfalfa, 1,144,000 bushels.

BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Team	Wins	Losses	Per Cent.
Brooklyn	41	29	.585
Pittsburgh	38	32	.543
Philadelphia	37	33	.528
St. Louis	36	34	.514
Boston	35	35	.500
Cleveland	34	36	.486
Detroit	33	37	.472
Chicago	32	38	.457
New York	31	39	.443

MAINE BANQUET.

London, July 17.—The much-talked-of "Maine" banquet was given at the Hotel Savoy last evening. The guests, who numbered thirty-four, included the United States Ambassador, Charles D. Adams, and the British secretary of state for India, Lord Curzon.

MINORITY WON OUT.

Joliet Wire Minority Stockholders Run Things By Force.

Joliet, Ill., July 17.—Minority shareholders in the Joliet Wire company, led by Col. Fred Bennett, who commanded the Third Illinois infantry in Porto Rico, yesterday smashed in the doors of the plant with crowbars, ousted the majority stockholders, who were in session within, and elected a new board of directors.

The majority stockholders were the result of a fraudulent sale of the company's stock, and the minority shareholders were the result of a fraudulent sale of the company's stock.

ROBERT KILLED.

Chicago, July 17.—Four free drinks and 95 cents in cash constituted the booty which cost the life of one robber here yesterday.

Chicago, July 17.—Four free drinks and 95 cents in cash constituted the booty which cost the life of one robber here yesterday. The robbery took place at the intersection of Michigan street and Dearborn avenue.

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SEALETTE

An Expansionist.

First class dealers sell SEALETTE. The Great 5¢ Cigar. RUMBLE & STON, ST. PAUL, MAKERS.

WAS IT A MIRACLE?

The marvelous cure of Mrs. Rena J. Stout of consumption has created intense interest.

Chicago, July 17.—The first game of the fifth annual tournament of the North-western cricket association played yesterday at the Chicago Cricket Grounds, between the Chicago and the Philadelphia teams.

The Chicago team won the game by a score of 10 runs to 5. The Chicago team won the game by a score of 10 runs to 5.

IT SAVED HIS LEG.

P. A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered for six months with a frightful rupture.

LaGrange, Ga., July 17.—P. A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered for six months with a frightful rupture. He was cured by the use of Dr. J. C. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

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BABY'S BIRTH

Is looked forward to with expectations of joy and gladness. The ordeal of bringing the little one into the world, however, is a critical one for the mother-to-be, and her anticipations of the coming event are shadowed with gloom. Half the pain and all the danger of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of "MOTHER'S FRIEND," a scientific liniment of priceless value to all women.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

The Kind You Have Always Bought

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Hooper*

CASTORIA
For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

MANHOOD RESTORED
"CUPIDENE" is a scientific remedy for all cases of impotence, nervousness, and other ailments of the male sex. It is a scientific remedy for all cases of impotence, nervousness, and other ailments of the male sex.

SAPOLIO

MADE ME A MAN

SAPOLIO
MADE ME A MAN

SAPOLIO
MADE ME A MAN

NOTICE OF MINNESOTA COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, a duly authorized agent of the State of Minnesota, has received from the State of Minnesota a copy of the will of the late John J. Crandall, deceased, and that the same has been filed for record in the office of the clerk of the district court of the county of St. Louis, Minnesota.

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Wisconsin Catholic Knights and the Dentists in Session.
La Crosse, Wis., July 17.—The Catholic Knights of Wisconsin began a three days' annual meeting in this city today. Six hundred delegates from all parts of

The remainder of the day was spent in reports of committees, etc. The organization is shown to be in excellent condition. The annual meeting of the State Dentists society is being held here. Two hundred dentists are here

here. Two hundred dentists are here from all parts of Wisconsin, also some from other states. The dentists were welcomed by Mayor Anderson at the city hall, where the meetings are being

A HEAVY RAINFALL.
The Vicinity of Marinette, Wis., Is

[illegible]

can rely upon it—that it is news up-to-date.

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into your shoes. It makes tight shoes feel loose; gives instant relief to corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Cures and prevents swollen feet, blisters, callous and sore spots. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for sweating, hot, aching feet. At all drugists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial pack, 10¢. **age FREE** by mail. Address, Allen S. Olney, 100 West 17th St., New York, N. Y.

tioned, pursuant to the provisions of Title 2, Chapter 34, General Statutes of 1878, Minnesota, and acts amendatory thereof, and for that purpose have agreed upon and adopted the following articles of

Article I. The name of this corporation shall be "Barker Land Company." The general nature of its business shall be to acquire, hold, own, lease, let, in

timber rights of all kinds in and upon lands in Minnesota and elsewhere, and cut, remove, transport, manufacture and

Article II. The time of the commencement of the corporation shall be the date of the filing of the certificate of incorporation and the period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years thereafter.

Article III. The authorized capital stock of the corporation shall be fifty thousand (\$50,000) dollars, divided into one hundred thousand shares of one hundred dollars each, which shall be paid in, in money or in other property, at such times, in such amounts and in such manner as the board of directors may determine.

Article IV. The highest amount of

Article V. The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are as follows: Leo A. Ball, San Francisco; L. McNulty, Robert S. Gaylord, all

Article VI. The names of the first directors of the corporation shall be: A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Robert S. Gaylord. The directors shall meet in office until the first annual meeting of the stockholders. The corporation in Duluth, Minnesota, on the third Saturday in June, shall hold its first annual meeting. At all subsequent annual meetings shall be held in the same place. The names of said corporation and the management of its affairs shall be contained in the minutes of the first annual stockholders' meeting, and shall be read at the meeting. There shall also be the following officers, who shall have such powers and perform such duties, as may be prescribed by the board of directors, and who shall hold office until the next annual meeting, and annually thereafter at the same time: A president, an annual vice president, a secretary and a treasurer. The president, the secretary and the vice president, may be held by the same person.

In Witness whereof, we have hereunto signed our hands and seals this 11th day of July, A. D. 1900.

LEO A. BALL. (Seal)
SARA L. McNULTY. (Seal)
ROBERT S. GAYLORD. (Seal)
Signed and attested in presence of:
Francis W. Sullivan,
O. C. Hartman.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS,
On this 12th day of July, A. D. 1900, before me, a notary public in and for said state, personally appeared the above-named persons, known to me to be the persons whose names are subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that they executed the same for the purposes and consideration therein expressed.

scribed, and who executed, the following instrument, and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.
I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office the 13th day of July, A. D. 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book R of Incorporations.

ALBERT BERG, Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.
I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office, for record July 13th, 1900, and was duly recorded in Book R of Miscellaneous, page 2.

R. S. MINGET, Register of Deeds.
By J. HAGER, Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald, July 13, 6t.

[illegible]

TWO CENTS.

\$13.95

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

those people who want the very best
DENTAL WORK
at a very moderate price
D. H. DAY, Dentist

Judging the future by the past, you remember four years ago that our opponents prophesied that we can't be prosperous if we don't have 16 to 1 silver. Do you remember that? Has the prophecy turned out a lie? Don't trust them. Before they prophesied misery we won, and we won and prosperity followed. Now, if we should put the into power you would see such a chain of black misery and distress in the country as a century and a quarter life has never seen.

A large body of Chinese tonight reported to be moving from Hupeh

in case they are needed in the China wa

Advance at Liverpool Main Cause of Strength---Crop News Bullish.

Ship Your Grain to
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants,
Duluth and Minneapolis
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.
Cereals Firm, Pork Easy But Other
Provisions Strong.

ing shorts to cover, and the corn crop contributed some support. Northwest receipts were small and the Dakota crop news bullish. The North Dakota crop bulletin showed improvement, except in wheat. September opened $\frac{3}{8}$ c over yesterday at $\frac{1}{16}$ c, dropped on profit-taking by sellers to $\frac{1}{16}$ c, recovered to $\frac{1}{16}$ c, eased again to $\frac{1}{16}$ c and then rallied

The corn market was also firm. Cattle sales here during the past two days aggregated 2,000-600 head and the export business has been very large. These conditions were the main support in the market. The weather was mainly cloudy. September opened unchanged at 35.25¢ and closed up to 40¢. Receipts were 725 cars. The weather West was favorable, but it was reported that some

Provisions were irregular and easy for pork, but strong for lard and ribs on buying pickers. Hogs were lower; September pork opened 5c lower to 5c higher at \$11.60-11.75, dropped to \$11.35, and then reacted to \$11.65; September lard opened at \$20.00 and advanced to \$20.75; September ribs began the session unchanged to 2c better at \$6.55 and advanced to \$6.70.

[illegible]

Received over private wife of B. E. Baker,
grain and stock broker, room 307 Board
of Trade.
Purs. September wheat, 74½c.
Calls, September wheat, 76¼@½c.

Chicago, July 15.—Cattle receipts, 13,000 head; to strong, good to prime steers steady; \$5.00 to \$5.25; beef to medium, \$5.00 to \$5.25; fat cows and calves, \$3.00 to \$4.50. Hogs receipts, 10,000 head; to strong, good to prime, \$5.00 to \$5.25; medium, \$4.75 to \$5.00; light, \$4.50 to \$4.75. Sheep receipts, 10,000 head; to strong, good to prime, \$5.00 to \$5.25; medium, \$4.75 to \$5.00; light, \$4.50 to \$4.75. Official market.

bins at \$1.50 per demand, and at \$2.50 per demand. The results are shown in Table 1. The results show that the optimal bin size is 100 bins for the first two cases, and 200 bins for the third case. The optimal bin size is 100 bins for the first two cases, and 200 bins for the third case. The optimal bin size is 100 bins for the first two cases, and 200 bins for the third case.

94. restaurant keepers.

hours, M. S. Gist, Hawesville, Ky.

Only Evening Paper in Duluth

THE EVENING HERALD.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St.
Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.
Telephone Calls: Counting Room—224, two rings.
Editorial Room—224, three rings.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department.
Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (Central time).
July 18.—The low pressure area central yesterday morning over Saskatchewan has moved southeast to Manitoba, while the low area over Ontario has moved east to North Atlantic states; barometric pressures are highest over Alberta, South Carolina, Georgia and Florida. Temperatures are lower over the southern lake region and far Northern and are higher in the Dakotas, Wyoming, Nebraska, Colorado, Kansas and the lake region. Light rains have fallen over the greater portion of the lake region and Northwest Canada, Eastern Missouri and Louisiana. The weather in the lake region is generally fair, with light to fresh variable winds.

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Probably showers tonight and Thursday, with showers north tonight and Thursday. Winds shifting from light and fresh easterly to brisk westerly.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, July 18.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Thursday: Wisconsin, Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Probably showers tonight and Thursday, with showers north tonight and Thursday. Winds shifting from light and fresh easterly to brisk westerly.

North and South Dakota—Generally fair tonight, showers and cooler Thursday. Upper Lakes—Light variable winds; fair tonight, showers and cooler Thursday.

Attention has been called to the fact that the conditions that confronted Jefferson 100 years ago were practically the same as those that confront the Democratic party now.

The Federalists of Jefferson's time had made great headway under the Adams administration towards a centralized government, Jefferson in his position as vice president had closely watched the trend of affairs, and his election to the presidency was the signal for a return to Democratic simplicity. For this administration has been reversed for a century. With him in office the discussion as to the office of the president, whether it was to be "His Gracious Majesty" or "His High Mightiness" was at an end. Jefferson decreed that it should be "Mr. President," and so it has been held ever since, probably very much to the disgust of our latter day imperialists, who favor a title, and possibly a scepter and a crown. No politician found to favor with Jefferson, and he never conferred upon the "highest examples of our civilization" the power to depose the people. As the Democratic Party is now in the hands of the people again, as it was then, whether the principles of imperialism or those of democracy shall prevail in this country, whether we shall have an empire with central power or a government by and for the people, a centralized power, a government outside of the federal constitution, was rejected then, and the people will have to reject it again and declare their will that the administration must in every instance be confined within the restricted power granted to it by the constitution and in no manner depart from the path of plain duty.

MISSIONS IN CHINA.
Pontney Bigelow, a traveler and writer of considerable repute who has been associated with Harper's Weekly for several years, presents in the July number of the North American Review some instructive and interesting glimpses into missionary work in China, generally acknowledged to be responsible to some extent at least for the "Boxer" uprising and the consequent state of anarchy in that country. It is impossible in the available space in these columns to give more than a brief and somewhat disconnected summary of Mr. Bigelow's paper.

One of the celebrated missionaries in China is Father Palladius, a Greek Archimandrite, who has been half a century in the country, and who lives like Epileurus. When asked, years ago, how many converts he had made, he replied: "Perhaps one; when missionaries tell you that they have done more than that, do not believe them." When told of the alleged success of American missionaries at Chefoo, Palladius said they were enthusiastic bluffers.

Of a different type was Dr. Corbett, a native of New England, on a dash as a missionary optimist. He said that China was being prepared for a grand Christian awakening; that he and his colleagues had made a number of converts, but many were restrained from embracing the Christian faith strictly on account of the absence of a quarter of a century, and a re-examination of the missionary ground, do not furnish a foundation for this faith. Chinese foundings were being taught trades, and the missionaries were being chided by Chinese boys. A missionary priest explained that the Chinese enjoyed gatherings, and gongs and banners and "tomfoolery." In one institution is a school of architecture, where bird posters were displayed, to encourage virtue and discourage vice. One represented a bad Chinaman's death bed, his opium pipe and gaming dice being conspicuous; a black devil, with horns and tail, was fastening a

chain about his neck, and was about to drag the victim to a flaming hole in the floor, through which glimpses could be caught of fiery dragons. At the top of this picture was a representation of the Savior, with Chinese slippers on his feet and a face patterned after a Mandarin; while angels were flitting about chasing devils. Pendent to this touching picture was that of the death of a good, or Christian, Chinaman, wherein the devil was made to appear much discouraged, and disappeared through the trap door himself. This is only a crudely described sample of an infinite number of devices to instill into Chinese minds the first and last principles of the Christian religion. But, of course, it must be done somehow.

Protestant, and especially American missions, attempt to proceed on broad lines, and have a more difficult task. The history of evangelical missionary work in China is a painful chronicle of persecution, nobly sustained by a large body of devoted men and women, frequently poorly equipped for their work. The Chinese marvel at the lack of unity among Christians, particularly when a Catholic chapel opens its doors close to a Baptist meeting house, and the ministers of each tell the Chinese that their faith only is efficacious.

"The missionary in China has to combat with a vast volume of inherited conceit and prejudice. He has to deal with Orientalism, full of triumphs in the domain of science, and rich in philosophy. The Chinese stand at the head of civilization when Europe was but a barbarous province. Hundreds of inventions are claimed by the Chinese when the learning of Europe was monopolized by a handful of monks. The Chinese desire the profession of arms. He shuns intercourse with the outer barbarians. The different assaults upon foreigners in China have occurred at the instigation, or with the consent and approval of the government officials and agents. The German emperor, in sending King Chou, gave China the only salutary and impressive lesson on the subject of protecting foreigners she has ever learned. Chinese officialdom is at war with the white man's civilization, and it fights with weapons most to its taste, secret instigation of murder and practical nullification of treaties. The government systematically incites the mob to commit acts in violation of treaties, and especially of the treaty of Tien Tsin, ratified in 1858. The white man is hated, secretly if not openly, and the missionaries, for obvious reasons, most of all. These are the conclusions reached by Mr. Bigelow in his interesting article.

A letter from Rev. R. A. Montgomery, of the Ayon Presbyterian church, published in another column, accuses the Herald of reflecting on missionary efforts in China "without a knowledge of the subject." The Herald does not claim to know anything, but it is satisfied that its knowledge of this question is complete as that possessed by Mr. Montgomery. It is generally agreed by those best able to give an impartial opinion that the efforts of the missionaries have been one of the chief causes of the trouble in China. Through their contempt of Chinese customs and their errors in tact they have caused the Chinese to look upon all foreigners with hatred. Yet it would be a mistake to place the entire burden of responsibility upon the shoulders of the missionaries. Their presence and activity furnish only one of several proximate causes of the outbreak, but it would be as great an error to wholly free them from blame as to hold them solely responsible.

Orderly McMillan, who went up San Juan hill with Hero Roosevelt, says: "He was on his feet for most of the time going up the hill, like the rest of us. Not a word did he speak to me or anybody else during the excitement. Fact is, he kept his mouth closed as full of grass that he couldn't have talked very plain if he had tried. He kept pulling up grass by the handful, stuffing it in his mouth, chewing it and spitting it out, and then running another handful, roots and all, and before them terrible hours was over I'll bet Roosevelt chewed up and spit out enough grass to make a bale of hay. Still, he did not blinch. He kept moving up. It was just the awful excitement that made him keep chewing grass." This story is slightly different from the pictures that illustrate Roosevelt moving out on a daring charge at the head of his regiment, waving his sword as he led them up the hill against the Spanish forces. Those who drew the pictures evidently drew on their imaginations.

The Topeka State Journal says that ex-Governor John Leedy of Kansas, is a victim of the zinc mining boom. He invented all he had in a zephyr venture, and comes out of it with some considerable experience and no money. He is now willing to take any sort of a job that will pay him \$3 a month. The moral of the ex-governor's position need not be elaborated.

The Minneapolis Times says with truth that to the commercial Northwest the deep waterway from Duluth to Iliad means more than does the isthmian canal, and yet there are newspapers in the Northwest that shout in favor of the Nicaragua canal and have not a word to say for the "deep waterway to the sea."

And still Thiel Neely has not been brought to trial for the Cuban postal frauds, while Perry S. Smith, on whose recommendation Neely was appointed, has become the secretary of the Republican national campaign committee.

President McKinley in his notification to Holland was careful to state that the trust is a significant omission.

They are talking of Champ Clark for United States senator from Missouri. It would be an excellent choice.

The Chicago Inter Ocean is of opinion "if the news from China is true the gals should follow the flag."

What's in a name? George Washington, of Kentucky, was sent to prison for swearing to a lie.

The St. Paul Republicans also indicated that they consider Teddy the big end of the ticket.

As in 1898, the Central West is to be the main battleground of the campaign.

Humanity is being "staggered" in China as well as in South Africa.

The Rounder

"I never did know much about horses," said a Duluth business man the other day, "but I don't think there was any necessity for my giving my ignorance on the subject away so completely as I did not long ago. I bought a horse good for driving or riding, and the dealer, who was a man in whom I could trust, guaranteed him to be sound. Scarcely was he in my hands when I took him home, and soon after I started out with him for a trial. I had gone but a short distance on my way when I met a lady of my acquaintance, who admired my outfit very much.

"I think not," I replied.

"Oh, yes, he has," she replied. "I can see it."

"You must be mistaken," I replied, "the dealer guaranteed him to be sound, and I can see nothing the matter with him."

"She looked at me a moment in amazement, and then she laughed. When she recovered she explained that she was a married woman, and that it was not a disgrace to have a horse in the harness. Of course I had to buy her an ice cream soda, but that did not protect me from the publicity of the story, so I must as well tell myself."

"Some great faking has been done on the reputation of the elder Dumas," said a newspaper editor, as he touched a pile of paper covered books. "The popularity of his great novels has led to a large number of spurious imitations. For instance, I have the excellent one of the Count of Monte Cristo without wanting to know the name of the author."

"The Count of Monte Cristo," said the editor, "is a regular dealer of snuff. There is the son of Edmond Dantes, the Count of Monte Cristo, and half a dozen others. The title page presents an odd subterfuge. Most of them do not fail to say, 'The Count of Monte Cristo' without wanting to know the name of the author."

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chance now. The conditions there are described as most serious, several hundred having died from infectious diseases.

Grand Forks—A prominent and substantial farmer of Grand Forks county came to the city looking after his daughter, who had been here for two weeks, supposedly on a visit to friends. Not finding her there, the father proceeded to the East Side, and after a few hours' search learned, with the aid of the police, that she had been arrested several days previous, and had spent one night in the city lockup as the result of having been found in the basement of one of the saloons in company with another girl and two men.

She was fined by the court \$14.50, but had no money with which to pay it. One of the respectable houses agreed to pay the fine providing the girl would enter the house. This was agreed to by the girl, and the money was put up. She was taken away by her father, who was nearly crazed with grief. The girl was of good family, and previous to this time had borne a good reputation. Her father's story is that she was arrested the basement with a friend and the two men, just for a lark, never intending to do anything more. After she was arrested she felt desperate, and would have agreed to do anything in order to be released, not realizing the results.

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Remnants

The Money-Saving Opportunities

Are increasing as the season advances. The clean-ups of the different departments of the season's business are being vigorously pushed now and prices cut without regard to value, STYLE OR QUALITY.

Cloak Dept.



Tomorrow the
Cloak Room
has special in-
teresting
cleaning-up
news of White
Pique Skirts
at less than
cost of ma-
terial.

\$1.69 for White Well Cord Pique Skirts, trimmed with velvet, extra heavy, all linen Table Damask, 36 inch, a big special for the clearing sale, worth 20c each, special for the clearing sale, each.....

\$2.29 for White well cord Pique Skirts, trimmed up and down with Hamburg in velvet, extra heavy, all linen Table Damask, 36 inch, a big special for the clearing sale, worth 20c each, special for the clearing sale, each.....

\$3.29 for White well cord Pique Skirts, trimmed up and down with Hamburg in velvet, extra heavy, all linen Table Damask, 36 inch, a big special for the clearing sale, worth 20c each, special for the clearing sale, each.....

\$3.48 for White well cord Pique Skirts, trimmed up and down with Hamburg in velvet, extra heavy, all linen Table Damask, 36 inch, a big special for the clearing sale, worth 20c each, special for the clearing sale, each.....

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Linens, Towels.

Doilies.

Housekeepers' Great Saving

Chances.

22-inch half-bleached Table Damask, 36 inch, clearing sale price.....

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22-inch half-bleached Table Damask, 36 inch, clearing sale price.....

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Silk Waists.

Made of best-quality Taffeta in the new popular colors and black, beautifully made with clusters of tucks in front and back, and extra full, above fitted with good percale—every waist guaranteed to fit, sizes 24 to 44, would be cheap at \$5.00, tomorrow.....

\$3.95 for White well cord Pique Skirts, trimmed up and down with Hamburg in velvet, extra heavy, all linen Table Damask, 36 inch, a big special for the clearing sale, worth 20c each, special for the clearing sale, each.....

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MR. BOLAS TURNS UP

He Was Given Knockout Drops and Robbed of All His Money.

THEN WENT TO WORK

Has Since Been Employed as Servant in a Duluth Household.

S. Bolas, the missing Klondike man, who disappeared so mysteriously in this city, has turned up.

The same old knock-out drop which has been the undoing of so many men in the city of Duluth, not only in the Klondike, but elsewhere, was responsible for the loss of his money. Thieves took every cent the inoffensive old man had, and he simply decided that he had better go to work, and quietly hunted up a place and has been working ever since.

Mr. Bolas came to Duluth just two weeks ago today. He was with P. Duryea, the traveling man whom he met at Moorhead, the two having journeyed to Duluth together. It was announced that Mr. Bolas had made some money in the Klondike, and that he was on his way to England to claim an estate left to him by his father. On Friday he disappeared and no trace of him could be found. Mr. Duryea remained here until Monday of this week endeavoring to find his friend. He said he was a fine man, easy to form acquaintances and naturally affable, and he feared that he had been robbed and made away with. As time went on and no trace of him was found, Mr. Duryea was positive that he was in the city.

The story which Mr. Bolas tells shows that the conclusion that he was robbed was correct, but the thieves left him to come to as best he could afterward, instead of making away with him. Mr. Bolas says that he met a fellow that Friday afternoon while on the street, and he was invited after a time to have a glass of beer. He complied, and remembered nothing afterward. When he came to himself he was in a stupor and all his money was gone.

This condition of affairs charmed him greatly, and he made up his mind that the thing for him to do was to go to work. He had had experience as waiter and cook and he applied at a Duluth home for a position as house servant. The family took him, and found him first-class in every respect, a good cook and good waiter, and concluded that in the days of his high-spirited and independent cooking and servants they had struck a prize.

Today the man told his story to the proprietor of the house. The key of his room at the St. Louis was left at the door, and in this way his story got out. He says that the amount of the legacy coming to him in the old country has been exaggerated but that he has a little coming.

SETTLED ITS TAXES.

Commercial Light and Power Company Squares Up With County.

The personal property taxes of the Commercial Light and Power company and several other kindred corporations, which have been delinquent against the county, have been paid. Some of these judgments were in the Bruner list, and these alone amounted to more than Mr. Bruner paid for the list of tax payers who were delinquent against the county and who he turned back in pursuance of the decision of the district court. The Commercial Light and Power company, which has been delinquent against the county for taxes of 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2

Every Evening Except Sunday News Boys Sell The Herald on the Streets of Ashland

West Duluth

Although it now has a new fire engine as well as an efficient force of firemen, West Duluth was without adequate fire protection last night and today, the state of things being due to the bursting of a water main shortly after 10 o'clock last night about Forty-sixth avenue and Grand, necessitating the shutting off of the water supply at a point near the water works. There was a great deal of complaint at West Duluth this morning when people got out and found their supply of water cut off. Water wagons and barrels were pressed into service all day yesterday in order that the people might get water enough for household use. H. R. Patterson, the fireman, fortunately had a good supply of water in his tank before the break occurred, and furnished the water for the same for early use. The company had a crew at work yesterday repairing the break, which is said to be a serious one. Four men are required at the pump in order to keep the hole due about the break free of water so that the repairs can be made. The water used yesterday was carried from the owner of Twenty-eighth avenue and Second street.

CUTS MUCH FIGURE.
West Duluth seems bound to figure in police court. This morning Agent Briggs arrested four young boys, Cecil Moser, Harry Johnson, O. Johnson and Harry Lewis, on the charge of robbing the candy store of C. C. Osgood at Fifty-sixth and Grand, on the night of July 6. The boys are said to have confessed to the robbery. They will be arraigned late this afternoon.

LOOKING FOR HIS RIG.
Paul Herman, of New Duluth, was searching the country about here today on a wheel, looking for his rig, which disappeared under rather peculiar circumstances last night. Mr. Herman brought a party to West Duluth in a double-seater rig about 8 o'clock yesterday afternoon, while on Grand avenue saw a street car coming up Central avenue. The party were anxious to see a double, so he left the rig to meet the car and across and catch the car at the corner of Central avenue and Ramsey street. Mr. Herman says he does not know the man who turned the rig over to him, but he would recognize him if he met him again. He is using every personal effort to recover his rig, and through his report of the missing property has been made to the police.

WILL HAVE SOME RACES.
The horsemen at West Duluth and at the West End are planning on some very interesting races at the Driving park, which will be held on Sunday, July 22. The races will be held on the track, and the owners promise some events that are guaranteed to be of interest. The races will include running, trotting and racing horses. There will be a free-for-all race, and a race for colts, and every horseman will have an opportunity of getting in on the ground floor.

A LABORINGMAN HURT.
A. J. Jensen, a laborer living on Sixteenth avenue, received very painful injuries while quarrying stone for the canal work at Twenty-eighth avenue yesterday afternoon. During the quarrying a piece of stone struck Mr. Jensen in the face, cutting a deep groove across his forehead. His face was bleeding severely. His face was sewed up by Dr. Graham, who was called to take the man to the hospital.

RETURNS TO WEST DULUTH.
Dr. E. W. Brown, who had charge of Dr. Stangor's dental parlor last year, and who recently returned from the South, where he finished a course in one of the foremost dental institutes of that section, has again accepted a position with Dr. Stangor here. Dr. Brown is a well-known and very popular young man in West Duluth.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.
H. B. Wallace and family, the Misses Wallace, Frank Ashley and Frank Peterson, returned from a vacation in the South, where they were very successful and brought back a goodly amount of goods. Mr. Wallace is a well-known and very popular young man in West Duluth.

Canal Block Meat Market Opened Today.
A good appetizing meal. The new meat market at the Canal block has opened today. The market is well-stocked with all kinds of fresh meat, and the prices are very reasonable. The market is a great convenience for the people of West Duluth.

Robert Chubb & Son
342 Lake Avenue South.

It's Bracing

Warm Days!

BLATZ BEER

The Star Milwaukee is a most refreshing warm weather beverage—possesses an individuality that captivates. Try it for its bracing effect.

Invaluable Summer Tonic.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE.

Duluth Branch, Phone 62.

any one in the Rainy Lake country, is expected back this evening.

ELECTION HELD.

Senator Hamilton of Illinois Chosen President of the Republican League.

St. Paul, July 18.—The delegates were late in getting together after the meeting last night, and it was 10:45 when President Stone stepped for the first time on the platform. The delegates were present from Arkansas, California, Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Jersey, New York, Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, South Dakota, Texas, Vermont, Washington, Wisconsin, Virginia and the College League, with 140 votes.

The committee on rules reported the report of the committee on resolutions, which was unanimously adopted.

The committee on time and place reported the report of the committee on the revision of the constitution, which was adopted.

The secretary read a message from President McKinley expressing regret at the inability to be present, and sending congratulations on the success of the caucus. Messages were received from a number of delegates, and the various states applauded the names of favorite sons.

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HERALD 1c WANTS

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

BARGAINS.
\$2200 Buys 8-room dwelling and lot 50x100 feet Jefferson street.
\$1500 Buys 8-room dwelling and lot 50x100 feet, Lester Park—\$200 cash; balance \$20 per month.
\$1200 Buys 8-room dwelling and lot 50x100 feet, Lester Park—\$200 cash; balance \$20 per month.

WEST DULUTH BARGAINS.
\$800 Buys 10-room house on Fifty-first avenue—\$100 cash; balance \$20 per month.
\$900 Buys 8-room house on Fifty-second avenue—\$100 cash; balance \$20 per month.
\$800 Buys 8-room house on Sixteenth avenue—\$100 cash; balance \$20 per month.
\$750 Buys 8-room house near Presb. church—\$100 cash; balance \$20 per month.
\$575 Buys 8-room cottage on Sixty-first avenue—\$100 cash; balance \$20 per month.
\$3700 Buys 8-room residence, or will exchange for residence.

We also have a large list of other properties for sale on easy terms. Why not buy a home and save rent?

Smith, Laumann & Co.,
Duluth and West Duluth.

Duluth Office: 207 Torrey Bldg.
West Duluth Office: Ramsey St. and Central Ave.

FOR RENT.

Brick store in Union Block, First avenue west and Fourth street. Low rent. Good location for drug store or similar business.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Herald Building.

Real Estate and Loans

Stocks bought and sold; also deal in Commercial Paper. Retail agency for resident and non-resident property owners.

Thos. P. Brown,
No. 704 Torrey Building.

LOST.

LOST—GOLD WATCH. A fine gold watch with gold chain and buckle. Found on Superior street. Finder please return to 1324 East Superior street.

LOST—MONDAY, JULY 16, ON SUPERIOR street, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets, a fine gold watch, with gold chain and buckle. Finder please return to 1324 East Superior street.

HAIR GROWER.
HERBACQUE'S POWERFUL HAIR GROWER. 319 First Avenue East.

NOTES.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite Milwaukee station. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STENOGRAPHY OR TYPEWRITING AT 35 Locum building. Phone 67. Prompt service.

PERSONAL.

WOMAN'S EYES. PRIVATE prescription; perfect cure for suppurating eyes, cataracts, glaucoma, etc. Falls; box free. G. M. Howe, M. D., Drawer W, Chicago, Ill.

NOTICE—ALL THOSE THAT BOUGHT

the tickets for the races of the ladies' regatta, which took place on the 11th and 12th of July, are hereby notified that the tickets are now being sold at a discount of 50 per cent.

PIANO TUNING.

PIANO TUNING. WASH. GEORGE W. THIN, Room 2, Columbus building.

BELGIAN HAIR.

HIGH GRADE FIDELITY. High grade fidelity. 319 First Avenue East.

PALMIST.

M. J. PALMIST. 101 East Second.

HOUSE-MOVING.

H. S. HATTON. 108 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HERBACQUE'S FRECKLE WATER.

HERBACQUE'S FRECKLE WATER. 319 First Avenue East.

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FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

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PIANO. \$100 UPRIGHT EVERETT. \$100 UPRIGHT EVERETT. \$100 UPRIGHT EVERETT.

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HORSES AND MULES.

Barrett & Zimmerman, the largest horse and mule dealers in Duluth, have a large stock of horses and mules for sale. \$100 UPRIGHT EVERETT. \$100 UPRIGHT EVERETT.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY. \$100 UPRIGHT EVERETT. \$100 UPRIGHT EVERETT.

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STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriter. \$100 UPRIGHT EVERETT. \$100 UPRIGHT EVERETT.

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NOTICE OF SCHOOL ELECTION.

Office of the Board of Education, Duluth. Notice is hereby given of the annual school election to be held on the 11th and 12th of July, 1900.

The following places have been designated for the election of school officers:

First precinct—Lester Park School building.

Second precinct—Lakeside School building.

Third precinct—Endon School building.

Fourth precinct—Lighthouse School building.

Fifth precinct—Grand Ayon School building.

Sixth precinct—St. Paul's School building.

Seventh precinct—St. Paul's School building.

Eighth precinct—St. Paul's School building.

Ninth precinct—St. Paul's School building.

Tenth precinct—St. Paul's School building.

Eleventh precinct—St. Paul's School building.

Twelfth precinct—St. Paul's School building.

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One of our handsome little Novelty Suits taken from life.



Economize in your Boys' Clothing!

Our Great Cleaning Up Sale before stock taking, August 1st affords every patron this great opportunity. Considering the high character of the Clothing offered in this great sale our prices are positively the very lowest possible—having as we do, our garments made to our order from materials selected by us, we are able to offer you a supreme line of Boys' Clothing that equals in every respect the best made to measure garments in the land. Our prices during this sale certainly testify to the money-saving opportunities that await the prudent buyer. Mothers buy for School Opening, Boys' Clothing at these prices is like finding gold dollars.

FIRST—Your free and unrestricted choice of any Boys' or Child's two-piece suit in our house—spring and summer styles—Exactly Half Price. All Our Boys' Vestee Suits—All Our Boys' Middy Suits—500 Boys' Long Pant Suits—All Our Novelty Suits—All Boys' Spring Overcoats—

Exactly Half Price.

\$10 Suits for	\$5.00
\$8 Suits for	\$4.00
\$6 Suits for	\$3.00
\$5 Suits for	\$2.50
\$3 Suits for	\$1.50

Extraordinary Reductions in Boys' Hats, Furnishings and Shoes.

Great Cleaning Up Sale! Straw Hats! Half Price!

We have the largest and most complete Straw Hat stock in the Northwest, and owing to the fact that the season has been backward the stock is practically complete.

Handsome Straws in the World's Best Makes

Sennets, Split Straws, Milan, Mackinaws, Tokono, Pesterez and Carmen Braids.

\$5.00 Straw Hats go for	\$2.50
\$4.00 Straw Hats go for	\$2.00
\$3.00 Straw Hats go for	\$1.50
\$2.00 Straw Hats go for	\$1.00
\$1.00 Straw Hats go for	50c
50c Straw Hats go for	25c

M. S. Burrows.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

35,000 SOUVENIRS OF DULUTH.

"Last of the Great Scouts"

By Helen Cody Wetmore, of Duluth. Illustrated by Frederic Remington and E. W. Deming.

Duluth Press Publishing Co., Publishers.

HAIR

and Complexion Specialist

—Switches, 50c to \$2.00.

Ideal Tonic and Skin Food never fails. Manicuring, Chiropody, Electrolysis and Massage.

MME. BOYD, 216 W. Superior St., Duluth

BICYCLE BRAKE!

Simple in construction, perfect in action, insures safety, can be attached to any bicycle, combined with lock and coasters.

Obas. Samsom, Sole agent for Duluth, West Duluth and the Superior. Confectioners and newsdealer, 301 East Fourth street, Duluth. Write for circulars.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS.

MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS.

SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.

227 AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Shirt Waists.

Final Clean-Up!
Over 300 beautiful Waists in White and colored of \$2.50 and \$2 value, in Madras, Lawns, Dimities, all colors, on sale at...
Over 200 White Waists that have been \$3.50, \$3.75 and \$3, on sale tomorrow at...
Over 400 White and Colored Waists, that have been 75c and 85c; on sale tomorrow at 49c

Jewelry Novelties at Clean-Up Prices!

35c and 25c Brooches 17c.
Gold and Silver hearts—double and single.
Turquoise and corals in single and cluster effects, and pins with Rhinestone and turquoise, all at 17c
Pearl Shirt Waist Sets.
Plain or with gold bands—30c sets at 19c
60c sets at 45c
Gold and Sterling Silver Waist Sets.
75c sets on sale at 49c
50c sets on sale at 29c
25c Pearl Shirt Waist Pins, (sets of three) at 19c
50c Stick Pins at Half.
All of the assortment in Turquoise, Pearl, Gold and Sterling Silver mountings, 25c tomorrow at
50c Brooches at Half.
Including all of this season's novelties, on sale 25c tomorrow at
The balance of this season's stock.
75c Initials at 38c
65c Initials at 33c
50c Initials at 25c
35c Initials at 18c
25c Initials at 13c
Some Leather Belts at 15c—
from 50c, 35c and 25c. All of lots that are broken.

The Sale of Wash Fabrics continues.

Lot No. 1—18c Dimities, 18c Cannille Cords, 18c French Zephyrs, 15c Cotton Foulards, 15c Piques and Ducks. The very best 15c and 12½c Medium and Light Percales at 10c Per Yard.
Lot No. 2—French Dimities, 25c, 35c and 40c Scotch Ginghams, 25c Egyptian Tissue, 35c Fancy Swiss, 25c Aberfoyle Oxfords—at 18c
Lot No. 3—40c Cotton Foulards, 45c Imported Piques, plain colors; 40d Half Wool Challies at 27c
Lot No. 4—50c and 60c Silk Ginghams, 60c Silk Tissues, 55c and 65c Linen Ginghams, 50c and 65c Imported Oxfords, 50c Poulte de Soie at 34c
Lot No. 5—At Half Price—85c French Mousseline at 43c, 75c French Gauze at 38c



Corset Covers.

Muslin V-shaped Neck, trimmed with embroidery, tight-fitting, at 25c.

Cambric, full front around neck, trimmed with tuck lace and ribbon; our sale price, 65c; now 50c.

Fine Lawn, trimmed with two rows of insertion and Valenciennes lace; full front and tucked back; on sale at 75c.

Nainsook, full front, trimmed with tuck lace and insertion, at 85c.

Longcloth, full front, tucked back, trimmed with fine lace; on sale at 98c.

Drawers.

Muslin, deep ruffle, with five tucks above hem; on sale at 45c.

Muslin, lawn ruffle, trimmed with two rows of hemstitching, at 40c.

Muslin, ruffle trimmed, with tucks and embroidery; on sale at 69c.

Fine Muslin, ruffle trimmed, with wide tuck lace; on sale at 73c.

Cambric, two styles, one with two rows of tuck lace and insertion, at 1.25 value; on sale at 88c. And finer up to \$1.75.

Petticoats.

Muslin, with deep lawn flounce and lace insertion, value \$1.00; our sale price 75c; on sale at 69c.

Cambric, Umbrella, flounce trimmed, with tucks and tuck lace over dust ruffle, value \$1.25; our sale price \$1.25; on sale at 98c.

Muslin Underwear.

Final Clean-Up.

Cambric, with lawn flounce, trimmed with lace and one row of Insertion; value \$2.25; our sale price, \$1.75; now reduced to \$1.48.

Cambric, three styles, one with double lace flounce and two rows of insertion over dust ruffle, value \$3.25; sold at our sale for \$2.50; now on sale at \$2.19.

Cambric, lawn flounce, with tucks; two rows of insertion and lace edge over dust ruffle, \$3.25 value; sold at our sale for \$2.75; now \$2.39.

Cambric, deep flounce, with four rows of insertion and lace edge over dust ruffle, value \$4; our sale price \$3.50; now \$2.98. Still finer to \$5.25.

Chemises.

Fine Cambric, two styles, trimmed with lace insertion and ribbon; our sale price 75c; now 69c.

Fine Cambric, trimmed with lawn ruffle, embroidery insertion and ribbon; on sale at 73c.

Fine Lawn, trimmed at neck with Valenciennes lace and ribbon, with lawn ruffle on skirt, value \$1.25; our sale price \$1.00; now on sale at 88c.

Gowns.

Good Muslin, with yoke of fine tucks; our sale price 65c; now 59c.

Cambrics, two styles, trimmed with embroidery insertion and tucks; our sale price 85c; now 69c.

Fine Cambrics, three styles, one with tuck lace and insertion, neck and sleeves trimmed with lace ruffle, \$1.50 value; our sale price \$1.25; now 98c.

Fine Cambric, yoke of tucks and hemstitching trimmed at yoke, neck and sleeves with tuck lawn ruffle; our sale price \$1.95; now \$1.59. Finer up to \$6.75.

At \$2.00—Extra heavy silk Taffeta—very close rolling—silver mounted and with sterling silver initial piece—Splendid assortment of English boxwood handles—\$3.75 value—on sale at \$3.00.

At \$3.25—Colored Umbrellas—all Silk—in fine assortment of English boxwood and natural handles—silver mounted—sterling silver monogram piece—cover and tassels—\$3.50 value.

At \$2.00—Extra heavy silk Taffeta—very close rolling—silver mounted and with sterling silver initial piece—Splendid assortment of English boxwood handles—\$3.75 value—on sale at \$3.00.

At \$3.25—Colored Umbrellas—all Silk—in fine assortment of English boxwood and natural handles—silver mounted—sterling silver monogram piece—cover and tassels—\$3.50 value.

At \$2.00—Extra heavy silk Taffeta—very close rolling—silver mounted and with sterling silver initial piece—Splendid assortment of English boxwood handles—\$3.75 value—on sale at \$3.00.

At \$3.25—Colored Umbrellas—all Silk—in fine assortment of English boxwood and natural handles—silver mounted—sterling silver monogram piece—cover and tassels—\$3.50 value.

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SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

\$12.00 and \$10.00 Trimmed Hats at \$5

\$15 and \$18 Trimmed Hats at \$7.50

\$25, \$22 and \$20 Trimmed Hats at \$10

Straw Sailors—From \$1, 85c and 75c to 49c

From \$2.50, \$2.25 and \$2 to 98c

Ribbons. These prices will rule tomorrow.

At 23c a yard—from 40c and 50c—

Fancy Ribbons, collar and belt width, in a very good quality; former price 30c and 40c a yard.

At 23c a yard—from 35c—

Clouse Ribbons, 4½ inches wide, in yellow, cerise, light blue, navy, pink, green and black; regular price 35c a yard.

At 39c a yard—from 65c—

Finest quality Taffeta Ribbons, with fancy lace edge and white stripes, in turquoise, violet, red and black; regular price 65c a yard.

At 39c a yard—from 65c—

Fine Taffeta, with colored stripe in double faced satin 4½ inches wide, in red, turquoise, violet, new blue and black; regular price 65c.

At 39c a yard—from 65c—

The same quality of Ribbon in fancy stripes and feather edge, in red, navy, Nile green, new blue, light blue, yellow, pink, lavender, leaf green, white and navy; regular price 65c.

At 50c a yard—from 75c—

Double Faced Ribbon with taffeta edge and fancy stripe, 5 inches wide; in red, new blue, pink, and blue; regular price 75c a yard.

At 60c a yard—from 75c and \$1.00—

Handsome Parisian Patterns, in cerise green, tan pink and blue; regular price 75c and \$1.00 a yard.

At 50c a yard—from 85c—

Double Faced Satin Ribbon, 7 inches wide, in yellow, Nile green, light blue, lavender, cream and black; regular price 85c a yard; special price 50c a yard.

We also show many new effects in Plain Velvet Ribbons, and Polka Dot Ribbons in Velvet and Taffeta.

High Grade Dress Goods.

at clean up prices.

French Cheviot.

The imported, fine twill, and short napped kind, reduced from \$2.00 to \$1.50.

French Prunella.

The very newest and most desirable of dress fabrics, 48 in. wide, reduced from \$2.50 to \$1.75.

French Satin Cloth.

Silk surface and wool back. The Parisian cut; reduced from \$3.00 to \$2.25.

Mohair Crispe.

All wool and Mohair—takes the place of crepon; reduced from \$2.00 to \$1.39.

50c a yard—reduced from \$1.00 and \$1.25.

Crepons, Etamines, Grenadines, Brilliantines, Wool and Mohair Fancies, Whip Cord and Serges, all 50c the yard.

English Serge.

48 inches wide, unsurpassed for wear and style, reduced from \$1.25 to 75c the yard.

New Umbrellas at special prices.

There's style even in an Umbrella and we're taking care that you will find style in every handle even to the littlest price.

At 98c—Umbrellas of Silk Gloria—Paragon frame—steel rod—silver mountings—\$1.25 value.

At \$1.25—Splendid Silk Quality Gloria—natural wood princess and cork handles—steel rod and paragon frame—\$1.75 value.

At \$2.25—Plain Taffeta—Fine assortment of natural wood handles—Paragon frame—steel rod—cover and tassels—\$3.00 value.

At \$3.25—Colored Umbrellas—all Silk—in fine assortment of English boxwood and natural handles—silver mounted—sterling silver monogram piece—cover and tassels—\$3.50 value.

At \$2.00—Extra heavy silk Taffeta—very close rolling—silver mounted and with sterling silver initial piece—Splendid assortment of English boxwood handles—\$3.75 value—on sale at \$3.00.

At \$3.25—Colored Umbrellas—all Silk—in fine assortment of English boxwood and natural handles—silver mounted—sterling silver monogram piece—cover and tassels—\$3.50 value.

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At \$2.00—Extra heavy silk Taffeta—very close rolling—silver mounted and with sterling silver initial piece—Splendid assortment of English boxwood handles—\$3.75 value—on sale at \$3.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR.

THURSDAY, JULY 19, 1900.

LAST EDITION.

TWO CENTS.

Carriage Upholstered, Complete, \$5.00.

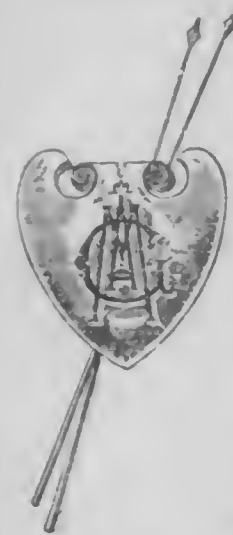
This is a thoroughly reliable carriage of the celebrated "Heywood" make, with full stuffed upholstery, satine parasol, with ruffle to match in rich myrtle green, and patent brake with best running gear. Same style with rubber tire wheels \$1.00 extra.

There is a most extensive display of Carriages and Go-Carts here for your choosing, at prices from \$2.00 up to \$35.00 each.

Good Credit. Our credit system is open to all and enables one to make a home comfortable and enjoyable by paying a little each month. The prices here are lower than those prevailing in any other Duluth store and there is no extra charge for the use of our credit system. We want your trade and will do all in our power to serve you faithfully.

French & Bassett

Complete House Furnishers.



We represent only the strongest and most reputable Stock Companies. When you get insurance, get the best. We furnish it.

Graves-Manley, Agency.
Torrey Building, First Floor.

Headquarters for fire, liability, plate glass and accident insurance. Fidelity and Surety Bonds.

Telephone Day—165. Night—200, 2 rings.

\$1250 Will buy a 7-room house on a corner lot on Fourth Street. Size of lot 70x100 feet. TERMS VERY EASY.

We have purchasers for vacant property in the East End. Money to Loan at Lowest Rate of Interest.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate Loans and Insurance.
201 First National Bank Building.

FOR SALE! The property situated No. 103 West Superior St. Building in good repair—well refitted—full 25-foot lot. Price, \$21,000 for quick sale.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON,
First Floor Providence Building.

Northern Security Company
DULUTH & WEST DULUTH
HANSSEN SMITH, President.
REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE, STOCKS, BONDS AND INVESTMENTS.
See us before negotiating Securities.
OFFICES: 1 Bankers' Bldg., First Floor, Palatine Bldg., 1 West Duluth Bank Building.

WHAT IS WORTH DOING AT ALL IS WORTH DOING WELL.

A strict adherence to this maxim makes our printing establishment a busy place. Let us be your printers.

PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY,
No. 5, Second Ave. W.
Zenith Phone 336.

Badges, Buttons, Banners, Company.
for all Societies and Unions.
Consolidated Stamp & Printing Company, 7 Phoenix Bldg.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.
Rooms 5 and 6 PHOENIX BLOCK.
Telephone 755, Call 4.

Why is Electric Light Best?
Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.
HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.
CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.
SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.
CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light and Power Co. OFFICES—215 W. Sup. St.

ARE SAFE AND SOUND

Foreign Ministers and Families at Peking Again Reported All Right.

IS A CHINESE STORY

Governor of Shan Tung Is the Authority for the Statement.

A STATE OF WAR.

Russia Proclaims It in the Amur Territory.
London, July 19, 1:25 p.m.—The action of Count Von Buxlow, the German minister of foreign affairs, in informing the Chinese legation at Berlin that all telegraphic messages must be in plain language as submitted for approval by the censor, and the suggestion of M. Del Casse, the French minister of foreign affairs, that the exportation of arms to China be prohibited, which are generally regarded here as long steps in the direction of treating China as a state engaged in war, have been supplemented this morning by the official announcement from St. Petersburg that certain portions of the Amur territory, including parts of the Khabarovsk district and the coast territory, as well as the towns of Blagoveshchensk, Khabarovsk and Nikolsk, have been declared in a state of war since July 17.

Russia's announcement is regarded in London as at least foreshadowing a speedy and official recognition of the fact that a condition of war exists between China and the civilized world, and the general opinion seems to favor such a declaration. It is also a step toward meeting the barbarian upheaval, while at the same time endeavoring to isolate the independent viceroys from the general conflagration.

The revelation of the ability of the Chinese forces to maintain their ground against internationalism is producing the inevitable results in the south. At Shanghai it is announced officially that women and children have been requested to leave the ports along the river.

Serious rioting has occurred at Po Yang lake, near Kiu-Kiang. Several casualties have been killed and wounded.

In connection with the story that Prince Tuan's forces have been ordered to march to Wei Hai Wei, it is considered as significant that Indian troops arriving at Hong Kong have been ordered to proceed to Wei Hai Wei.

A Spanish dispatch also reports that Russia has been in secret negotiation with Prince Tuan's government, with the connivance of Li Hung Chang. In a dispatch from St. Petersburg it is stated that Russia's anxiety to minimize the alarming nature of the news from Manchuria is dictated by fears of the injury the confirmation of such news might cause in the markets.

A dispatch from Shanghai received here today reports that the loss of the ship "The Fighting at Tien Tsin" was upwards of 3000.

It is understood that Lieut. Gen. Sir Francis Grenfell will have command of the British forces in China.

POWERS ARE SQUABBLING.

Russia and Germany Create Discord in the Concert.

London, July 19.—While evidence accumulates daily that China has long been preparing a formidable military organization in anticipation of the present conflict and that the area of the rebellion is continually extending, harmony among the allies, which is necessary to meet such a grave situation, is still deplorably lacking. The Russians have refused Admiral Seymour's request to land over the English company, and it is said that Germany proposes taking a serious independent action, namely, to patrol the Yang Tse Kiang with German men-of-war. Such a step would be greatly resented by England.

GAYLEY IS SAFE.
New York, July 19.—The international committee of the Young Men's Christian association has received a cablegram from D. W. Lyon, the committee's secretary at Peking. The cable was sent from Korea, where Mr. Lyon arrived safely a few days ago and is as follows: "Scout Gayley has just arrived Nagasaki. Safe. Will stay in Japan for the present."

NEW YORK COOLER.

A Little Relief Comes But Prostrations Are Many.

New York, July 19.—The hot spell, which has hovered over New York and vicinity for the past four days, causing great suffering among rich and poor alike, is over for the present. During the night, a brisk wind from the northwest, laden with cooling cheer, drove out the heat. The mercury fell to 70 degrees in the past four days and this morning there was a big drop in the temperature, although the mercury is lower, the prostrations and deaths continued. Eleven were reported this morning.

BRITAIN'S NEW TACK

Will Direct Efforts to Protect Middle China Commercial Centers.

FEARS BLACK FLAGS TO AWAIT RESULTS

Yang Tse Provinces Will Be Endangered By Li's Recruits.

New York, July 19.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: "The most important move on the Chinese chess-board yesterday is the new direction given to the defense of British interests. The Indian troops at Hong Kong, instead of going to Tien Tsin, have called for Shanghai and Woo-Sung. Sir Alfred Gaze may also halt there. This is a sign that the British government having been convinced that Tien Tsin and Taku can be held by the allied forces now on the ground, has decided to make serious preparations for the defense of Shanghai and other centers of commerce in middle China. This determination is wise, because Li Hung Chang has left Canton to shift for itself and has ordered 50,000 Black Flags recruited from the worst elements of the population, to march overland through the Yang-Tse provinces to Peking. The presence of this marauding army will be a menace to the peace of the entire district, where British commercial interests are paramount.

The British government is not so blind as to expect the Chinese to defend the Russian interests in Manchuria, which are menaced by the military campaigns of the Chinese. It is remembered that the main sphere of British trade lies and has been in the Yang-Tse provinces. The British government is not so blind as to expect the Chinese to defend the Russian interests in Manchuria, which are menaced by the military campaigns of the Chinese. It is remembered that the main sphere of British trade lies and has been in the Yang-Tse provinces.

A British fleet is already off the coast of the Yang-Tse provinces, and it is expected that the British government will send a fleet to the Yang-Tse provinces. The British government is not so blind as to expect the Chinese to defend the Russian interests in Manchuria, which are menaced by the military campaigns of the Chinese. It is remembered that the main sphere of British trade lies and has been in the Yang-Tse provinces.

RUSSIA'S PREPARATIONS.

Mobilizing Troops and Conveying Them to Manchuria.

New York, July 19.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: "Russia is actively mobilizing troops in Central Asia and conveying them to Manchuria. The Russian government is not so blind as to expect the Chinese to defend the Russian interests in Manchuria, which are menaced by the military campaigns of the Chinese. It is remembered that the main sphere of Russian trade lies and has been in the Yang-Tse provinces.

AGREEMENT ON CHINA.

Italy Is Considering a Proposal From France.

Rome, July 19.—The government has received a circular from M. Delcasse, the French minister of foreign affairs, which, proposing an international agreement for a joint action in China and the future attitude of the powers. The matter is still under consideration here. Lord Salisbury, the British premier and minister of foreign affairs, it is understood, has already replied in a friendly spirit. The replies of the United States and Russia have not yet been received.

A TROUBLE MAKER.

Shan Tung Fattal Issues an Anti-Christian Letter.

New York, July 19.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: "The highest local official of the province and next in rank to the governor, has issued a letter to the Christians of the province, the following anti-Christian letter is addressed to an official conversation between the governor and the Christians. The letter is a subtle attempt to impose on the Christians. The letter is a subtle attempt to impose on the Christians. The letter is a subtle attempt to impose on the Christians.

PUT IN A HARD DAY AT TIENTSIN.

Shanghai, July 19.—(Copyrighted, 1900, by the Associated Press.)—The following additional details of the allied forces' attack on the native city of Tientsin reached today from the Associated Press correspondent with the allies: "Tientsin, Friday, July 13, midnight. After a day of hard fighting and having lain for hours in shallow, hastily dug trenches full of water and suffering from hunger and thirst, two battalions of the Ninth United States Infantry that participated in the attack on Tientsin retired under cover of darkness. British sailors assisting them to withdraw by firing volleys to cover their retreat. The Americans brought out all their wounded under a terrific fire.

"An official list of the officers wounded is as follows: Ninth Infantry—Maj. Regan, Capt. McKim, Lieut. Noyes, Lieut. Lawton and Lieut. Lang; marine corps—Capt. Davis, Lieut. Leonard, Butler, Lawton and Lang, wounded. The total loss of the Americans was 140.

PENSIONS GRANTED.

Washington, July 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following pensions have been granted by the Pension Office: Daniel B. Eckel, dead, of Grey Eagle, 12. Widows—Minors of Daniel B. Eckel, of Grey Eagle, 12.

WORKING IN HARMONY

Officials at Washington Claim There Is No Discord Among Allies.

NO DISPOSITION TO RESTRICT WU FROM COMMUNICATING WITH VICEROYS.

Washington, July 19.—In the absence of direct news from China this morning, attention was given mainly to the more or less speculative stories emanating from European capitals indicative of discord among the powers. It is realized that these little speculations of mutual suspicion have always characterized allied movements and so are to be expected in the present case. It can be said that so far as official records disclose, there is absolutely no disposition to restrict Wu from communicating with the viceroys.

Washington, July 19.—The cabinet meeting today developed nothing of importance regarding the Chinese situation beyond a decision to send W. W. Rockhill, formerly secretary of the legation at Peking and assistant secretary of state and now chief of the bureau of American republics, to China to investigate the situation and report to the authorities here.

Mr. Rockhill will go as a special commissioner to ascertain the extent of the responsibility of the Chinese government, if any, for the existing disturbances, and to otherwise furnish the administration data upon which the case of the United States against China for indemnity and reparation will be based.

He is well equipped for the mission, having been secretary of the American legation in Peking for several years. He speaks and writes Chinese fluently. The administration expects authentic news from Peking soon. In fact, both the president and his advisers can hardly understand why some revolutionary news has not arrived before this time.

In the absence of any additional information the discussion in the cabinet today took wide ranges, covering tentatively many contingencies which may possibly arise.

There was unanimous concurrence in the president's action in appointing Gen. Chaffee to a major general, to make his rank commensurate with his command in China and that of the commanding officers of the forces of the other powers.

After the cabinet meeting, the president entertained the members at an informal luncheon. The president leaves tonight for Canton, but will be ready to return here at a moment's notice.

REMY'S CASUALTY LIST.

Official Report of Marines' Losses at Tien Tsin.

Washington, July 19.—The navy department this afternoon received from Admiral Remy a list of casualties of the marine corps in the fight at Tien Tsin as follows:

"Taku, July 18.—Bureau of Navigation Washington.—Official casualty report from marine regiment: Killed—Capt. Austin R. Davis, Sergt. C. J. Kollock, Corp. Thos. Kelly, Privates J. E. McConeley, J. W. Partridge. Seriously wounded—First Lieut. Henry Leonard, Corp. J. A. McDonald, Privates P. J. Keller, C. D. Miller, C. J. Matthews, John Holmes, John Horne. Wounded—Capt. Chas. G. Long, Wm. R. Lemley, First Lieut. Medley Butler, First Sergt. James Murphy, Sergt. F. T. Winters, Corp. Joseph W. Hunt, Privates W. S. Chapman, James Colquhoun, Robert DeLeonard, P. C. Foster, Levis Larson, M. E. Melvill, J. C. Mengoneal, A. B. Penny, H. A. Rickers.

HEIRS LOSE.

Durkee Claim Against Government For Central Pacific Bonds Dismissed.

Washington, July 19.—The claim of the heirs of Chas. Durkee, formerly governor of Utah, against the United States for certain bonds of the Central Pacific Railroad company, valued at \$64,625.12, was dismissed today by Judge Hagner, of the district supreme court, and the application for a rule against the treasury what claims should be acted upon and first settled, and that a discretionary act cannot be controlled by a mandamus.

Judge Hagner, in fixing the hearing of the case for today, had declined to issue a rule against Secretary Gage to show cause why he should not deliver the bonds to the claimants.

The petition as read to the court today says the disputed bonds were acquired by Chas. Durkee, who was in 1870, that the bonds were then selling very low and that they are now in the treasury vaults or at least were sent there by one of the Durkee heirs in 1884.

The government, in its defense, set out that the petition did not allege who were the heirs at law and their respective interests, nor did it allege that the matter was a purely ministerial function. The government contended that the secretary's power in the premises is purely a discretionary one.

AN AGENT TO CHINA

Cabinet Decides to Send Rockhill to Investigate Situation.

REPORT WILL GOVERN

Demand For Reparation Will Be Based on His Findings.

Washington, July 19.—W. W. Rockhill, director of the Bureau of American Republics, has been appointed as special commissioner from this country, to go to China and investigate and report on the situation.

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ROBERTS KEPT BUSY

The Boers Are Giving the British Forces Plenty of Exercise.

IS ON THE DEFENSIVE

Roberts Virtually In That Position, While De Wet Has Escaped.

New York, July 19.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: "Lord Roberts reports from Pretoria a battle and a fox chase. The battle was fought by Gen. Buller, who defeated Gen. De Wet's position east of Pretoria while Gen. Hamilton was moving northward and driving back De Wet's command, and Gen. French was in the center, between the two wings. This was a vigorous counter-stroke planned when Lord Roberts had succeeded in cutting off communications between the two Boer forces and was pushing back the weaker column from Waterburg.

The British positions were gallantly defended by the Canadian and the New Zealand Mounted Infantry and the Irish Fusiliers, and a series of desperate attacks was repulsed. The losses were balanced on each side, but included two brave Canadian officers, Lieuts. Borden and Birch, to whom Lord Roberts pays a fine tribute. While Lord Roberts pays a fine tribute to the Boers, he also pays a fine tribute to the British. The Boer force does not exceed 1500 men, with five guns, and the British, if their horses are in good condition, may succeed in running it down. If this can be done, the pacification of the Orange River Colony ought to be effected rapidly, as the remaining commandos cannot keep up the fight in the mountains. If Van Buren's pass and Harrisburgh have been taken from Ladysmith, but the harvest must first be caught.

The renewal of the Boers' activity is probably due to the efforts of the Boers in China. Mr. Kruger and Mr. Steyn have received in the Far East a different view of the situation. They have been expected from European diplomacy or from American politics.

ARE RELEASED.

Hardy and Miller, the Wise Murder Suspects, are Discharged.

Anoka, Minn., July 19.—At the conclusion of the preliminary examination in the Wise murder case, the court decided to release James Hardy and Elmer Miller, accused of the murders, holding that their alibis were conclusive. Young Mattison, whose confession set directed suspicion to Hardy and Miller, was held for trial.

OREGON REACHES KURE.

Temporary Repairs Only Will Probably Be Made.

Washington, July 19.—The navy department this morning received the following dispatch from Capt. White, commander of the Oregon, dated Kure, July 12:

"Secretary Navy, Washington: Oregon and Nashville arrived Kure 2 o'clock this afternoon. Expect to dock on the 10th. Shall I make permanent or temporary repairs? I would suggest putting on steel tracks which can be done in a very short time and ship go back to her duty at Taku. To make permanent repairs it will require at least sixty days, probably more. Not a single man injured in any way."

FOR NEELY.

He Wins a Fall In the Proceedings For Extradition to Cuba.

New York, July 19.—Judge Lacombe of the United States circuit court today rendered a decision in the case of Charles F. Neely, charged with having defrauded the postoffice department in Cuba, in which the court declared that the mere presentation of an indictment cannot be held sufficient for Neely's extradition, and that further testimony will be heard when the case comes up on July 23.

PRESIDENT TO CANTON.

Goes Back to Sit on His Front Porch.

Washington, July 19.—The president, accompanied by Secretary Cortelyou and the president's nephew, William Harbottle, will return to Canton tonight, leaving here at 7:15 in a special car attached to the regular Pennsylvania train.

**Some Good Road and Some
of the Worst Ever Built
Anywhere.**

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the clearings by the roadside become very scattering. When the Mill trunk road begins, turning off north from the Swan lake road into what was once the Independence road, the scenery is almost unbroken by clearing or farm

situation. When the proposition to

settled up, as it may be one day, if the roadway has not grown up in timber it may serve as the foundation for a good road. Yet it will take many thousands of dollars to put the road in shape to be of practical use.

The issue of bonds for the road was

▲ All grooves; 14c. and 28c.

Charles Sing Lee Says People Will Rise and Quell the Uprising.

F. O. Sherwin, Glen Avon.

That's Why so many use it.

Duluth, Minn., July 2nd, 1900.
 Duluth Music Co., Duluth, Minn.

405 West Superior Street.

merly general counsel of the St. Paul
Duluth, and Charles W. Bunn, general
counsel.

The five incorporators form the first
board of directors, and the incorpora-
tion is for a period of fifty years. The
annual meeting of the new road will
be held on the second Tuesday of Octo-

**Regular Graduate.
Diploma in Office.**

Leading Specialist
for the cure of
Chronic, Nervous

[illegible][illegible]

AGENTS TO MEET

Association of Insurance Men to Hold Convention Here in August.

LOCAL AGENTS MEET

Preliminary Steps to Provide For Entertainment of the Guests.

The third annual convention of the Minnesota Association of Local Fire Insurance Agents will be held in the city of Duluth on Aug. 10 and 11. A meeting of the local insurance men was held this morning, at which steps were taken to provide for the meeting and the entertainment of the delegates.

The association is only about four years old, but is now organized in every state and territory in the Union. Its object is to bring the companies and the agents close together, to better the methods of underwriting, to protect themselves against encroachments, to prevent overhead writing, and in general to improve the interests of the men in the business of writing fire insurance. The organization has nothing to do with the matter of rates.

The last convention was held at Minneapolis and about seventy fire insurance men were present. At the convention to be held here the attendance is expected to reach that at the Minneapolis gathering. The present officers of the association are: F. H. Wagner, of Minneapolis, president; D. M. Baldwin, of Red Wing, first vice president; H. B. Prince, of Stillwater, second vice president; O. H. Clarke, of Duluth, third vice president; E. A. Whitford, of Hastings, fourth vice president; Charles P. Preston, secretary. These men with the addition of John Rogers, Jr., compose the executive board. O. H. Clarke, of Duluth, is chairman of the grievance committee, and C. B. Shaw, of Minneapolis, is chairman of the legislative committee.

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

County Attorney Rules on a Couple of Complaints Brought Up.

The board of equalization held another short meeting at the court house this morning and then adjourned. Tomorrow morning a few more complaints were received and were referred to the assessor for his opinion.

County Attorney Phelps this morning submitted his opinion on two matters that were referred to him. One was a complaint of the Great Northern Railway company. It had 18,000 tons of coal on a dock owned by it, and the road was to be used for railroad purposes, and therefore was exempt from other taxation than the gross earnings. The other matter was from the St. Luke's hospital association, which claimed that some property on which the new hospital is to be built should be exempt from taxation.

Mr. Phelps' opinion on both of these matters is that it is not the province of the equalization board to pass upon them. All it has to do is to determine whether or not the assessments are right. The question whether or not property is exempt is a matter for the board of county commissioners, which has original jurisdiction.

The board has been informed that the Tower Logging company has 9,000,000 feet of logs in Vermilion lake that have escaped assessment, and it will probably be attended to by the board.

Court Is Very Busy.

The district court, which took wheels and rolled off to the Vermilion range early in the week, is doing considerable business up there in the second paper line. This is evidenced by the fact that the court was in session for 26 more days. Word was received to the effect that at 11:30 second papers were being and it was expected that fully that many would be issued at Tower. After that the court was to go to Evelyn and Biwabik, and next week the Mesaba range towns on the Mesaba road will be reached.

Mrs. Kusell Here.

Mrs. Matt Kusell arrived in the city on Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. Kusell has just terminated her engagement as prima donna soprano with the Oleson Square opera company, with which organization she made a distinct success the past season. Her stage name is Jennette Lincoln. Mrs. Kusell will rest in Duluth this summer prior to her tour on the continent next season in grand opera.

Coming Home August 5.

Charles A. Towne is expected to return to Duluth Aug. 5, and will probably remain there for a few days, but only for a few. He will in all probability then leave for the East to begin the work of the campaign in that section.

English Lord.

Have you seen the English lord and his valet? He will be at the Shaker medicine free open-air show, corner Sixth avenue west and Superior street, tonight.

J. O. Portier Named.

J. O. Portier has been appointed assistant dairy and food inspector of the state in place of G. H. Lesage, who resigned some time since. Mr. Portier is in the painting and paperhanging business at 1131 West Superior street and has made his home in Duluth for many years.

SICK HEADACHE

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Stoosie and strengthens the nerves; relieves pain in the temples, depression and nausea.

Genuine bears name Horsford's on wrapper.

Export, Wiener,

Private Stock,

Muenchener

BLATZ

Bottle Beers

O The Star Milwaukee Co.

Each brand is

adapted to some

body's peculiarity

of taste. Each an

actual representation

of absolute

purity and excellence.

Blatz Malt-Vivine

(Non-alcoholic)

INVALUABLE SUMMER TONIC

All Druggists.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE.

Duluth Branch, Phone 62.

HE'S BETTER.

William Currien's Condition

Slightly Improved—Arrio Is

Released on Bail.

William Currien was not only alive

last week but he is

improving rapidly.

He is the man that was mysteriously

shot near Hibbing at 3 o'clock Tues-

day morning. Oscar Arrio, the man

that did the shooting is now out of

custody on a \$200 bond and this after-

noon he went back to Hibbing. There

is little doubt in the minds of the pro-

secuting authorities but that Arrio shot

Currien in self defense and this ac-

ccounts for the small band which was

required of him.

Although trembling on the brink of

death the wounded man still is the

suspicious story about himself and Tom

Currien walking out to the mine to go

to work and being shot down by a man

who suddenly rushed from the shadows

at the roadside. The story is badly

put together, and an additional degree

of suspicion is thrown on Currien by the

fact that Burke has disappeared. It is

argued that if he and Currien had simply

been going to work when they were sud-

denly assaulted, there would have been

no reason for Burke's skipping the coun-

try.

Another bit of evidence that seems to

work against Currien is the matter of

general reputation. Both he and Burke

are easily known to have had records, while

Oscar Arrio, who has been in this

country but little over a year, has

borne a first-class reputation during his

short residence in Hibbing.

M. S. BURROWS RETURNS.

His Confidence in Business Outlook

Stronger Than Ever.

M. S. Burrows returned this morning

from Chicago, where he has been

on business for a big fall and winter

stock for the Great Eastern. Mr. Bur-

rows' missionary spirit has not decreased

at all, and he used every opportunity

to spread the fame of Duluth as a summer

resort. While he was in Chicago, the

fact that Burke has disappeared, and

the fact that Currien has been in the

streets, from the effects of the ex-

cessive heat.

As to the business prospects for the com-

ing fall, Mr. Burrows is very sanguine.

He says that the improved conditions

of the crops and the needed rainfall in the

logistics regions has resulted in an in-

crease of orders to the wholesalers, where

the business is very much in order.

While he heard considerable politics

talked in Chicago, Mr. Burrows says they

are attracting but little attention in the

business world, the impression seeming to

be general among the business men that

the coming campaign will be

very quiet. The money market, which is

the natural great ally to business, Mr.

Burrows says is in a most favorable

condition. Money is to be had in abundance

for all legitimate purposes and at very

low rates.

From his talk with men prominent in

the business world, Mr. Burrows says

that Duluth is well stood with the

wholesalers than it does at the present

time. The latter class have grown con-

fident in Duluth's present and future, and

believe that nothing can stop the onward

march of the South City.

DRY WEATHER AFFECTS THEM.

Cheese and Butter Show a Dispo-

sition to Shoot Upward.

Cheese and butter are displaying as-

piring tendencies on account of the dry

weather earlier in the season. The rains

came too late to help the situation, and

these commodities will be decidedly

upheld in their demand clear through to

next spring probably. Paul cream twins

cheese is now quoted at 12 cents, and

cream cheese at 13 cents, having shined up to that

level from 11 cents at which it

stood a few days ago. Butter of Rich-

mond is now quoted at 24 cents, having

advanced from 23 cents a few days ago.

There is a shortage in the California

plum market and California plums, there-

fore, feel not so common and are to be

found only at from \$1.25 to \$1.50 per crate.

Plums from other states have not been af-

fected yet, but it is expected that they

will shortly join the union and put up

prices.

Eggs are stiffer, 11½ being the lowest,

on special drives.

Peaches, plums and pears are coming in

freely and will continue in practically un-

diminished volume for the next three

months.

Poultry is in increased demand, and the

figures remain the same.

Nordstrom-Falgren.

A very pretty wedding ceremony took

place last night at the home of Mr. and

Mrs. Gustav Nordstrom, 229 North

avenue west, their daughter, Miss Anna

Sanna Nordstrom being united in mar-

riage to Eric H. Falgren of the East End

Ice company. Rev. Ludvig, officiating of the

Swedish Mission church officiated, and

Swan Nelson was the best man. The

bride's sister, Miss Dagmar Nordstrom

was the bridesmaid. The bride wore white

silk and carried white roses. After the

ceremony an elegant wedding supper

was served a large gathering of friends

and relatives were present. The wedding

was held at the home of the bride's

parents, Mr. and Mrs. Falgren, who have

been taken from the Mesaba avenue

and the contractors pride themselves on

the fact that there has not been a slide

accident of any consequence. The rock is

being used by the new government pier

at the ship canal.

THE HEAT INTENSE

American Athletes Not In It In the Great Marathon Race.

MICHEL THE WINNER

Champion Emile Second and the American Runners Far Behind.

Paris, July 19.—Excessive heat attended the sports held in connection with the exposition today, making the Marathon race of 40 kilometers, in the form of a complete circle of Paris, a most trying ordeal. Three doctors were stationed at various points along the line in order to render assistance to the sufferers.

The start was made at 2:30 p. m. There was thirteen runners, as follows: Americans—A. L. Newton, of the New York Athletic club; Dick Grant, of Boston, and MacDonald, Frenchmen—Fouquet-Denis, Champion Emile, Thetier Michel, Rousseau and Marchais, Englishmen—John Pool, Savard and Randall, Swedes—Nyström and Fast.

The race opened with four turns on a track and the competitors then traversed the Bois de Boulogne to Passy, whence a circle of Paris was made. The runners kept fairly well together at the beginning, going at an easy pace, with the first named Frenchman leading when they left the track for the Bois de Boulogne.

Gen. Horace Porter, the United States ambassador himself witnessed the start of the contest.

The race was won by Thetier Michel. His time was 2 hours 40 min. Champion Emile was seventh, and MacDonald, eighth.

The 100-meter race was won by Edmund J. Minihan, of the Georgetown university, with 6 meters start. William J. Holland, of the Georgetown university, was second, with 4 meters start, and N. G. Pritchard, the champion 100-yard runner of 1900, was third, with 3 meters start. Time 10:45 seconds.

There were sixty-five entries. Arthur P. Duffy, of the Georgetown university, who was scheduled as the scratch man, did not start.

The final heat was a splendid contest. Minihan just beating Holland, with Pritchard a close third.

Dusser, a Hungarian, won the handicap pole vault, with a vault of two meters and nine inches.

The scratch pole vault was won by Horton, of Princeton, who cleared three meters and nine inches.

The final heat of the 100-meter handicap race was won by Christensen, a Dane, who had 100 meters handicap. Time one minute, fifty-two seconds.

Howard W. Haynes, of the University of Michigan; Harvey B. Lord, of the Chicago University; Capt. Cronin, of Princeton; and Edward W. Brown, of the University of Pennsylvania, and D. C. Hall, of Brown University, all qualified for the final heat of 100 meters handicap race.

When the pole vault, a handicap contest, was about to be called, the American entries, who were not aware of the fact that the competition was about to start, failed to answer to the call of their names and none of them were permitted to take part.

In the 200-meter steeple chase handicap, Krashill, an Austrian, with 250 meters start, finished first.

A Farewell Party.

Miss Estelle Levy, of 212 Second avenue east, gave a delightful farewell party last evening in honor of her cousin, Miss Hilda Hirschman, of St. Paul, who has been visiting for the past few weeks. Among those present were: Misses Hilda Hirschman, of St. Paul; Florence Riegelman, of Milwaukee; Flore Lazarus, of Birmingham, Ala.; Irene Kallish, of Chicago; Elsie Silberstein, Little Moonshine, Rosa Krojaner, Estelle Levy, Messrs. David Schindler, of Chicago; David Premuth, Joe Klein, Max Klein and E. Markovitz.

Bon Voyage Excursion!

The Epworth and Intermediate leagues of the First M. E. church, will give a Lake Excursion on the steamer "Bon Voyage" Saturday evening, July 21. Boat leaves at 7:30 p. m. Hostesses: Mrs. Y. M. C. A. orchestra. Refreshments served. Tickets 25c.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE GREAT SIMLA SEANCE.

Once a year, these seances in India, at the little city of Simla, a congregation of spiritualists and mediums for the purpose of each other and the possibility of the believers. Magician Kellar has seen several of these seances and when he comes to this city, will construct a cabinet on the stage in full light and in the presence of a committee of citizens representing purely by natural means, all of the so-called phenomena accomplished by the great mediums who journey yearly to Simla.

Magician Kellar will exploit the marvelous rope tying tests of the Davenport Brothers, with whom he was associated many years ago.

Found For Defendant.

The municipal court jury in the personal injury suit brought by John P. Widholm against John Runquist, returned a verdict in favor of the defendant. Mr. Widholm claimed that while working for Mr. Runquist on the Duluth & Iron Range road bed between Sports and Biwabik there was a premature explosion of dynamite which tore a hole in his forehead and smashed a small bone. He averred that this was due to the negligence of Contractor Runquist and sought to recover \$500 damages. The jury found in favor of Mr. Runquist.

Today the case of George Tischer against the receiver of the Duluth Street Railway company is on trial. It is to recover damages for injuries to two horses and a wagon, which had a collision with a street car resulting in a runaway.

Independent folks find comfort in an independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

PERSONALS.

Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Magle, Miss Ida Magle and Woodbury Magle left on the steamer Bon Ami today for a two weeks' camping trip to Isle Royale. Dr. Magle took his new launch with him and calculates to have a very pleasant outing.

Miss Beatrice Boutlier left yesterday for Halifax, N. S. Misses Sophia Abelfort and Anna George, of Lake Park, have returned home after a

Only a Few Makers of Clothing possess the knack, the art, the ability and the organization necessary to make The Big Duluth Clothing. It's all tailored by expert workmen and is put through the same methods as the most expensive made-to-measure garments are.

Here you have for your selection the CHOICE of all of these fine clothing makers' offerings for—

\$13.95

Boys' and Children's Clothing. Many hundreds of Boys' and Children's Suits left from our purchase from Kohn Bros. While they last you can buy Boys' \$1.50 and \$2 suits..... \$.95 Boys' \$2.50 and \$2.75 suits..... 1 .45 Boys' \$3.00 and \$3.50 suits..... 1 .95 Boys' \$4 and \$4.50 suits..... 2 .45 Boys' \$5 and \$6 suits..... 2 .95

Men's Trousers. From our purchase from Kohn Bros. we still continue to sell Men's \$1.50 and \$2.00 trousers \$.95 Men's \$2.50, \$3 and \$3.50 trousers..... 1 .95 Men's \$4 and \$4.50 trousers..... 2 .95 Men's \$5 and \$7.50 trousers..... 3 .95 Men's \$5 and \$6 trousers..... 4 .95

Cool Clothing of all kinds—Coats of Cotton, Alpaca and Wool/Serge—Serge Coats and Vests—Duck Trousers—Wash Vests—Negligee Shirts—every day new arrivals are added to our immense assortment, 50c. to \$3.

Thin Underwear—you need it in this weather—we can give you a perfect fit, 50c to \$3.00.

Straw Hats. All direct from the factory—the jobber's profit is yours. Straw Hats for everybody. 25c. up.

STORE OPEN SATURDAY NIGHT TILL 11 O'CLOCK.

A. WIE 123 West 2nd

SUMMER SALE

All tan a. at cut move them quick. and up-to-wear for Men, Lad. children.

Men's light or dark shades, regular or Blucher styles, newest styles, Stacy, Adams & Co. make, \$5.00 shoe. Cut Price **\$3.95**

Ladies' brown or light flexible soles at **\$2.98**

Ladies' \$2 brown shoe at **\$2.98**

am. Do's p stylisn toe

Sale Price **\$3.50**

Men's \$3.50 Tan and Oxblood shades reduced to **\$3.00**

Boys' Tan Shoes at **\$2.00**

Youth's Tan Shoes, \$1.75 grade **\$1.40**

Boys' Shoes at **\$1.50**

Youth's Shoes **\$1.25**

Little Gent's Tan \$1.50 Shoes **\$1.10**

Sole agents for the Celebrated Sorosis Shoe at **\$3.50**

MESSAGE FROM CONGER

Cipher Dispatch Received From United States Minister at Peking.

Under Fire of Chinese Troops and Quick Relief Is Necessary.

Washington, July 20.—The Chinese minister has just received a cable message dispatch from United States Minister Conger. It is in the state department cipher and is transmitted through the tsung li yamen and the Shanghai taotal. It contains about fifty words and is signed in English with the name "Conger." He at once took it to the state department, where it was translated.

Mr. Conger's telegram is as follows: "In British legation. Under continued shot and shell from Chinese troops. Quick relief only can prevent general massacre." The message is not dated, but it is understood to be sent from Peking on the 19th. No doubt is expressed by state department officials as to the authenticity of the message.

The following statement has been given out at the state department: "On the 11th of this month the state department communicated a brief message asking tidings of Minister Conger in the state department code. Minister Wu undertook to get this into Minister Conger's hands if he was alive. He has succeeded in doing this. This morning the state department received a telegram from Consul General Goodnow at Shanghai, saying: "The governor of Shan Tung informs me that he has received today a cipher message from Conger, of the 19th."

A few minutes later Minister Wu appeared at the state department with a telegram from Taotai Shang, dated July 20, which had been received by Minister Wu at 8:30 o'clock this morning, reading as follows: "Your telegram was forwarded, and, as requested, I send reply from tsung li yamen, as follows: "Your telegram of the 15th day of this month (July 11) received. The state department telegram has been handed to Minister Conger. Herewith is Minister Conger's reply to the state department."

The reply was in the state department cipher, and it is regarded by the state department as genuine, inasmuch as forgery seems, under the circumstances, impossible.

WU PLEASED.

er Was About Ticked Man ashington.

July 20.—After hour had abandoned of hearing from in Peking, two cablegrams ss of the unfortunate he- trich legation were received. First came a short, sharp, Consul General Goodnow at, an officer of the state de- who will not soon be forgot- use of the immediate news and has exhibited in securing infor- to meet the demand of the de- six weeks. He gave notice that ster Conger had at last been heard a directly and that his words were the way to the state department, arely had the cheering news reached from his legation in his automobile hearing in his own hands the precious message from Minister Conger. The minister was perspiring and almost speechless with pleasurable excitement, and even the swift new elevator in the state department seemed to hasten his demand for haste in reaching Secretary Hay.

The secretary already had prepared himself for the minister's appearance, but none the less, not knowing the nature of Mr. Conger's communication, he sat in suppressed anxiety to receive the message. Minister Wu himself was ignorant of what he had in his hand, because the message was in the state department cipher, an apparently meaningless mass of figures and periods. Secretary Hay at once called for Second Assistant Secretary Ade, and the two distinguished officials themselves set to work translating the cipher into English. This occupied nearly half an hour. The first movement of Secretary Hay, upon deciphering, was to make a copy and dispatch this by messenger in haste to the White House, with a request to the telegraphers there to forward it at the earliest moment to President McKinley for his information. Then Secretary Hay, remembering the intense public anxiety to have tidings of the Americans in Peking, caused his private secretary to prepare copies of the message to be given to the press, and to the newspaper men, who by this time, scenting the fact that news of the greatest importance had come, began crowding the broad corridor before the secretary's office.

Then Secretary Hay betook himself to the war department to convey the news in person to Secretary Root and to Secretary Long, who were together at the time. After the short consultation in Secretary Root's office, Secretary Long, upon emerging into the corridor, was showered with congratulations by a large throng of department employees and the first movement of Secretary Hay, upon deciphering, was to make a copy and dispatch this by messenger in haste to the White House, with a request to the telegraphers there to forward it at the earliest moment to President McKinley for his information. Then Secretary Hay, remembering the intense public anxiety to have tidings of the Americans in Peking, caused his private secretary to prepare copies of the message to be given to the press, and to the newspaper men, who by this time, scenting the fact that news of the greatest importance had come, began crowding the broad corridor before the secretary's office.

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LONDON IS SKEPTICAL.

Sents a Chinese Trick In the Conger Message.

London, July 20.—Minister Conger's message to the state department at Washington is not regarded here as justifying overmuch optimism, but, on the contrary, is generally accepted as further Chinese attempt at mystification. Some think the fact that the message is undated and the similarity of its contents to Sir Robert Hart's message of June 24, suggests that it was sent off about the same time and intercepted by the Chinese.

The skeptics are confirmed in their suspicions by the fact that a message was received by M. Delcasse, the French minister of foreign affairs, today, through the Chinese minister at Paris, purporting to come from the emperor, asking France's mediation with the powers, and which, it is alleged, was dated July 19, and makes no mention of the foreign legations at Peking.

The Chinese legation at London has been notified by Shen, Chinese administrator of telegraphs at Shanghai, that the governor of Shang Tung has received a message from Minister Conger for transmission to Washington.

PRESIDENT HEARS NEWS.

Canton, July 20.—The president's first news of Minister Conger's dispatch was handed him the instant the train by the Associated Press correspondents. Scanning the bulletin, he gave evidences of pleasure. He later, when the state department statement first reached him by the Associated

Press, adding strength to the genuineness of the news, he was more visibly gratified. Those near the president have known for days past that he has never given up hope that Minister Conger was alive. After the president had read all the news which followed the first bulletin, he started for a drive with Mrs. McKinley over the country roads.

OFFICIALS ARE SATISFIED.

They Believe That the Conger Message Is Genuine.

Washington, July 20.—State department officials do not share the concerted opinion that Minister Conger's dispatch is an old one which had been intercepted by Chinese officials. While they refuse to make public the text of the message sent by Secretary Hay on the 11th inst. to Mr. Conger through Minister Wu, they state that the message received today from Minister Conger is a satisfactory reply to the one sent by Secretary Hay.

It is further pointed out, in support of the authenticity of Mr. Conger's message, that the bombardment of which he speaks did not begin, according to all accounts, until July 6, although the legations had been besieged and attacked prior to that time, but not with artillery.

LONG URGES HASTE.

He Cables Remy to Hasten Relief of Conger.

Washington, July 20.—Secretary Long has sent the following cablegram to Admiral Remy: "Conger telegraphs that he is under fire in British legation, Peking. Use and use every means possible for immediate relief. "LONG."

MIGHT DO HARM.

Haste in Sending Troops May Complicate Matters.

Washington, July 20.—Secretary of War Root was asked today, after he had two conferences with the secretary of state and several with Adj. Gen. Corbin, as to the probable effect the Conger message would have on the military service. He said it was impossible just now to say definitely whether increased haste in throwing military forces into China might not aggravate rather than help matters. That has not been determined by the government, but the policy of the administration is to send troops as fast as possible to aid the friendly Chinese officials. He made the positive statement that no more troops have been ordered to leave the United States. The first thing now was to co-operate in every possible way with the friendly Chinese officials and aid them in their work. The president, he said, saw no reason why he should return to Washington at this juncture.

THIS IS STRAIGHT.

Paris Has a Chinese Report of Ministers' Safety.

Paris, July 20.—The foreign office has received information from a Chinese source, in which, however, certain reliance may be placed, that the foreign ministers at Peking have not been massacred. According to this information, on July 7 the ministers were attacked and the legations burned, but the foreigners succeeded in crossing the city to the Chinese palace, which was then barricaded, and the Europeans were confined there until the time the news left, July 8. Since then nothing has been heard from Peking.

A SHANGHAI REPORT.

It Shrinks Very Much on Being Bolled Down.

Washington, July 20.—The state department has just issued the following bulletin: "The secretary of state this morning received a dispatch from Consul Fowler at Che Foo, dated midnight, July 19, saying a Shanghai paper of the 16th said all foreigners had been murdered. Fowler wired the governor demanding the truth. The governor replied that the 'Courier' left Peking on the 11th and all then was safe, but Peking East city had been carried by rebels with intent to kill."

A CABINET COUNCIL.

One Called to Confer on Minister Conger's Dispatch.

Washington, July 20.—As soon as Minister Conger's cablegram had been translated, a cabinet council was called in the office of the secretary of state, and a number of the cabinet ministers accessible went into session.

In a reply to a question, Adj. Gen. Corbin said it was impossible to say now what effect Minister Conger's dispatch would have on the military operations in China or on our preparations here. He said he did not know but that increased military haste might precipitate matters in China.

The cabinet council between Secretaries Hay, Root and Long lasted about fifteen minutes. The postmaster general and secretary of the treasury did not attend. No statement was given out after the conference.

THE RAILROAD KICKS.

Northern Pacific Objects to Assessment of Some Dock Property.

The board of equalization spent most of this morning listening to the remarks of G. F. Fernald, tax commissioner of the Northern Pacific railroad, who appeared before the board to discuss the assessments made by the city on some dock property formerly owned by the St. Paul & Duluth, but acquired, with other St. Paul & Duluth property, by the Northern Pacific. The property is not situated on the right-of-way of the road, or it would probably be included in the property used for railroad purposes, and thus exempt from local taxation. Mr. Fernald claimed that the city's assessment of the property was too high, and he asked to have it raised this year so that it is considerably above what it was last year. No action had been taken on the matter when the board adjourned at noon. Another session was held this afternoon. Some hearings will be had on complaints tomorrow, but the most of them have been set for next week, beginning Monday, when all who think they have been aggrieved by the assessments placed on their property by the assessors will have a chance to appear and tell the board all about it.

BOXERS MASSACRE

Sixty Missionaries and Many Converts Reported Killed at Tai Yuan.

SPREADS TO SOUTH

Outbreak Indicates Danger In the Central and Southern Provinces.

London, July 20.—To add to the gloom occasioned by the extremely serious import of news showing the daily developing strength of the anti-foreign movement in the south of China, comes this morning from Shanghai a report that sixty missionaries and native converts have been massacred at Tai Yuan. Though the report is not yet corroborated, it tends to confirm the belief that the hope that the central and southern vice royalties would hold aloof from the Boxer rising has never had much foundation. If this massacre has occurred in the province of Shan See, there can be little question that the intense anxiety for the safety of the international colonies at the river ports and even at Shanghai is fully justified, for an attack later by the masses of Chinese gathering in and about the international concessions would mean horrors compared with which the massacre at Peking would be insignificant.

The rumor is again current in Shanghai, that the emperor and empress are preparing to retire from the capital to See Nagan Fu.

The authorities at St. Petersburg have begged the Russian foreign secretary to examine all dispatches arriving for the legation before their delivery. Indian troops are daily arriving at Hong Kong en route to Taku.

A Hong Kong dispatch reports a daring act of piracy within the harbor there. A score of pirates armed with revolvers seized a launch and took it up the Canton river, capturing two junks en route. After looting the craft, the pirates abandoned them.

MARINES FOR CHINA.

Plans to Transport Those Mobilized in Washington.

Washington, July 20.—Gen. Wood, commander of the marine corps, and Maj. Denny, quartermaster, were in consultation with Secretary Long at the navy department this morning with respect to the immediate transportation of the marine battalion about to be mobilized in this city for service in China. An arrangement was made whereby these marines, numbering fifteen officers and 500 men, will leave this city next Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock for San Francisco. They will be in command of Maj. Dickson, and are scheduled to sail on the transport Hancock, which will leave San Francisco within an hour or two after their arrival, either on the 27th or 28th instant.

MAY LEAVE CHINA.

Presbyterian Missionaries Given Leave to Go Out.

New York, July 20.—The Presbyterian board of foreign missions today called to five stations in China formal permission to missionaries to leave the country at once if they deem it wise. This action follows a resolution adopted at a special meeting of the board yesterday. The stations cover the entire empire as far as it is open to communication at present. The missionaries addressed are Rev. George Cornwall, Che Foo, Rev. Paul Mergen, Tsingtau; Rev. George F. Fitch, Shanghai; Rev. Dr. H. V. Noyes, Canton; Rev. Wm. Campbell, Kiang Chow, island of Japan. The Rev. Dr. A. B. Leonard, secretary of the Methodist Missionary society, called at following upon him in recognition of Brown, Che Foo; "Give location missionaries. Anxiety intense."

TO CUT OFF ARMS.

English Will Legislate to Stop Shipments to China.

London, July 20.—In the house of commons today, replying to a question relative to the exportation of arms to China, A. J. Balfour, the first lord of the treasury and government leader in the house, said it was impossible in the present state of the law to prohibit such exportation, but as the matter was extremely pressing a bill would today be introduced to give the government the necessary power. Such a bill was subsequently introduced in the house of lords.

TROOPS AT CANTON.

French Land Annamese to Protect a Suburb.

London, July 21.—A special dispatch from Hong Kong says French gunboats have landed 300 Annamese soldiers to protect Shamien, a suburb of Canton.

AMERICAN HONORED.

San Francisco, July 21.—Word has been received here that the hotel at Castle Craig, Shantung county, burned to the ground at 4 o'clock this morning. All the guests escaped with their baggage. Castle Craig tavern was a fashionable summer hotel high up in the mountains of Shantung, and was owned by the Pacific improvement company, and was crowded with guests.

A FATAL WRECK.

A Northwestern Express Ditched and Fireman Killed.

Huron, S. D., July 20.—The Northwestern express, which left here at 5 o'clock for Pierre, was derailed half way between Ree Heights and Highmore by cattle on the track.

Fireman George Briggs was killed and Engineer E. E. Vance severely injured. Both resided here. No passengers were injured.

THE POWERS TRIAL.

Stenographer Says She Was Warned of Trouble.

Georgetown, Ky., July 20.—Miss Annie Weit, of Louisville, who was stenographer to Auditor Sweeney when the Geibel assassination occurred, was the first witness called in the Powers' trial today. She heard only three shots, and the sound came from the direction of the office of the secretary of state. She was in the auditor's office at the time.

"Immediately after the shooting, several persons came into the room, but I did not know any of them. I never heard anybody ask about who was shot, and it was about five minutes before I heard what had occurred."

Asked as to what conversations she had heard prior to the shooting, witness said Henry Youtsey came into her office the day of the Vaughten-Berry contest and told her she would better leave the state house, as trouble was likely to occur. Youtsey had a rifle in his hand at the time.

Miss Weit said that a few minutes after the shooting, Assistant Secretary of State Matthews station two men with guns at the door of the building, with orders to allow no one to enter or leave the building.

Miss Snuffer, of Williamsburg, testified that Powers told her, Jan. 14, that before he would be robbed by the Democrats he would kill the members of them, at the same time exhibiting a pistol.

ANOTHER FOR CLEMENTS.

Preston Banker Is Given Ten Years Sentence.

La Crosse, Wis., July 20.—A special to the Republican and Leader from California, Minn., states that Banker J. R. Clements of La Crosse, accused of wrecking the Farmers' County bank of Preston, Minn., has been sentenced to ten years more on a second indictment. He was given five years on the first in March, M. R. Todd, his dupe, over whom a mysterious influence was exerted, died before the end of the second term of a broken heart.

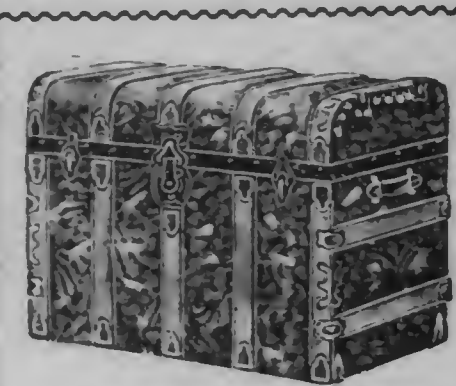
STAND OF A. F. OF L.

Denver, Col., July 20.—While the executive council of the American Federation of Labor has made no formal declaration on the subject, it is morally certain that the full support of the federation will be given to the Chicago Building Trades' council as against the Chicago Contractors' council. President Gompers and Vice Presidents Duncan and Kidd, who have been appointed a committee to attempt to adjust the dispute, will not meet in Chicago until after President Gompers has gone to St. Louis and made an effort, in conjunction with Vice President O'Connor, to induce the St. Louis street car strike. The council will conclude its business today or tomorrow.

ADAMS ASSIGNS.

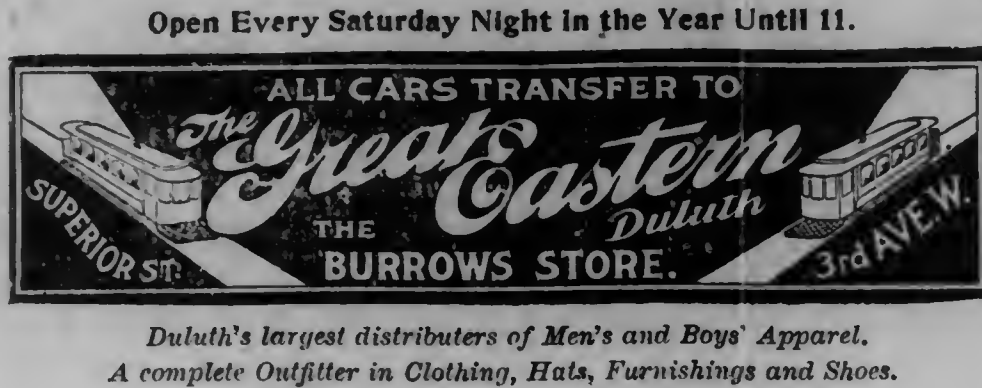
New York, July 20.—Hugh William Adams, doing business under the firm of William Adams & Co., a wholesale dealer in pig iron in this city, today made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors to William H. Moore, of this city, and was valued at \$50,000 to \$75,000 in the mercantile accounts.

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Extra Special Trunk Bargains—
Splendid well made
good looking Trunks—
(like cut only).....

\$4.45



Open Every Saturday Night in the Year Until 11.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
The Great Eastern
Duluth
BURROWS STORE.
3rd AVE. W.

Duluth's largest distributors of Men's and Boys' Apparel.
A complete Outfitter in Clothing, Hats, Furnishings and Shoes.

POUNDING AWAY AT THE PRICES.

Determined to reduce the stocks to the lowest point for our inventory—Great as the selling has been the variety and assortments are still amazingly large.

Great Cleaning Up Sale..

Before taking stock August 1st.

A Swift, Sharp Clearing Out From This Great Stock at Prices That Mean Business.

A mingling of the new with the best of the old—new things have been coming into this store with a good deal of frequency of late. You'll find a good sprinkling of early fall goods in almost all departments, but don't lose sight of the helps to economy that the low price marks on all summer goods carry with them.

Men's Trousers!

Did you ever hear of greater bargains than these we offer tomorrow?

\$3.95
for \$5 strictly tailor made perfect stylish materials.

\$5.00
for \$8.00, \$7.50 and \$6.50 Trousers.

Made by Rogers, Peet & Paragon people from best imported Worsteds by skilled custom tailors.

Men's Furnish's!

Bicycle and Golf Hose—
Best we ever had at the price—

50c

Special lot—in all sorts of fancy colors—with or without feet—cotton, merino and cassimere—If you don't know the price you would be willing to pay \$1.

Mid-Summer Shirts—

\$1.00

These are special Negligee with fancy pique bosoms—The bodies are plain white or colored as you will—Certainly an ideal Shirt for warm weather.

Boys' Overalls.

Good quality blue denim, front blids and suspenders straps, ages 4 to 15—price

25 cents

No Time Like Tomorrow to Buy a Suit or Fall Overcoat!

An unparalleled opportunity that smart dressers ought to grasp.

Choice of Any Suit in the House for

\$15

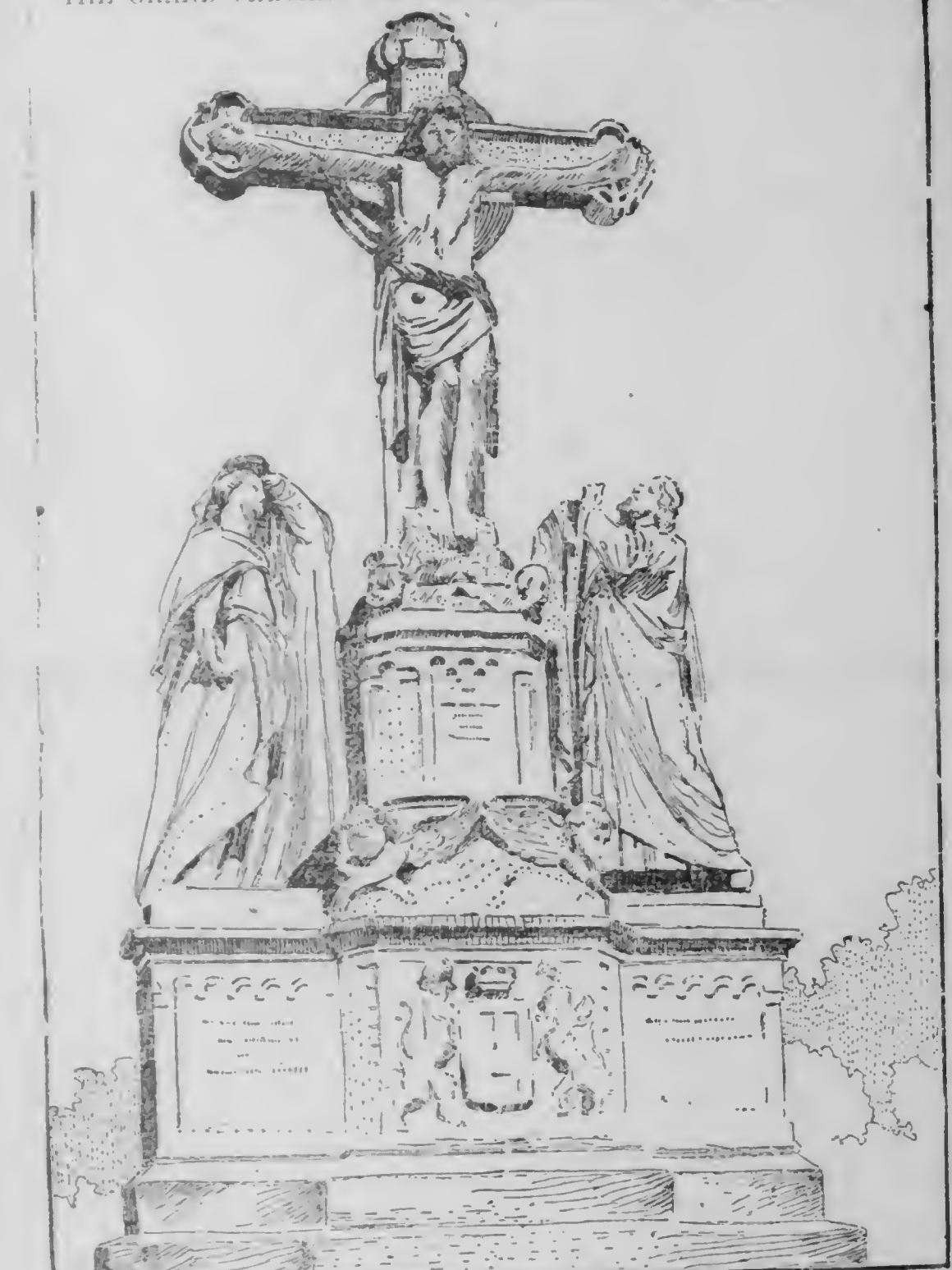
This includes the famous Rogers-Peet & Co. and the Stein-Bloch Tailor-made Garments—spring and summer styles—that we have sold all season for \$25, \$35, \$45, \$50, \$60, \$70, \$80, \$90, \$100, \$120, \$150, \$180, \$200, \$250, \$300, \$350, \$400, \$450, \$500, \$600, \$700, \$800, \$900, \$1000, \$1200, \$1500, \$1800, \$2000, \$2500, \$3000, \$3500, \$4000, \$4500, \$5000, \$6000, \$7000, \$8000, \$9000, \$10000, \$12000, \$15000, \$18000, \$20000, \$25000, \$30000, \$35000, \$40000, \$45000, \$50000, \$60000, \$70000, \$80000, \$90000, \$100000, \$120000, \$150000, \$180000, \$200000, \$250000, \$300000, \$350000, \$400000, \$450000, \$500000, \$600000, \$700000, \$800000, \$900000, \$1000000, \$1200000, \$1500000, \$1800000, \$2000000, \$2500000, \$3000000, \$3500000, \$4000000, \$4500000, \$5000000, \$6000000, \$7000000, \$8000000, \$9000000, \$10000000, \$12000000, \$15000000, \$18000000, \$20000000, \$25000000, \$30000000, \$35000000, \$40000000, \$45000000, \$50000000, 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THE PASSION PLAY AT OBERAMMERGAU

An Imposing Presentation of the Grandest
Tragedy Ever Conceived--Awe-In-
spiring Realism of the Production.

Oberammergau, July 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—I have just returned from the most striking performance that I ever fell to my lot to behold, and I say this after having been a theatergoer for upwards of a quarter of a century. It is no wonder that the realistic rendering of the Passion Play in this remote Bavarian village has become the talk of the entire world and that, in order to accommodate the constant stream of sightseers here, it has been necessary to erect the largest theater in existence anywhere. Although this theater, built of iron and capable of seating four persons, is not a thing of beauty in any sense, it shelters the most absolutely entrancing dramatic performance ever put upon a human stage. View it as you may, it seems as if the divine spirit of the original poet and illuminator of every original incident of the play, lifting the crude peasant actors and actresses out of their natural selves into an atmosphere of art and sublimity beyond and totally foreign to their everyday surroundings. Three hundred years ago, when the plague ravaged Europe, the inhabitants of this little village made a vow to God that if it would stop the plague they would present the Passion Play every ten years.

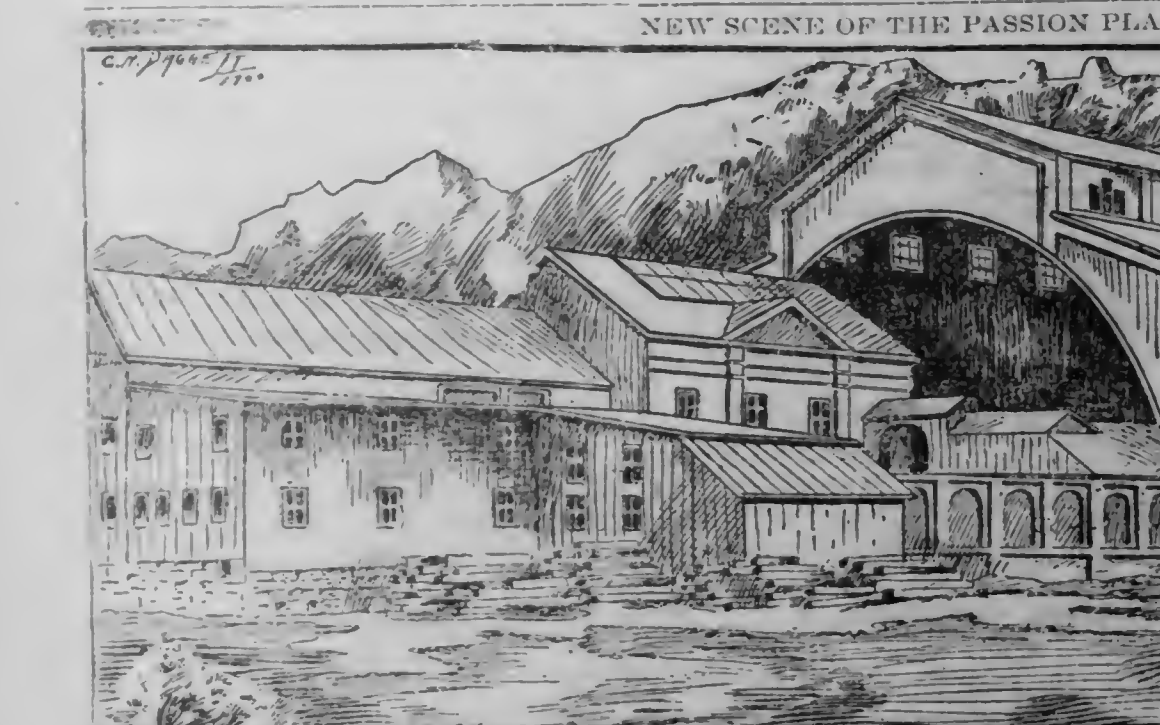
A painting representing one of these medieval performances forms the background of the stage at Oberammergau today. It shows how crude the original money-changers in the temple, for little



where the Passion Play is in progress stand upon these high, narrow, and steeply pitched roofs, as the last survivors of the plague, who, in a moment of madness, drove themselves into the mountain.

of the present complicated performance was in the beginning. The village and its background is composed of a few rough boards, against which three or four men are seen with their backs to the audience, and the little structure is gathered a group of quaint looking figures, clad in costumes which long have been obsolete.

The play is performed with the strictest possible fidelity to the character of the original occurrences, the simplicity and earnestness which marked the performance only a few years ago, when I was here before, has disappeared.



This is a picture of the building in which the great sacred drama is performed. It is much larger than the former edifice, and constructed on more extensive lines. This photograph was made especially for us, and is published here for the first time.

of the vast assemblage surge and loss like the waves of an angry sea. The crowd's thirst for blood now is aroused. It goes and clamors wildly at Pilate's door, after appealing to priests and Pharisees. What it wants perhaps it does not know. What it demands is the release of Barabbas and the crucifixion of Jesus.

The Roman governor does not relish their choice. He washes his hands to show his irresponsibility for their acts. Barabbas goes free and Christ is dragged away for execution by the Roman soldiers. The excitement of the audience reaches a tragic pitch when the pathetic figure of Christ, fainting under the weight of the great cross, appears upon the stage, while the Virgin Mary, Mary Magdalene, John and a few friends step forward on the multitude.

It seems as if with one voice the multitude constituting the audience utters a great sob. The crying continues as the victim is nailed upon the cross with every detail of the most exacting realism. To every one, it seems as if the real Christ were being executed upon the real cross. It is a masterpiece of stage effect, unimpaired during the long, drawn-out agony of twenty minutes. The curtain goes down upon the final and never to be forgotten climax of that eternal scene.

MARK FALLON.

THE TROUBLE IN CHINA.

Claim That It Is Due to the Powers' Encroachments.

To the Editor of The Herald: Your editorials and answers to them on the present situation in China, have interested me. I neither flatter nor

condemn you for the course you have taken. Doubtless you have studied the question, and are intelligently able to give it. As any other, you have a right to your own opinion. However, at a time like this, it seems rather difficult for you to cast the blame, not only on the powers, but on the Chinese, while these accuse the commercial world, who do not believe in the missionaries, for the cause of the Chinese. I believe, however, that the missionaries are the cause of the Chinese. The missionaries are the cause of the Chinese. The missionaries are the cause of the Chinese.

Every nation is justly jealous of its history, government and institutions. In its own estimation inferior to none—always the best. And it is right that the Celestials should thus think of their own. As of themselves, who, of late, have been terribly abused and humiliated by different Western powers, which, relying on the weakness of the Mongolian empire, acquiesced in apparently the rule of the missionaries. Such is the case in China. Under the pretext for universal commerce, France first captured the coast, the war with Japan and defeat could not but inflame the crushed nation against all that was foreign. The bold demands and encroachments of Russia, of England and Germany for territory, over which, in the past, five dynasties, and proudly occupied by a barbarian soldiery, could but exhaust their patience. Suppose these five dynasties had this been tried, how long would they have borne the humiliation? But it is China.

Next the oft-published threats of partitioning her—all this stuff, which, this is the fact that has been kindling the wrath of the patriotic Chinese against all foreigners. Such is the version of the Chinese. The Chinese in the Chicago Daily Tribune, July 16, we have lived there for years, and should know the facts. Happily that the United States never grabbed a foot of China's soil for commercial purposes, whose seaports might without offense have been opened for the same object as this and Russia have some reasonable excuse, especially the former, but none for any other.

Now the missionaries have been preaching the gospel to the Chinese for years, when they considered the missionaries and threats, they are regarded as tools of their different countries, from which all claim protection, against the institutions of the country. The missionaries are the cause of the Chinese. The missionaries are the cause of the Chinese.

Before closing, I would state that I have known several Chinese, converted to Christianity at home, studying in New England, who went back to impart their knowledge to their countrymen with success. Some eleven years ago, one left Tientsin, China, and among the Christian Chinese, telling me on his head, and return for \$3.50 good until July 23rd, account Chantauqua assembly.

Do not miss this elegant opportunity for a few days outing and picnicking among the majestic pines and beautiful trout in Wisconsin. Tickets at 105 West Superior street.

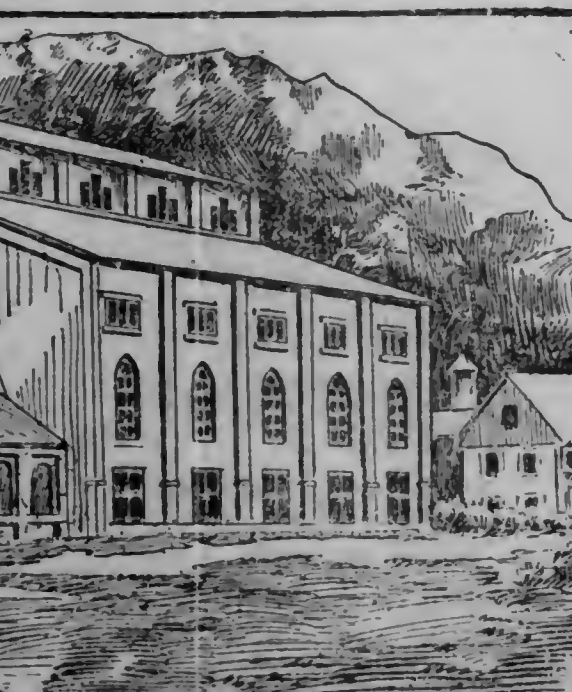
One of nature's remedies cannot harm the weakest constitution. It fails to cure summer complaints of young or old. Dr. Fowler's Kidney and Bladder Pills.

Chantauqua Assembly--Grand Excursion.

The Northwestern line will from July 11 to 22 sell excursion tickets to Chetek, Wis., and return for \$3.50 good until July 23rd, account Chantauqua assembly.

Do not miss this elegant opportunity for a few days outing and picnicking among the majestic pines and beautiful trout in Wisconsin. Tickets at 105 West Superior street.

NEW SCENE OF THE PASSION PLAY.



This is a picture of the building in which the great sacred drama is performed. It is much larger than the former edifice, and constructed on more extensive lines. This photograph was made especially for us, and is published here for the first time.

TROOPS AT MANILLA

Large Army Needed in the Philippines For the Next Year.

REDUCING IN CUBA

Only One Thousand Men Will Remain on Island By October.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, July 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The United States has to meet in China, it is admitted at the war department that the administration officials consider it a necessity to maintain anywhere from 40,000 to 100,000 troops in the Philippines for the next year, and possibly longer.

There are now about 64,000 troops equally divided between regulars and volunteers, under Gen. MacArthur, but this force is to be reduced by about 2000 for Chinese service under present orders. Troops now being equipped here for China are included in the estimate of 40,000 required in the Philippines, as they will be transferred to Manila immediately their services can be dispensed with in China.

Withdrawals of troops are to be made from Cuba, so that by Oct. 1 not more than 1000 men will remain on the island, distributed between the Havana and Santiago provinces. The police work of the island will be left to the native officials, and only a small detachment of regular troops maintained at the leading ports for this movement will also result. Gen. Lee and his assignment to service at home, in the Philippines, will be nearly two years, and has seen more continuous service there than, perhaps, any other American general. The reason for bringing home so many troops is open to conjecture, and it is an indication of the purpose in establishing an autonomous government in Cuba. It is quite probable, however, that the introduction of the United States to the place of the volunteers, the demarkation of which is the Pacific coast, in their furnishing sufficient excuse for the present plans.

The latest crop report from the department of agriculture states that the United States for the year 1899 amounts to \$2,323,131, as against \$1,046,561 for 1898, an increase of \$1,276,570. This would have been largely increased, but for the shutting down of several mines, owing to a strike in the United States, and the shutting down of several mines, owing to a strike in the United States, and the shutting down of several mines, owing to a strike in the United States.

The gold production for 1899, including both placer and lode gold, amounts to \$4,342,472. The output of gold was \$1,244,300, over double that of 1898. The large increase was due to the discoveries in the Yukon lake district, which, notwithstanding the disadvantage of the disputes regarding ownership caused by the enactment of the alien law, produced \$800,000 in gold. The output of gold obtained from lode mining in 1899 was \$2,572,572, an increase over 1898 of \$666,272.

The amount of copper produced in the province during 1899 was 7,722,500 pounds, an increase over 1898 of 50 per cent. As yet the copper mining districts of the alien law, produced \$1,244,300, over double that of 1898. The large increase was due to the discoveries in the Yukon lake district, which, notwithstanding the disadvantage of the disputes regarding ownership caused by the enactment of the alien law, produced \$800,000 in gold. The output of gold obtained from lode mining in 1899 was \$2,572,572, an increase over 1898 of \$666,272.

There has been a material decrease in the amount of silver produced in British Columbia, owing to the fact that the

THE FRENCH LEGATION AT PEKIN AND AMBASSADORIAL GUARD OF SAILORS.



The plenipotentiary stands in the center of the picture, immediately behind the blue jacketed, with Madame Pichon and their pretty 12-year-old daughter. Her tense, on his right. On both sides of the family are the attaches of the legation. Even as we go to press, it is for from unlikely that the naval detachment has been overpowered and the minister, his family and staff have been murdered by the bloodthirsty Boxers.

ECZEMA--SATANIC ITCH.



This most aggravating and tormenting of all skin diseases is caused by an acid condition of the blood, and unless relieved through certain instrumentalities too much of this acid poison reaches the skin and it becomes red and inflamed. The itching and burning are almost unbearable, especially when overheated from any cause. The skin seems on fire, sleep or rest is impossible, the desperate sufferer, regardless of consequences, scratches until strength is exhausted.

This burning, itching humor appears sometimes in little pustules, discharging a sticky fluid, which forms crusts and scales. Again the skin is dry, hard and fissured, itches intensely, bleeds and scabs over. This is a painful and stubborn form of the disease.

While Eczema, Tetter, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum and many like troubles are spoken of as diseases of the skin, they are really blood diseases, because

THERE CAN BE NO EXTERNAL IRRITATION WITHOUT AN INTERNAL CAUSE.

If the blood is in a pure, healthy condition, no poisonous elements can reach the skin.

External applications of washes, lotions and salves sometimes mitigate the itching and soothe the inflammation, but cannot reach the disease. Only S. S. S., the real blood medicine, can do this.

S. S. S., the only purely vegetable remedy known, is a safe and permanent cure for Eczema, and all deep-seated blood and skin troubles. It goes direct to the seat of the disease, neutralizes the acids and cleanses the blood, re-inforces and invigorates all the organs, and thus clears the system of all impurities through the natural channels; the skin relieved, all inflammation subsides, and all signs of the disease disappear.

Mrs. Lela M. Hoffman, of Cardington, Ohio, says she was afflicted with Scrofulous sores and Eczema from birth. Her face and neck became so badly swollen that she was not recognizable, and her limbs and hands were very sore. She was treated by all the doctors in town without being benefited, and in her researches for relief, was told by an old physician to take S. S. S. She followed his advice and was cured, and has never had a return of the disease. This was seven years ago. She sincerely believes she would have been in her grave years ago but for S. S. S., and adds, "what it has done for me it can do for you."

Send for our book on Blood and Skin Diseases, and write our physicians fully about your case; they will cheerfully give any information or advice wanted. We make no charge for this. Address, Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

ness of the trees, but the development and success of their culture in California constitute a subject of unusual interest.

More than a year ago the railroads of Southern California began a systematic effort looking to increasing their revenues. Prior to that time there was practically no amount of baggage which passengers were permitted to take with them either on first or third-class fares. About a year ago, however, an agreement was entered into with all the roads placing a limitation of sixty pounds of baggage on a third-class ticket and 120 pounds on a first-class ticket. Charge is made for overweight. At the beginning of this year a certain class of "season" tickets known as "traders" were increased 50 per cent. This has been followed by still another, going into effect June 1, which increases the price of return fares 20 per cent. Third-class week-end tickets are increased from \$2 to 20 per cent. The reason given in the case of these decided advances is the increased price of coal. The advance of \$1.20 per ton which has taken place this year will mean an increased expense to one road alone of \$1,600,000, estimating that this particular road uses 1,300,000 tons; and this line is not the largest. It is estimated that it will cost the railroads of Southern California for coal this year \$2,500,000 more than last year.

From the present outlook there does not seem to be any prospect of a recovery in the price of coal. The result is that all lines of manufacture and commerce are being forced to pay for the extraordinary high prices continue much longer.

The total output of minerals of the province during 1899 amounts to \$2,323,131, as against \$1,046,561 for 1898, an increase of \$1,276,570. This would have been largely increased, but for the shutting down of several mines, owing to a strike in the United States, and the shutting down of several mines, owing to a strike in the United States, and the shutting down of several mines, owing to a strike in the United States.

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BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At Detroit--Detroit, 7; Milwaukee, 4.
At Buffalo--Buffalo, 6; Buffalo, 1.
At Indianapolis--Indianapolis, 3; Kansas City, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Boston--Boston, 5; Chicago, 1.
At Philadelphia--Philadelphia, 1; Pittsburgh, 2.
At New York--New York, 8; St. Louis, 5.
At Brooklyn--Brooklyn, 12; Cincinnati, 8.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Played, Won, Lost, Per Cent.
Chicago 14 39 .662
Indianapolis 14 32 .625
Milwaukee 14 32 .625
Cleveland 14 32 .625
Detroit 14 32 .625
Kansas City 14 32 .625
Buffalo 14 32 .625

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largest producing mines have been shut down since June or July, on account of labor troubles, as stated above. The total silver production for the year amounted to 2,938,412 ounces of fine silver and of value \$12,132,000. The total lead production for 1899 amounted to 2,822,346 pounds, valued at \$838,370, as against 2,160,659 pounds, valued at \$1,077,581, for 1898, a decrease of 8,831,123 pounds of lead and of \$138,711 in value. Some 2000 tons of iron ore was mined in the Province last year--near Kamloops and on Texada island--which was used for fluxing purposes by the smelters.

Information from the state department is to the effect that the invitations to the opening in Valencia for American wheat does not seem to have been taken advantage of to any extent as yet. The market is practically in the hands of Marcellus middlemen, who usually dispose of their occasional exports of American wheat to Valencia, to a local combination of several brokers.

It is apparent that the mixture method can be pursued with profit, direct dealing would be more beneficial to our exporters, and it is believed that sufficient demand exists to repay close investigation. A letter expressing the views of R. C. Cunningham, a Valencia merchant, on the subject has been received and is as follows:

It is not necessary to call your attention to the possibility of direct business in American wheat in this market, and I will be pleased if my endeavors could be furthered to secure the same. Some 35,000 tons of foreign wheat have entered this port during the past ten months, in spite of the comparatively large crops cultivated here. The wheat grown in this district requires the admixture of foreign grain to make good flour. This important trade is done almost exclusively through Marcellus firms, and the bulk of the wheat proceeds from the Black Sea ports, though cargoes from India, Australia, New Zealand, Canada, and Argentina have found ready sale. Sundry parcels from the United States have been received, but I have no doubt that if export firms were completely demoralized the industry for some months, causing a deficit of \$90,000 in silver and lead values. It is believed that but for the shutting down of the penalties of which have recently been completely suspended, the same prices would have brought an increase of \$500,000 instead of the present deficit, making the year's increase \$2,323,131, or about 27 per cent over last year.

The coal mines of the province during 1899 turned out 1,266,253 tons of coal and 3,421 tons of coke, an increase over 1898 of 170,459 tons of coal and a decrease of 100 tons of coke. The total value of coal produced in the province during 1899 was \$2,572,572. The gold production for 1899, including both placer and lode gold, amounts to \$4,342,472. The output of gold was \$1,244,300, over double that of 1898. The large increase was due to the discoveries in the Yukon lake district, which, notwithstanding the disadvantage of the disputes regarding ownership caused by the enactment of the alien law, produced \$800,000 in gold. The output of gold obtained from lode mining in 1899 was \$2,572,572, an increase over 1898 of \$666,272.

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the state department has received a communication from Consul Harris, of Manheim, in which he states that he has been receiving frequent requests from local dealers in coal and manufacturers for prices of American coal on board ship at Rotterdam. These inquiries are from responsible parties and relate to both anthracite and bituminous coal. The people in this consular district are watching with intense interest the introduction of American coal. All prices for this market should be quoted by E. O. b. Rotterdam. Mr. Harris will be greatly obliged for information regarding approximate prices, with names of shippers from most available point in this market. J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

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DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR.

SATURDAY, JULY 21, 1900.

LAST EDITION.

TWO CENTS.

Sale of Framed Pictures

50 Per Cent
40 Per Cent
OFF
30 Per Cent
20 Per Cent

To reduce an overstocked Picture department we have placed all of our pictures on sale at the above discounts. This is an unusual opportunity to make attractive additions to the wall furnishings of your home at small cost.

Notice: No goods sent on approval during this sale. No goods will be exchanged when delivered as represented.

See Our Corner Window.

French & Bassett

First Street and Third Ave. West. Liberal House Furnishers.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK,

Real Estate and Loans.

FOR SALE. Finest two-story residence site in Duluth on the upper side of First street between 14th and 15th. \$3600. Fifty feet on East Superior St. between Fourth and Fifth Avenues for \$6000. No. 103 East Fourth Street—four room house, atom heat, brown stone foundation, easy terms, for only \$4000.

For Rent. No. 20 East Superior St., three floors and basement. Eight room house on Grand Avenue, Lester Park. SUITE OF THREE FRONT OFFICES IN MESABA BLOCK.

\$1250 Will buy a 7-room house on a corner lot on Fourth Street. Size of lot 70x100 feet. TERMS VERY EASY.

We have purchasers for vacant property in the East End.

Money to Loan at Lowest Rate of Interest.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,

Real Estate Loans and Insurance.
201 First National Bank Building.

Some People Spend Lots of Money--

For Clothes and Never Look Well

Hagberg & Erickson,
Over 218 West Superior Street.

20th Century Calendars....

See our samples and get our prices before you place your order.
PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Prompt Printers.

Badges, Buttons, Banners, Company. for all Societies and Unions. Consolidated Stamp & Printing Company. Barker & Orr, Props. Phoenix Bldg. Ch.

Northern Security Company
DULUTH & WEST DULUTH
HANSSEN SMITH, President.
REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE, STOCKS, BONDS AND INVESTMENTS.
OFFICES: 1 Banking Rooms, First Floor Palladio Bldg. 7 West Duluth Bank Building. See us before negotiating Securities.

FOR SALE! The property situated No. 103 West Superior St. Building in good repair—well rented—full 25-foot lot. Price, \$21,000 for quick sale.
JOHN A. STEPHENSON,
First Floor Providence Building.

Why is Electric Light Best?

Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.
CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.
SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.
CHEAP! In using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light and Power Co. OFFICES—215 W. Sup. St.

TROUBLE SPREADING

Boxer Rebellion Extending to the Northwest and Southwest.

IN SIX PROVINCES

Disturbances Are Occurring—Quiet South of the Yellow River.

New York, July 21.—A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from Shanghai says: The Boxer rebellion is spreading to the northwest to Shanxi and Kansu provinces and southwest to the province of Honan.

In connection with Tung Fuh Shiang's troops, the Boxers have endeavored to recover their lost ground in Shan Tung province, where the Boxer movement originated and was fostered by Yuesien, then governor, but since transferred to Shensi.

The Boxers suffered a severe reverse on July 8 from Yuan Shikai at Changchow.

On the southern border of Chih Li, adjoining Shan Tung, the Boxers have been overrunning Shan Tung and crossing the Yellow river into Kiangsu. All provinces south of the Yellow river are so far undisturbed. The provinces affected are Chih Li, Shensi, Shanxi, Honan, Kansu and Shan Tung, the last two only slightly.

Viceroy Li Yun and Chang Chituan are pro-foreign and maintain order from the Yangtze valley to the eastern portion of the Yellow river.

"KEEP UP THE FIRING."

Those Were the Last Words of Col. Liscum.

New York, July 21.—A special to the Herald from Chefoo via Shanghai says: The Americans engaged at Tien Tsin Friday and Saturday were the Ninth Infantry and 490 Marines. The army casualties were 13 killed, 71 wounded and 2 missing. The marine casualties were 4 killed and 23 wounded. Maj. Regan was wounded in the leg. Capt. Bookmiller in the leg. Capt. Lomley in the arm and Lieut. Long in the foot. Lieut. Leonard carried Lieut. Butler under a fierce flanking fire and was shot in the leg and arm. He swam a ditch under a hail of bullets. Only two of Leonard's arm has been amputated.

Col. Liscum was shot in half an hour. His last words were, "Keep up the firing."

The Ninth regiment and other Americans, with the Japanese, advanced against a diabolic fire, but were forced to lie in the mud all day, unable to help their wounded, and consumed by thirst. They could not drive the foe or charge or do anything except fire a few rounds.

The American hospitals at Tien Tsin are crowded and surgeons are needed. Col. Liscum's body was escorted to the burial place by two battalions of the Ninth.

The Japanese were the heroes of the battle, fighting with remarkable bravery. They charged through the breach and fought the Chinese hand to hand. Their conduct after the battle was equally good. Fifty guns were captured by the allies.

OPINIONS STILL DIFFER.

The Conger Message Does Not Reconcile the Experts.

New York, July 21.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: Mr. Conger's message to the state department came like a voice from the tomb and startled Europe. One of the best informed men of the veteran military service says that he accepted the rest of Mr. Conger's dispatch as a full and satisfactory proof that the ministers were alive.

When asked how he could explain the protracted defense of the inclosure, he asserted that the military guards had probably seized a commanding position on the great wall, where they had held the mobs at bay. He also was confident that the ministers and women had been transferred by a secret passage under the wall into the imperial city and had been hidden in the palace.

Another veteran of the consular service in China informed me that while he could not account for the American minister's reputed message, he could not comprehend how it had been possible for so weak and indefensible a position as the British embassy inclosure to be held for weeks against persistent assaults of soldiers armed with artillery, and that he was reluctantly forced to believe that the ministers and all refugees had perished.

TIEN TSIN IS QUIET.

Report Received From Admiral Remey to That Effect.

Washington, July 21.—The navy department has received the following cablegram from Admiral Remey, dated Taku, July 20:

"Tien Tsin quiet. Latest report, Russian sources. July 13, legation, Peking still holding out. Reliability of this information uncertain. Maj. Regan, Capt. Nyes and Bookmiller, First Lieut. Lawton and Schofield, wounded. Ninth Infantry officers, and Second Lieut. Jolly, marine corps, killed. Second Lieut. Solace. Expect about thirty wounded men. Will then send all to Yokohama camp."

The Lieut. Schofield who is given among the wounded for the first time by Admiral Remey is Francis H. Schofield. He was born in New York and was appointed second lieutenant of the Seventeenth Infantry June 12, 1891. He was transferred to the Ninth Infantry June 10, 1892. He was made first lieutenant Sept. 16, 1897, and assigned to the Fifth In-

fantry, but later was transferred to the Ninth, and was with that regiment in the Philippines when it was ordered to China.

DOUBTING THOMASES.

English Are Still Suspicious of the Conger Message.

London, July 21.—The unreserved credence given Minister Conger's message by officials at Washington continues to occasion surprise in London. The absence of any date and the absence of acknowledgment of receipt of the telegram from the state department are considered here as fatal drawbacks to the acceptance of the message as a reply to Secretary Hay, or as anything but a spontaneous appeal for help, sent off long prior to the alleged date of the message. This all-absorbing topic is fully canvassed in its pros and cons, but all theories admittedly present difficulties which only add to the uncertainty of the situation and render the unraveling of the puzzle harder.

The announcement of the British cruiser Bonaventura's departure from Woo-Sung, as alleged in paragraph 14 of the Conger message, comes somewhat as a surprise after the fact, but confirmation of the news will meet the approval of a large majority, as Li Hung Chang's present attitude is regarded as being characteristically duplicitous.

As Li Hung Chang was booked for Shanghai the departure of the Bonaventura from the nearby port of Woo-Sung seems to indicate a suspicion of the part of the government that its real objective point may be elsewhere, where he would not be so easily reached by representatives of the powers.

The Chinese invasion of Siberia appears to have been checked so promptly that, probably, it will not be a serious matter. It is reported from Chefoo that the international commissioners have concluded that it is impossible to advance the story of Peking before the middle of August.

POINTERS BY HILLIER.

British Military Adviser on the Chinese Situation.

New York, July 21.—Sir Walter Hillier, who has just recently been appointed adviser to the military authorities in China by the British government, was a passenger on the steamer Lucania, which reached port from Liverpool today. Talking of his mission, Sir Walter said:

"My appointment is that of a political officer, and I am under orders to proceed at once to join Sir Alfred Gazezelli, who has been appointed to the post of British military adviser in China. I know the country thoroughly and speak the language."

When shown the dispatch received from Minister Conger yesterday, Sir Walter said:

"This is the most hopeful news that has come from China for a long time. It is a message of peace and good will, and it is a message that the British government has received through Chinese sources, for they are like all Asiatic people—they have to be told to do so. It would be to disseminate false information if it were not so."

When told that Secretary Hay had urged the powers to make all haste to Peking, Sir Walter said: "The difficulty of travel in China was one of the great problems against which foreigners had to contend. The road from Tien Tsin to Peking was well known. However, the Pei Ho river was navigable only by a single steamer, and military equipments could not be taken over the road with any advantage."

"First, the Chinese would be necessary to clear the river and protect the base of the allies. This would be necessary before any advance could be made. The Chinese," he continued, "have surprised a puzzle. Even now, I am not sure that they could make such a detailed statement. Even now, I am not sure that they could make such a detailed statement."

Sir Walter will leave at once for China by way of Vancouver.

ANSWER OF FRANCE.

Reply to the Chinese Emperor's Appeal For Mediation.

Paris, July 21.—At the council of ministers today the minister of foreign affairs, M. Delcasse, read a telegram from the emperor of China asking the mediation of France with the foreign powers. The telegram was signed by Prince Tuan, the son of Prince Tuan.

The reply given by M. Delcasse was that the French government would be pleased to accept the mediation of France with the foreign powers, and that the French government would be pleased to accept the mediation of France with the foreign powers.

So long as these necessary guarantees are not furnished, there is room only for the proposition to prevent the exportation of arms to China.

REASSURING EDIT.

A Copy is Given the French Government.

Paris, July 21.—Yue Keng, the Chinese minister here, today handed to the minister for foreign affairs, M. Delcasse, an imperial edict dated July 15, giving the assurance that all the foreign ministers in Peking, except Baron von Ketteler, the German minister, were safe and sound, under the protection of the imperial court.

The edict, which was stated above, is dated Peking, July 15, was transmitted by the viceroy of Nankin under the date of today, and is as follows:

For a month past, with the exception of the German minister, who was assassinated by rebels when the authorities arrested him, the foreign ministers have been well protected by the court, and happily they are safe and sound.

BRITAIN GETS A COPY.

Chinese Minister Delivers Edict Saying Legationaries Are Safe.

London, July 21.—Sir Chih-Chen-Loh-Feng-Loh, the Chinese minister to Great Britain, visited the foreign office this morning, and delivered to the foreign office a copy of the imperial edict giving assurance that on July 15 all the foreign ministers at Peking, except Baron von Ketteler, the German minister, were safe and sound, under the protection of the imperial court.

The Chinese minister did not see the British minister of foreign affairs, Lord Salisbury. The alleged edict was received without comment.

WU GETS ADVICES

Minister Receives Dispatches Confirmatory of the Conger Message.

OF OFFICIAL NATURE

An Edict From the Chinese Emperor Sent Via Nankin.

Washington, July 21.—The Chinese minister has just left the secretary of state and says that he had delivered to Mr. Hay several official documents direct from Peking confirming the Conger dispatch of yesterday.

The Chinese minister Wu Ting Fang, communicated to the secretary of state this morning two important telegrams. The first is from Sheng, the director of posts and telegraphs in Shanghai, and says:

"Fortunate that Minister Conger's telegraphic reply has come. Imperial decree of the 23d, this moon (corresponding to July 15) stated that all ministers were safe. Insurgents are fighting and killing each other. Li Hung Chang is proceeding northward to suppress riot; will find it difficult to do so."

The second telegram is from Li Ku-Yi, viceroy of Nankin, dated July 21, and received by Minister Wu at 10 o'clock the same day. It is as follows:

"According to edict of 22nd, of this moon (July 15), with the exception of the German minister, who was killed by anarchists, with regard to which rigorous measures are being taken to investigate and punish the guilty parties, all the other ministers, for whom strenuous efforts are being made for their protection, are fortunately unharmed."

Li Ku-Yi, the viceroy of Nankin, is one of the great officers of China, and stands high in the esteem of the diplomats at Li Hung Chang.

BELGIANS WANT PROOF.

They Will Test the Truth of Sheng's Reports.

Brussels, July 21.—The charge d'affaires at the Chinese legation here this morning received a telegram from Chih-Hou-Leh-Pong, the Chinese minister at London, saying he had just received a telegram from the governor of Shan Tung, transmitted by the Chinese minister at London, telegraphing at Shanghai, stating that all the Chinese ministers at Peking were safe and sound, and that the Chinese government was in a position to receive the Belgian refugees in that city.

AFTER LI.

A British Cruiser Leaves Woo Sung Allegedly to Seize Him.

Shanghai, Friday, July 21.—The British cruiser Bonaventura left Woo Sung early this morning. It is reported to seize the Au Ping with Li Hung Chang on board. A triumphal arch erected in Li Hung Chang's honor has been ordered by the council to be removed.

CHINESE GO.

They Have Entirely Evacuated Tien Tsin and the Vicinity.

London, July 21.—The admiralty this morning received the following telegram from Admiral Seymour:

"Tien Tsin and neighborhood entirely evacuated by Chinese."

WARNED HIM.

Noaks Says Powers Told Him Goebel Was to Be Shot.

Georgetown, Ky., July 21.—Robert Noaks, whose testimony against Caleb Powers, charged with complicity in the Goebel shooting, began yesterday, was cross-examined today. He said he was deceived into a talk with Col. Campbell at Big Stone Gap, Va., prior to his arrest, where the latter met him as Mr. Kiaman, interested in mining. The conversation led into politics and then to the Goebel assassination. Later he found he was talking to the attorney for the prosecution. He said Campbell did not promise him anything for his testimony.

Witness said that he had an idea that Goebel was to be killed, but he thought it would be in a fight and not by assassination. When told by John Powers that Goebel was to be killed, he hurried out to prevent the assassination.

Noaks was re-examined regarding the trip to Big Stone Gap, and the meeting at the time of the meeting of the election commissioners in December. He repeated that Powers had instructed him to have his men crowd into the state house, so the governor would have an excuse to call out the militia. When they got there, however, Governor Bradley blocked their game by telling them to "sylvan the grass," as the witness expressed it.

Witness reiterated that the object of Powers was to intimidate the commissioners.

FATH'S UNSHAKEN

Officials Satisfied That the Conger Message Is Authentic.

CONCERNED OVER LI

Fear Trouble If He Is Seized and May Make Protest.

Washington, July 21.—After twenty four hours deliberation, and after giving due consideration to the incredulous criticisms of the European authorities as to the Conger message, the state department remains unshaken in its first conclusion, that the message was authentic and that Minister Conger was alive on July 18. Corroborative evidence came to the department this morning through Minister Wu from two widely removed sources. The one from Sheng at Shanghai, and the other from the viceroy of Nankin. They make it clear that an edict certainly has been issued relative to the condition of the foreign ministers and contain other matters of information of the greatest value and interest, if they be true.

It may, however, be mentioned, and this point was duly discussed by Secretaries Hay, Root and Long this morning, that all of these communications from Peking at two points, passed through the same channel. At Shanghai, Sheng receives everything in Washington. Mr. Wu is the medium. The point of this is that this additional evidence is derived from a source of its corroborative value. Notwithstanding this fact, our government is proceeding upon the presumption that the communications are authentic. It has not been influenced in this attitude by European criticism, but convinced that it has everything to gain and nothing to lose by responding in confidence in the friendly disposition of the pro-foreign Chinese officials, to alleviate the condition of the legationaries, if they are still alive. It certainly has lost nothing by acting on this plan, for, so far from abating the carrying out of its military program the government has sought to infuse additional energy into the commanders of its forces in China, as was exhibited in Secretary Long's cablegram yesterday to Admiral Remey. Therefore, the Shanghai report that Li Hung Chang is to be detained, and prevented from going to Peking, is received here with forbidding of evil. It cannot be conceived how Li could materially add to the Boxers' strength, even if he doubted that to interfere with his freedom of movement would precipitate a crisis in the southern provinces of China, and certainly would prevent him from doing anything for the foreign ministers, if he is acting in good faith.

Feeling that the powers themselves are now willing to admit the error made by their naval commanders in not following Admiral Kempff's advice at Taku, the officials here deprecate the adoption by any of the powers further measures in the same wrong direction. Possibly, this subject may form the basis of some rapid diplomatic exchanges.

Besides Mr. Wu, who came with his two cable messages, Secretary Hay, this morning, saw Senator Burrows and succeeded in converting that senator into an optimist regarding the Chinese situation. The senator frankly stated that he had all along felt that the legationaries had been killed, but he was now satisfied that they were alive and being protected by the Chinese officials.

Gen. Leonard Wood also saw Secretary Hay. He is deeply concerned over the fate of Miss Mary Condit Smith, his sister-in-law, who was in the United States legation in Peking. But he also is now disposed to believe that she has been saved with the others.

There have been no fresh reports in the troops over night, and in fact there is nothing new in the military or naval situation, save the brief casualty list from Admiral Remey.

CLOSE CALL.

A Shell From Sandy Hook Bounds Over a Passenger Steamer.

New York, July 21.—Capt. Burgh, of the Savannah Line steamer City of Birmingham, reports that when passing Sandy Hook, shortly after noon yesterday, bound in from Savannah, a shell, which was fired from the Sandy Hook proving grounds, struck the water between his vessel and the shore, about 150 feet from the vessel, and ricocheting, passed over his vessel about midships. There was great excitement at what was considered a very narrow escape, and many of the passengers were much frightened.

CAR TURNED TURTLE.

Electric Car Capsizes and Forty Persons Are Hurt.

Niles, Ohio, July 21.—A street car containing forty persons on the Mineral Ridge & Niles railway jumped the track at Mineral Ridge last night and turned over. Every person on board was injured. The most seriously hurt were: Howell Williams, of Mineral Ridge, may die; Walkin Williams, of Niles, internally injured; Will Newby, Niles, head badly injured; John Egan, Niles, badly bruised; Sam Shaw, Niles, hip and head injured.

GOOD SUM RAISED.

New York, July 21.—Nearly \$600 was realized from the sale of crates of peaches auctioned today at the pier of the Pennsylvania railroad, for the benefit of the Georgia Industrial home, at Macon, Ga., a parcel of about 100 crates was contributed by the fruit-growers of Georgia for this purpose.

REPORT BY SEARS

Improvements on Duluth and Other Harbors During Fiscal Year.

MUCH WORK IS DONE

Extension of the Breakwater at Grand Marais and Two Harbors.

From The Herald

Washington Bureau.

Washington, July 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—The report of Maj. Sears, engineer officer in charge of improvements in harbors on Lake Superior, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900, was received today at the war department. The report states that the improvement of the Grand Marais, Minn., harbor commenced in 1880, and at the present time the length of completed breakwater is 350 feet, or one-half of the whole, and the 16-foot anchorage is 26 acres in extent, the full capacity of the harbor being 61 acres. The report also adds that the report is now well under way, crabs having been completed ready for sinking, and the work is to be finished Dec. 1, 1900, and as the dredging has been completed according to the original project, for the completion of the breakwater, a balance of \$124,234 is available.

In reference to the harbor at Azate bay (or Two Harbors), the report states that 130 feet of running embankment was completed on June 30, 1900, and the contract for the crib foundation and timber superstructure pier extensions has been awarded, and the work is to be completed by Sept. 1, 1901. This work is under way, and when it is finished the project for the improvement of the harbor will be completed.

Dredging constituting the bulk of the work of improving the harbor at Duluth and Superior. Altogether 4,529,357 cubic yards of material was removed. The new south pier of the Duluth ship canal was completed on April 17, 1900, seven-ton crabs for the north pier were completed, piling driven and saved out, six crabs have been sunk and secured, and four of the six have been decked over ready for concrete footing blocks. There was expended during the fiscal year \$655,574. Uncompleted contracts are \$1,360,252.34, leaving no available balance July 1, 1900.

Considerable work was done on the breakwater in the harbor at Ashland during the year, \$110,616.52 being expended. The amount covering the uncompleted contracts is \$22,900, leaving an available balance of \$37,465.

Work on the waterway from Keweenaw bay to Lake Superior, Michigan, resulted in the removal of 346,000 cubic yards. This dredging resulted in giving a very fair 20 foot channel, 120 foot wide, into Portage lake through Portage river. Many feet of revetment was constructed and the old revetment was removed. Over \$25,000 was spent during the year. The uncompleted contracts are covered by \$10,146.82, leaving no balance to July 1, 1900.

Since the last annual report as to the work at Marquette, 500 feet of extension to the concrete superstructure to the breakwater, began in May, 1899, has been completed. Over \$23,000 was expended and a balance of \$1,066.57 is available. Work was also done on 500 feet extension to the breakwater in the harbor of refuge at Marquette, \$11,626.13 being expended. The uncompleted contracts are covered by \$17,280, leaving a balance of \$1,514.36.

Repairs and extensions to piers characterized the year's work at the harbor of refuge at Grand Marais, Mich. \$19,484.02 being expended. The uncompleted contracts are covered by \$44,470, leaving an available balance of \$59,733 to July 1, 1900.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

KEEP TROOPS IN CUBA.

Force to Be Maintained There for Several Months.

Washington, July 21.—Gen. Wood, governor general of Cuba, had a conference today with the secretary of war, with the result that it was determined to keep a force in Cuba for several months yet. This decision will permit of the withdrawal from the island of another regiment in addition to those previously ordered home. It was also decided that the constitutional convention should be convened during the early fall, the date being left to Gen. Wood.

Gen. Wood says that peace and quiet will be maintained in Cuba, and that he kept there simply for their moral influence and as an indication to the people that lawlessness will not be tolerated. He left here this afternoon for New York and will visit Boston early next week. He expects to sail for Havana to resume his official duties next Saturday.

CHINESE ARE COMING.

Hundreds Reported Making Their Way Via Mexico.

Port Wau, Texas, July 21.—Reports from the border say hundreds of Chinamen are being landed in the republic of Mexico, and are making their way to the border in an effort to get into the United States. It is said thousands of Chinamen are coming to America to escape the war raging in the Chinese empire.

NEW YORK, G. O. P.
New York, July 21.—The Republican state committee decided today at Saratoga on Sept. 4.

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department.

Weather Bureau, Duluth, Minn., July 21, 1900.

The barometer is high in districts

south of Duluth, and is low in the

districts north of Duluth. The

temperature is high in the

districts south of Duluth, and is

low in the districts north of

Duluth. The wind is from the

south in the districts south of

Duluth, and from the north in

the districts north of Duluth.

The clouds are from the south

in the districts south of Duluth,

and from the north in the

districts north of Duluth.

The rain is from the south in

the districts south of Duluth,

and from the north in the

districts north of Duluth.

The sun is from the south in

the districts south of Duluth,

and from the north in the

districts north of Duluth.

The moon is from the south in

the districts south of Duluth,

and from the north in the

districts north of Duluth.

The stars are from the south in

the districts south of Duluth,

and from the north in the

districts north of Duluth.

The planets are from the south in

the districts south of Duluth,

and from the north in the

districts north of Duluth.

The comets are from the south in

the districts south of Duluth,

and from the north in the

districts north of Duluth.

The meteors are from the south in

the districts south of Duluth,

and from the north in the

districts north of Duluth.

The aurora are from the south in

the districts south of Duluth,

and from the north in the

districts north of Duluth.

The solar flares are from the south in

the districts south of Duluth,

and from the north in the

districts north of Duluth.

The solar winds are from the south in

the districts south of Duluth,

and from the north in the

districts north of Duluth.

The solar storms are from the south in

the districts south of Duluth,

and from the north in the

districts north of Duluth.

The solar eruptions are from the south in

the districts south of Duluth,

and from the north in the

districts north of Duluth.

The solar outbursts are from the south in

the districts south of Duluth,

and from the north in the

ley duty in addition to the cost of manu-

facture. The profits of the trust are now

estimated at over \$200,000 a year, and

every cent of this enormous sum is taken

out of the pockets of the people. As long

as the Dingley tariff remains in force, no

relief from this trust extortion is possi-

ble. European beet sugar manufacturers

cannot compete with the trust because of

the duty. While the trust has advanced the

price of one of the necessities of life in

less than two months from \$2.50 to \$3.00,

and thereby increased its profits \$45,000,000

annually no mention has ever been made

of an increase in the wages of its em-

ployees. Class legislation enacted by the

Republican party has permitted this

trust to rob the people. The Republican

party is responsible for the additional tax

upon every consumer of sugar. It has re-

fused to repeal the duties on trust-con-

trolled articles and give relief to the peo-

ple from the exactions of the trusts. Such

a party is not deserving of support by the

people.

OUR CHINESE POLICY.

William J. Bryan's interview in re-

spect to the situation in China breathes

the spirit of the Democratic platform

adopted at Kansas City. It is American

in tone and voices the sentiment of the

American people in opposition to the

imperialistic policy that would tie the

United States hand and foot to Europe.

In common with every other person in

this country, Mr. Bryan believes that it

is the duty of our government to pro-

tect the lives and property of American

citizens residing in China, and he has

no doubt that the administration will do

so. But there the duty of the govern-

ment ends. That is the limit of the gov-

ernment's power, without the expressly

given authority of congress. This is not

a time to act hastily, and the news-

papers that have been calling upon the

president to rush a large army into

China and join the European land-grab-

bers in waging war upon the Chinese do

not represent the sentiments of the

American people; certainly not those

who are supporters of Mr. Bryan

and the Democratic platform.

This is made very clear by Mr.

Bryan, who displays his customary can-

nor in making a clear and explicit state-

ment of his attitude towards the Chinese

question. Protection for the Americans

now in China—a firm adherence to the

American policy of justice and fair deal-

ing so as to assure the Chinese govern-

ment that we do not covet any part of

their territory—this is the platform upon

which Mr. Bryan stands. It is

broad enough to hold all the American

people who believe that the United

States should remain true to its tradi-

tions and "keep clear of all foreign en-

tanglements." This is the teaching of

the Kansas City platform. It is Ameri-

canism as contradistinguished from

monarchism and imperialism.

It is gratifying to notice that the

administration at Washington has so

far refrained from committing any act

that can be construed otherwise than

as part of the program to protect the

lives and property of American citizens

and rescue the American minister and

other Americans reported to be in

serious peril of massacre in Peking.

The decision of the administration not to

exhibit increased military haste for fear

it would precipitate matters in China

and add to the belief among the Chinese

that this country desires to gobble up

their territory is also a wise pre-

and examine and report on unsanitary

areas as a preliminary to appointment for

their work as inspectors.

EVENING PAPERS FAVORED.

When Mr. Hearst recently decided to

enter the Chicago newspaper field he

established an evening paper. This was

significant, the end of events in the

newspaper world. The evening

paper is the most widely-read paper in

every city. The chief reason why this is

so is that the evening paper gives the

news when it is news and enjoys a re-

markable advantage over the morning

paper in getting the news first. This

is particularly true in regard to events

happening in Europe, Africa and Asia,

as a result of which the important war

news reaches the evening paper first.

There was an illustration of this fact

yesterday, when The Herald published

the welcome news that the state depart-

ment had received a message from Min-

ister Conger in Peking. It is many

months since the morning papers have

published an item that was not in the

evening paper. The eagerness of Euro-

pean news agencies and the Associated Press

to gather the news and cable it to the

evening papers of the United States. Much

of it appears in their early editions and

all of it in the principal afternoon edi-

tions. Then night settles down on Asia,

a few hours later on Europe, and there

is but scanty news for the morning

papers.

The wars in the Philippines and South

Africa were even better for the

evening press than the Spanish-

American conflict, because most

of the large events of the

latter were in the West Indies, where

the difference in longitude did not fig-

ure, but the negotiations for the govern-

ment was obliged to take against ves-

sels making ports at night during the

war with Spain occupied fearfully

against the morning papers.

The war news from China naturally

centers in the capitals of Europe and at

Washington. The eagerness of Euro-

pean news agencies and the Associated Press

for news must be satisfied at

hours which throw all intelligence

gathered there into the columns of the

American evening papers. This is em-

phasized still more in the Midwest,

where the difference in time is one or

two hours as against New York and

Washington.

The Des Moines News, in a recent ar-

ticle on this subject, draws attention

to the fact that the invention of wireless

telegraphy has done much for today's

lead of the afternoon papers by en-

abling them to chronicle the results of

air races without waiting for the re-

turn of boats to shore. The result is

that this country desires to gobble up

their territory is also a wise pre-

caution, and is in accord with the policy

advocated by Mr. Bryan. There is no

evidence yet that the Chinese govern-

ment has abetted any of the outrages

already committed. Indeed there is

good reason to believe that the govern-

ment of outrages that come from Shang-

hai and Hong Kong. They come from

sources notoriously hostile to the

Chinese. There is no doubt that the

"Boxer" uprising has attained im-

mense proportions, and it would also

appear that the Chinese government has

done all within its power to put down

the insurrection. Latest reports indi-

cate that the government has been able

to prevent the massacre of the legation-

ers in Peking and to stowily making

headway against the insurrection.

Efforts to crush the rebellion and restore

order would certainly be hampered by

large and threatening foreign armies.

Their advance would arouse anew the

anti-foreign feeling and persuade the

Chinese that the "Boxers" were right

in trying to kill all "the foreign devils."

In this way fuel would be added to

an insurrection based upon the national

idea. The United States must not do

ought to add to the difficulties of the

Chinese government in putting down the

rebellion, no matter what may be the

attitude of the other nations. If Presi-

dent McKinley keeps within the lines

marked down in Mr. Bryan's interview

there will be no safe ground.

Will Be Roosevelt For Repub- licans and Towne For the Democrats.

the Pacific coast, was regarded as an expert and was recommended by leading

Few Had Any Idea of Delinquency Until They Received Them.

Despite the most extreme precautions
amok through the quarters peopled by
nells of each street through which they

So far, it is said, the Republicans have done better than the best of this industry. Locally the Republicans are the only ones that have done much hustling to get out candidates for citizenship, and some good work has been done along that line. The Democrats are just getting down to work on the

of the American and European residents
Chinese converts to Christianity, slaughtering
mass with teeming torrents.

square, London, cost £30 10s. or at the rate of £191,000,000 per acre—beyond a doubt the highest price ever paid in England for land. The Southeastern Railway company was asked at the rate of £55,000,000 per acre for a piece of ground in Bermondsey, which had a depth of

and the small percentage of duty-observing men, women and babes indiscreetly

I WANT TO SEE
Rooms 5 and 6
PHOENIX BLOCK:
Telephone 755, Call 4.

mandarins, the boxers break loose and, frenziedly, burning and pillaging the dwell-

those people who want the very best
DENTAL WORK
at a very moderate price
D. H. DAY, Dent

that city of terror every few days a
s of rich and poor and reddening th

rid. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Win-
w's Soothing Syrup", and take no other
id.

Despite the most extreme precautions
amok through the quarters peopled by
nells of each street through which they

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Dainty Summer Costumes.

Woman Has Arrayed Herself In the Loosely Flowing Robes of Relaxation and Is Studying the Art of Lounging.

Wide Field For Original Ideas. The Low Cut Tailor Vest Popular.

Woman, in her hour of ease, is learning to make herself doubly attractive and seductive. Surely before this season she has never so fully realized the golden opportunity which summer affords to don the loosely flowing robes of relaxation and array herself in every kind of dainty matinee, peasant, breakfast saque, tea gown and negligee drapery.

These dainty affairs for the room and house are more fascinating and varied than they have ever been, and the girl of the season is giving considerable thought and study to the fine art of lounging.

Of course these diaphanous, cloud-like robes in which she envelops herself are purely by way of contrast with her trim sporting frocks, in which she gets

from the shoulder, both in the back and in the front, are lightly confined at the waist with a skeleton girdle of narrow black ribbon, propped upon several upright velvet covered wheelbones, and tied carefully at one side, the ends and long loose loops of the velvet falling in a shower to the bottom of the skirt. This gives the costume from its somewhat too gawlike appearance, and gives a refreshing contrast in color. The sleeves reach nearly to the waist, where they flare broadly and disclose an inner frill of the creamy lace nestling about the shapely wrist. The bottom of the gown has a broad band of creamy lace insertion set in a trellised pattern, the opened squares between the lines of insertion having quaint little rosettes of the narrow velvet ribbon in their center, with trailing ends of the rosettes falling to the hem.

Another one of our quaint little negligee arrangements, which she keeps strictly for her room, and in which she goes by her side when engaged in attending to her correspondence, is an original little Japanese silk affair in blue and yellow, which boasts a band border of pale blue silk, and gives the general impression of a number of fancy handkerchiefs caught together and shaped into a sort of drape, which acts as a covering and yet opens itself in an indescribable way to every passing and desultory breeze. The sleeves were designed on the Kimono principle, ending in long flowing points and cut extremely short at the inner arm, while the front met beneath the throat in an open V and trailed off into pointed draperies which reached below the knees. The back was most unique and original, and gave a touch of quaintness and jauntiness which was quite a la mode, and altogether irresistible. It was extremely short, reaching just below the waist line in a broad effect, and ending in a broad square flap, which was

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kimono and negligees are an absolute necessity for the privacy of her own room or boudoir, and are a part of her wardrobe which receives its due share of study and attention.

However, to turn to a fad of a distinctly opposite character, I must tell you that the eminently feminine tone of the fashions is pleasantly varied just now by the notion of wearing a low cut, double breasted, mannish vest, with barrels and severe tailor buttons and button holes. Strange to say, it is worn in the most inconspicuous way with the frivolous little bolero jacket, and chemise of frothy mousseline, point d'esprit and unbordered batiste. There is a decided smartness in this one swagger touch to the giddy and light styles of modern frocks, and in its surprising contrast is its charm. Taffetas, satins, pannes and plaques are the materials popularly employed in fashioning them.

Turners have it that this is but the entering wedge of a new regime, and that ever changing woman is wearying of her feminine fullness and finery, and is beginning to lean to the styles that are neat, trim and military.

Low Rate Excursion to Atlantic City, N. J., and Other Seaside Resorts VIA THE BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R.

In order to give its patrons an opportunity to visit the seashore at a nominal cost, the Baltimore & Ohio railroad company will sell low-rate excursion tickets to Atlantic City, Cape May, and Sea Isle City, N. J., and Ocean City, Md., on Thursday, August 2, 1900.

Atlantic City has acquired such fame as a summer resort that a description of its various attractions is superfluous. Thousands are annually attracted to this delightful resort for the enjoyment

The Copper Districts

Possibility of Strike That Will Tie Up Montana Mines and Cause a Copper Famine.

Houghton, Mich., July 21.—(Special to the Herald.)—Just at present Montana is the storm center of the copper trade, and from that Western state may or may not come some surprising things within the next few weeks. There is a possibility of a strike that will tie up every Montana copper mine, and such a strike, if begun, would threaten a copper famine and probably boost prices to a high figure in a very short time. The world's supply of copper is so nicely adjusted to requirements that demand and supply are practically balanced at the present time. Montana produces about one-quarter of all the copper mined in the world and any stoppage of so important a supply even for a short time, would necessarily have a very stimulating effect on prices. The trouble in Montana is merely a new phase of an old row. Years ago Marcus Daly and W. A. Clark of the territory of Montana quarreled. Thousands of such quarrels have happened before and since, with slight consequences to any but the principals, but in this case the men were both of the sort that hold quarrels indefinitely. Both were able men and both have since become millionaires many times over. As they have gained in wealth and years, their feud has increased in bitterness. Each has adherents and the daily factions can be counted only with a Corbinian vendetta. The entire state is so divided between these two factions and the bad blood is manifested in quarrels over every conceivable subject which interests mankind—it crops out in politics, religion, trade, commerce and social affairs. Each principal has secured a most formidable following and no portion of the state has ever had more devoted adherents or larger forces than are now commanded by Clark and Daly. Daly has long controlled politics in his own state, but his domination is being bitterly contested by Clark. Clark defeated Daly's pet project of removing the state capital to the town of Anaconda, planned, founded, built and fostered by Daly. Daly managed to put a dent in Clark's senatorial seat, and so the quarrel goes. Clark is the principal owner of the United Verde, at Jerome, Arizona, which is fabulously rich in copper and silver and which yields him an annual income of millions. In addition to which he has many other properties, rich as mines ordinarily average. He has allied with him in his fight the Helms forces, of which P. August Helms is the forefront and per company, which has a capitalization of \$1,000,000 and is controlled by Standard Oil leaders. There are some fifty suits at law now pending in litigation between these two factions and their allies and the legal expenses are probably close to a million dollars annually. Clark and Helms employ about 10,000 men in their Butte mines, while the Anaconda company employs about 800. Clark and Helms have given their miners an eight-hour day with no reduction in wages, the minimum scale enforced for Butte being \$2.50 per day for any man doing below surface, with higher wages to the more skilled workmen. This move, which was unopposed by the workmen, was evidently made with two objects in view, one of which was to add to the popularity and personal following of the Clark-Helms combination, the other a desire to hit the opposition in the most vulnerable spot—in the cash-box. Clark and Helms undoubtedly feel that they can afford to throw a dollar into a hole in the ground if thereby they can compel their opponents to throw in ten dollars, and the ratio of employees, and, consequently, losses, is about ten to one.

The Standard Oil people have refused to grant the eight-hour day to the Montana miners in the employ of the Anaconda company. Big prices were paid for the mines and stocks owned by the Anaconda company and as wages and other expenses are high the proposed increase of 25 per cent in labor costs for that company would be a really enormous one—so heavy to be stood. Whether the demands of the miners will or will not be met in a strike is an open question. For many years Marcus Daly fostered the miners' union of Butte, but at the present time the Clark forces are an effort to prove to the copper workers that Colby's friends are not shorts.

The Anaconda company will not be from the position taken and grant the eight-hour day with full wages. The miners adhere to their demands of the eight-hour day and any stoppage of the big mines of Montana will throw the copper situation out of balance.

Settling the differences between the Clark and the Anaconda company, but the situation is by no means easy of clearing. The Standard Oil people are not out of the sea of litigation, but whether the irregular settlement will or will not succeed cannot be forecast. If a satisfactory settlement can be reached between Helms and the Anaconda, Messrs. Clark and Daly can then continue their quarrel without embroiling the entire copper industry of the world.

Diamond drill explorations will be resumed at the Central and Heritage also on the Copper Harbor property, which additions. The Central drill dividends of nearly \$200,000 from a fissure vein now worked out, but possesses a large tract of mineral land which is of great value is almost certain to be found sooner or later.

The Quincy Mining company has placed the portion of Itanewk heretofore known as Shantytown, and is selling property at upset prices ranging from \$500 a lot to \$100 per front foot. The principal towns of the copper district have now become so large that the surface findings of many of the companies are immensely valuable for building purposes.

The Areadian has made a test of rock from the Mesnard episode and while no figures are made public, General Manager Leopold states that the returns are highly satisfactory. A permanent 3-compartment shaft has been started on the episode near the old shaft which was recently reopened. About eighty-five feet east of the episode the Areadian conglomerate is located, while less than 400 feet to the westward is the Pevabian amygdaloid. The three lodes are so near together that it will be possible to mine all three from shafts run down on the central episode, should such a plan seem advisable. The Franklin people have also started to give the conglomerate a test, and the Areadian people have also started to give the conglomerate a test, and the Areadian people have also started to give the conglomerate a test.

The showing on the Pevabian lode at the Franklin Junior is not a remarkably rich one, though by no means worthless. The Franklin now has one of the best mills in the district, and by making a large production, can probably handle rock which otherwise would not pay a mine. It should be remembered that the Quincy was not a rich mine until it had reached a depth of more than 1000 feet, while the best part of the old Franklin is below the 1000-foot level, hence it is not reasonable to infer that the Franklin Junior and Rhodes Island, working the northerly extension of the same lode, may prove richer at greater depth.

The Trimpontin has begun work on a permanent 3-compartment shaft to be known as No. 2, replacing the sand shaft sunk last winter. Work will be resumed at its works at home of an engine for drilling purposes, and also a truck on which a motor truck can be superimposed, says the New York Mail and Express. The company has had inquiries from railroad companies as to its motive power and the practicability of their use on the shaft.

The engine is a motor-looking machine, in general it conforms to the shape of the railroad locomotive, but it has no smokestack, bell, sandbox or other contrivances on top, or any pipes or running around or under the boiler. The boiler is a plain cylinder resting on a truck, and these with the cab seem to be all there is of the engine.

The motor truck is similar to those now to be seen under the cars of the Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth street line, but much larger. It is sixty feet long. This placed under a railroad car of the present size will move this car and two trailers with speed equal at least to that with which suburban trains now move. The motor will run fifty miles before being exhausted. The cost is only 12 cents per mile. It is almost noiseless, gives off no flying particles of dust or coal, is smooth running and capable of producing a high rate of speed. Its cost, which is practically nothing in comparison with that of steam, would allow of a great saving.

The railroad companies, to judge from inquiries they are making with respect to compressed air, are studying the possibilities and cost of using the motor with a view to making use of it on suburban trains. Those who are in a position to know say that within ten years the suburban trains on all the railroads running out of New York will be run by compressed air.

ADVANTAGES OF ABSTINENCE. According to official reports nearly four thousand of the men who have gone to South Africa on active service are members of the Army Temperance association. Lord Roberts, in commenting on this report, added that he had been struck by the returns from India, which showed a remarkable difference between the convolutions recorded in 1898 among abstainers and non-abstainers. Among the former only 4.2 in 1000 had been court-martialed, while among the non-abstainers the figure was 36.3 in 1000. In 1897 the figures were much the same. The admissions into hospitals were also largely in excess in the case of non-abstainers. It appeared that during the Tishah war 2000 men went through the whole campaign without taking a drop of alcohol.

This new and significant tendency in the army appears to be the result not so much of any religious or moral enterprise as of a growing conviction that a free use of alcohol interferes with the efficiency of the troops. Gen. Kitchenier prohibited all drinks containing alcohol in the Sudan campaign, except the few that were prescribed by the medical

Some of the Cured.

Mrs. GEORGE HEATON, Columbia City, Ind. Cured of Sciatic Rheumatism.

CHARLES NORRIS, Mt. Sterling, Ill. Cured of Lumbago.

JOHN HEWITT, Topeka, Kansas. Cured of Chronic Rheumatism.

Mrs. SARAH LANTZ, Vernon, Ind. Cured of Inflammatory Rheumatism.

A. S. SHOFMAKER, Ashley, Ohio. Cured of Chronic Rheumatism.

FRANK LONG, Lannon, Mich. Cured of Muscular Rheumatism.

ADAM SALM, Vernon Centre, N. Y. Cured of Chronic Rheumatism.

GILBERT UPDEGRAFF, Goshen, Ind. Cured of Muscular Rheumatism.

Mrs. J. E. JEWETT, Metuchen, N. J. Cured of Chronic Rheumatism.

Mrs. M. E. FOX, Rochester, N. Y. Cured of Chronic Rheumatism.

The above are a few cases from hundreds cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. If you are troubled with rheumatism, write us. Advice will cost you nothing.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills For Pale People Cure Rheumatism

They have effected cures where eminent physicians failed and have given health and happiness to hundreds of tortured victims. Chronic cases yield to this remedy as if to magic and the trouble never returns. No sufferer from any form of Rheumatism can afford to neglect this specific.

Absolute proof that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will cure Rheumatism in all its forms will be furnished upon request.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are never sold by the dozen or hundred, but always in packages of 24 pills, or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., 60 cents per box, 5 boxes \$2.50.

TWO ORIGINAL AND BECOMING BLOUSE WAISTS.



Two of the latest departures in unlined blouses are here set forth. The figure to the left shows a dainty and cool sailor waist of wash silk with its double collar collar bordered in pleated fulls of the same material which have an edging of a small V, the largeness of which is relieved by a pocket of steel with a scalloped no-dallon clasp. The second blouse exploits a new idea in blouse making as it is composed entirely of ribbons of ribbon, having one another, and divided by bands of open feather stitching. The sleeves are of the ribbon, and its double effect of the wrist by a band of the ribbon below which a soft fall falls over the hand.

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Horstford's Acid Phosphate Relieves Fatigue. A wholesome acid tonic relieving the lassitude of the summer months. Genuine bears name Horstford's on wrapper.



TYPICAL SUMMER RESORT COSTUMES.

The gown to the right is an artistic creation in hortensia colored foulard patterned in a darker shade of the same color with trimming of black chenille lace. The yoke is of tucked white satin, outlined in the black lace. The black chenille lace also forms a sort of bolero effect as it falls beneath a drape of white tulle over the shoulders and down the front of the gown, and is now in high vogue. The other two figures are shown in the afternoon dresses of silk. The central dress is a smart summer gown of blue satin and ivory lace. The lace forms a panel down the center of the skirt and corsage and also the sleeves. The lower sleeves are also lined with a stonewashed muslin. The lower skirt is of a light blue, giving a clever effect of a bolero jacket. The third gown is of a light blue, giving a clever effect of a bolero jacket. The third gown is of a light blue, giving a clever effect of a bolero jacket.

her vigorous out-of-door exercises. She comes home flushed and tired with the exertions of a morning's sailing, and, after a refreshing plunge, she indulges in an easy rest with a novel and an odd drink. Then it is that she may be needed in her trousseau, which is too luxuriously becoming to keep her strictly within the precincts of her own bedchamber, so she seeks some spot of semi-seclusion where there is a possibility of surprising her.

Breakfast, also, is an occasion upon which these airy, fairy concoctions may appear without criticism, provided they are not too daring in outline, and after-lunch.

Some of the minutest of these little lounging wraps and gowns are of washable outdoor material imported with lovely dainty coloring, and some of the most convenient and chic ones are modifications of the Japanese styles and are carried out in fancy silk and extremely gay colorings.

Indeed there is a wide field for the indulgence of original ideas, capricious in design, and high risks in color combination for the more daring, and odd they are the greater the air of distinction and interest they possess.

A dainty little woman whose health enables her to take a great deal of rest in the summer season contrives always to have an assortment of these pretty tricks, into which she can slip at a moment's notice, and gain a complete relaxation after her efforts at sport. She prizes herself upon making her semi-invaldism as attractive as possible, and is even suspected of admiring it as a feat as is best shown her delicate and refined type of beauty, which is greatly enhanced by this style of dress. She dares to appear at breakfast when other women are snugly attired in shirt waists and high collars, in a gown of Nile green India silk, with frills of creamy lace encircling her shoulders, and falling softly about the low cut neck, so as to most effectively disclose the curve of her throat. The suit folds

slashed at each side neatly to the arm, bordered and lined with a fine band of pale yellow. The main material of the little wrap had a pale primrose yellow ground, with a lattice pattern of blue lines with garlands of deep yellow and pink roses resting upon it.

Another original and becoming risk in which she occasionally indulged herself for afternoon tea was a pale blue silk kimono, having a skirt which was trimmed with ruching of white point d'esprit. These ruchings forming the head and border to a fine deep, accented pleating of the silk dainty. The bodice was squared, opened at the neck, and also ornamented with numerous ruchings of the point d'esprit. A sort of circular collar fell over the shoulders in points, and ended in long loops in front, which came below the line of the waist, and were outlined with the same trimming. The fullness of the bodice was held into a band of lace beading at the waist, and a ribbon of golden brown velvet was threaded through the spaces of the beading and tied in front with a single knot, the long ends being ornamented with tassels of brown floss. The belt was an extremely long and pointed ribbon, open in front and falling in points to the knees. The skirt was also bordered with the white point d'esprit, and the points in front were bordered with the same silk. The pelum was also bordered with the white point d'esprit, and the points in front were bordered with the same silk. The pelum was also bordered with the white point d'esprit, and the points in front were bordered with the same silk.

The languid style, however, cannot be generally ascribed, as its hegemony is limited to a desirable time. This original and graceful costume, markedly intelligent and easy in its style, proved a sort of compromise between the somewhat wrappings looking tea gown and the matinee and skirt, which also suggests the bedroom, and with unqualified praise and no adverse criticism as to its lounging character.

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But to all women breakfast saquees.

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE

The Original WORCESTERSHIRE

That's it



Beware of Imitations

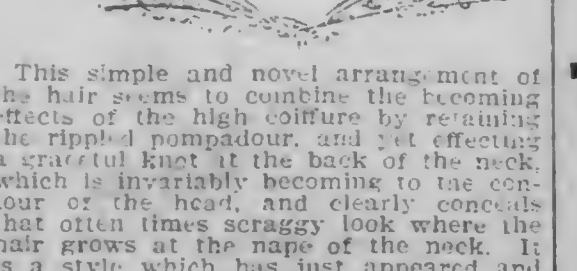
John Duncan's Sons, Agents, New York

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT

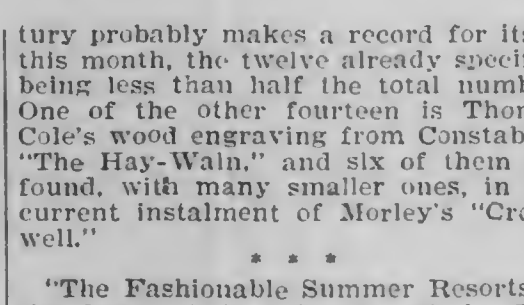
TOOTH POWDER

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.



This simple and novel arrangement of the hair seems to combine the becoming effects of the high coiffure by retaining the puffed pompadour and yet effecting a graceful knot at the back of the neck, which is invariably becoming to the contour of the head, and clearly conveys that often times scrappy look where the hair grows at the temples of the face. It is a style which has just appeared and promises to gain high favor.



The Century is a feature of the 30th anniversary issue of the magazine, offering a glimpse it gives of the social life of these places at times we have never known. The story of the rich. "The Girl Who Fought in Revolution" is the story of a young man who battles the forces of the revolution and made up of innumerable quests of female hearts. She enlisted a man and wore the uniform of a soldier. The story of a man who will find a universal welcome is Eric Seton-Thompson's dramatization of the life of a man who lived in a world which the author's friends of forest and plain are impelled by children.

The July New Lippincott is primarily a summer story number. The cover novel, called "An Anti-Climax," is by the author of "The Girl Who Fought in Revolution" by Ellen Olney Kirk. Many remember "The Story of Margaret Kent," a story of a woman who lived in a success several years ago, and in the later work Mrs. Kirk bids fair to catch up with the story of a woman who, interesting, absent-minded widow

plunged into despair at the prospect of being abandoned by the woman whom he loved. In accomplishing this he is ably assisted by an attractive widow and a clever young man, each of whom has their own part to play in the developing plans of the villain. The introduction of a lady to the story is a happy touch, and the anxiety of the girls for their father's future, and his concern about them, are their parts, are diverting and amusing, and if all must be for the reader to discover. The first two chapters are extremely well written. "As a Dream When One Awakes" is a very good chapter, and the scene at Rutgers, but the incident might of any day and in any college, so it appears a bit old and is intensely interesting.

The Popular Science Monthly, which was established in 1898, and the April issue of 1924, presents the latest circulation of any scientific journal in the world, is now being edited by the late Professor H. C. Houder, of Cornell University.

bia university, and published by Clure, Phillips & Co. Professor C is well known as a psychologist and the editor of Science. The July number contains among other articles a paper by Simon Newcomb, the astronomer, titled "Chapters on the Stars;" a paper by Dr. Haffkine, the discoverer of the preventative against the plague, on "Preventive Inoculation;" an article on the recent solar eclipse by Seargeant Langley, of the Smithsonian Institution.

* * *

The Section in Frank Leslie's Post

Monthly for July includes, besides Sheridan-like ending of Egerton Co. "Bath Comedy," a quaintly humorous New England story by Rollin L. Hartt, and a Cape Cod idyll called "Old Manomet Village," by Etta Pierce. The poetry and "Margins" include contributions by Edgar Fawcett, William Hamilton Hayne, Norman Pitman, Frank Lawrence Jones,

Richard Harding Davis' "The Red Lady's Smith" in the July Scribner probably the most brilliant piece of correspondence since his famous of the fight at Las Guasimas. He a vivid impression of the ways of the privations, suffering and the constant danger in the besieged city of the fine spirit of endurance that

abled. He shows, too, how difficult it was for the advancing column under Buller to make its way through the rounding hills that afforded the Boers almost invulnerable natural defense. The author describes the stirring scenes attending the entrance into the city of the column. The illustrations are photographs in the city and of the try about.

* * *

Even to the chronic theater-goer long experience it may be a surprise

learn that one of the very oldest actors in point of service still before the public is Stuart Robson. Long associations with youthful roles, and the freshness and vigor of his portrayals make it difficult for us to realize that his public career extends nearly over half a century. In the July number of *Everybody's* magazine appears the first installment of a series of articles by Mr. Robson in the nature of an autobiography, and

In the July Atlantic, ex-president Lincoln concludes his argument for the necessity of the Emancipation Proclamation with a striking account of his own long and struggling relationship with Congress. He tells us that he had to "go to the aid of the Executive" in the face of "a vindictive President" who had "driven the Legislature to the wall." He lists, James W. Alexander, president of the American Historical Association, discusses "Some Preliminaries About Secession," and points out many of the errors of Lincoln's Reconstruction policy and action either of the public or private. The book is a brilliant and incisive study of this most important and recent institution.

—WILLIAM D. HOWELL

Reviews the first installment of one of the most important series of studies of New England life: revolting and revolutionary. The results, such as England alone can produce.

—JAMES W. ALEXANDER

Perhaps the most attractive tour of Lincoln for the great is "The Chinese Factor in the American Revolution." It deals with the last Reform party in the work of its leaders. The book is a study of the personality of John Philip

59 Cigarettes
SAME STOCK AS
"SEAL OF MINNESOTA"
KUHLES & STOCK, ST. PAUL, MAKERS.

tric Bitters, the wonderful stomach and liver remedy, and he writes: "After taking two bottles I was wholly cured." A trial proves its matchless merit for all Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles. Only 50c. Sold by W. A. Abbott, druggist.

It is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

WM. E. CULKIN,
Register.

N. JOHNSON;
Attorney for Contestant.

The Evening Herald, June 23-30 July 7-21-1990.

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one year from the date of sale, as
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July 7, 1900.

FRED W. LOWE,
Mortgagee.

J. N. & BALDWIN,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
100 First National Bank Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Evening Herald, July 7-14-21-25-
4-11.

[illegible]

1000

Contest Took Place on a Grass Track. | Duluth and Bayfield Play Ball at Oneota.

400-meter hurdle race—Tewkesbury, Pennsylvania; Taulzin, France; Orton, Pennsylvania. Best time was 57 3/4 sec.

2500-meter steeplechase handicap—Orton, Pennsylvania; Robinson, England; Newton, England; Chastaine, France; Krascheltz, Austria. Winner's time, 7:34 2-5.

Pole vault—Baxa, Pennsylvania. 3 meters 30 centimeters; Colkett, Pennsylvania. 3 meters 21 centimeters; Anderson,

Ruhlin has had quite a career as an athlete. Besides being a fighter he is a good runner, a clever baseball player and has somewhat of a reputation as a football player. Before Ruhlin took up fighting for a living he was employed in a large printing concern in Akron, Ohio. A baseball team known as the Werner's was organized, and on Saturdays and holidays games were played in the surrounding towns. Ruhlin was the star

GOSSIP ON COUNTY TICKET.

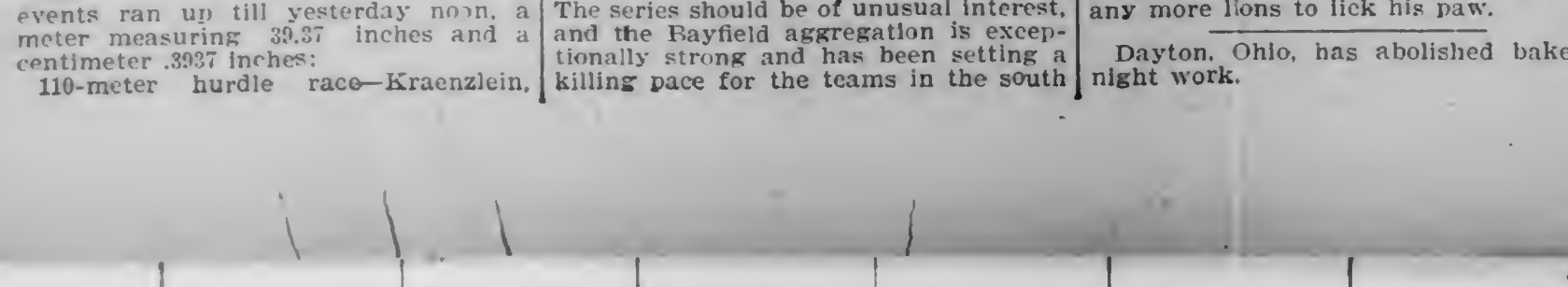
For the opportunity of defeating E. Patterson, two candidates are mentioned. These are P. J. Neff and Hector

today. Sold by all druggists and stores. By mail for 25c, in stamps. package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

posals for the delivery of 100,000 tons of American pig iron. At that time home demand in the United States

For sale by Max Wirth, druggist
Minn.

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For sale by Max Wirth, druggist
Minn.

t, Duketh,

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The Great Kellar Tonight!

HAD LONG RUNS.

The past dramatic season in New York has been noted for some extraordinary long runs. Notable have been the careers of "Ben Hur," "Sherlock

MR. BRAMWELL ENGAGED.
William Bramwell, who will be remembered by Duluth theatergoers as "Billie," is engaged for

On the basis of a crop of 550,000,000 bushels total crop, the outlook is that an export of 132,000,000,000 to 150,000,000 bushels would be possible without reducing visible and farm supplies materially from the totals estimated held on July 1.

Further changes, the exact nature of which may not be fully reported, are appearing in the heavy decline of packer

Chinese affairs:

There is no doubt that the possible aggressiveness displayed by Russia in China is due to the fact that her ruling minds believe she has the best possible

kets of importance elsewhere on the globe that at present are available for her manufactured products. She has only been able to make headway where their sale could be consummated through diplomatic efforts.

[illegible]

Iron and steel prices are evidently creeping on bottom if reports from lead smelters and other sources are correct. Bessemer pig at Pittsburgh is on a flat basis, with billets at \$10.00. The market has been quiet a year ago, so that much of the "boom" prices have been cut. Eastern and Southern markets are about the same. No. 1 foundry being of \$1 per ton and low grade Southern iron is accumulating. A favorable feature is the increasing demand for iron from Europe. Soft coal is going abroad, too, a cargo leaving for London shortly. Third week, while copper is firmer, Anthracite coal is steady, and conference iron is on the rise.

The textile situation is a mixed one. Present prices for raw cotton and finished goods are about the same. Cotton troubles have checked impor-

market there for her surplus products.

Russia has no desire to seize China nor to despoil her of any of her territory beyond the acquiring of certain points for naval stations.

The close proximity of the two empires makes them of vast use to each other, and the idea is beginning to be understood by the peoples of each.

Siberia, the great and growing section of the empire which is contiguous to China, already is producing so many cereals that she has a surplus of about

MURDER OF BARON VON KETTELE



VESSIE FARRELL.

Holmes, "The Pride of Penicoy," and "Quo Vadis," that version dramatized by Stanislavski Stange and presented by the American Dramatic Company. Both "Ben Hur" and "Quo Vadis" owe their extreme popularity to the Serbian actor, who, in the hands of the American company, was the center of attraction of both plays, and large patronage was secured. The plays were not, however, theater-goers, but by an element that is not of the theatrical amusement seeking class. The plays were given with a reverence for the religious prominence of each play. "Ben Hur" got its title from the cold weather, and there was no interference with the play by the rain and the cold of the weather. But not so with "Quo Vadis," which came into New York City in the middle of the winter. In Detroit and Philadelphia just at that uncertain period of the year when the weather is so uncertain, the play was extended for sixteen weeks, encountering no opposition. It was given during the months of May and June in New York. In more than this particular was "Quo Vadis" a success. It was not only outlived in popular favor for above, named dramatic offerings and was given for three weeks.

the week, including four shipments from the week aggregate: 209,281 bushels against 239,590 bushels in 1886; 188,618 against 192,431 bushels in 1887; 188,000 against 192,431 bushels in 1888; 197,840 against 226,426 bushels in 1889; 197,840 against 226,426 bushels in 1890; 197,840 against 226,426 bushels in 1891; 197,840 against 226,426 bushels in 1892; 197,840 against 226,426 bushels in 1893; 197,840 against 226,426 bushels in 1894; 197,840 against 226,426 bushels in 1895; 197,840 against 226,426 bushels in 1896. From July 1 to date this season wheat exports are 5,878,123 bushels against 10,409,850 bushels in 1886; 5,878,123 bushels in 1887; 5,878,123 bushels in 1888; 5,878,123 bushels in 1889; 5,878,123 bushels in 1890; 5,878,123 bushels in 1891; 5,878,123 bushels in 1892; 5,878,123 bushels in 1893; 5,878,123 bushels in 1894; 5,878,123 bushels in 1895; 5,878,123 bushels in 1896. Corn exports for the week aggregate are 1,182,159 bushels against 1,422,258 bushels in 1886; 1,182,159 bushels in 1887; 1,182,159 bushels in 1888; 1,182,159 bushels in 1889; 1,182,159 bushels in 1890; 1,182,159 bushels in 1891; 1,182,159 bushels in 1892; 1,182,159 bushels in 1893; 1,182,159 bushels in 1894; 1,182,159 bushels in 1895; 1,182,159 bushels in 1896. From July 1 to date this season corn exports are 11,838,123 bushels against 18,409,850 bushels in 1886; 11,838,123 bushels in 1887; 11,838,123 bushels in 1888; 11,838,123 bushels in 1889; 11,838,123 bushels in 1890; 11,838,123 bushels in 1891; 11,838,123 bushels in 1892; 11,838,123 bushels in 1893; 11,838,123 bushels in 1894; 11,838,123 bushels in 1895; 11,838,123 bushels in 1896. Business failures for the week number here 18, as compared with 21 last week, 18 in 1886, 18 in 1887, 18 in 1888, 18 in 1889, 18 in 1890, 18 in 1891, 18 in 1892, 18 in 1893, 18 in 1894, 18 in 1895, 18 in 1896. Canadian failures for the week number here 26, as compared with 22 last week, 26 in 1886, 26 in 1887, 26 in 1888, 26 in 1889, 26 in 1890, 26 in 1891, 26 in 1892, 26 in 1893, 26 in 1894, 26 in 1895, 26 in 1896. R. G. & Co. have a weekly review of the market. The midsummer vacation has already disposed of the prophetic

Siberia is capable of supporting a population of at least 50,000,000, and under climatic conditions have been very much exaggerated.

Transportation, combined with the free lease of land, is leading to the development of a new community of people located on the great Siberian railroad, and to many other places connected with it.

The efforts of Russian diplomacy have been directed to the purpose of securing control particularly over the markets of Northern China, and for that reason the

[illegible]

...y genuine kind
...1 is Not Genuine.

Very small and as easy
to take as sugar.

CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER
PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Backaches of Women

are wearying beyond description and they indicate real trouble somewhere

Efforts to bear the pain are heroic, but they do not overcome it and the backaches continue until the cause is removed.

influence should be paramount there.

There has been a perfect understanding with France in regard to her right in Southern China, and it is so understood that the present imbroglio can change this understanding, whatever position the other powers may assume.

The keenness of England's interest in China beyond her understood hostility to Russia in her ability to buy her (China's) surplus products and to sell her (China's) raw materials and cotton goods makes it more profitable for her to do business with China than with most of the other powers.

The profitable market which America has discovered for her manufactures

**HOW TO REST
YOUR HEAD**

Workmen Are Nearer Success on Being Careful in Little Things.

Price _____ **CUSTOMERS MUST HAVE SIGNATURE**

its Corp. **Freshly Vegetable** *Franklin D. Roosevelt*

_____ OF THE UNITED STATES

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Franklin D. Roosevelt

RTER'S" twice—and
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L DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

does this more certainly than any other medicine. It has been doing it for thirty years. It is a woman's medicine for woman's ills. It has done much for the health of American women. Read the grateful letters from women constantly appearing in this paper.

Mrs. Pinkham counsel women free of charge. Her address is Lynn Mass.

Many laboring men might save more money for a rainy day if they were more careful in little things. Observance in buying small articles. Few of us can afford to buy something and then cast it away because we do not like it. Be right the first time. For instance, in buying a plug of tobacco, ask for gold Rope, Kingbolt, Rise and Shine and Thrasher, made by the Wilson-McCalla Tobacco Company, of Chicago. They are the best brands, better than the ordinary. In addition to getting superior article you will have the great satisfaction of knowing the goods are made and not made by a trust.

All of the above brands are made of thoroughly cured, carefully prepared tobacco and not made by a trust. Get the list in sight, and ask dealers for the brands named. This will be one step toward success.

The image shows a blank ledger page. On the left side, there is a vertical wavy line, likely a decorative border or a placeholder for a page number. The main body of the page is a grid of columns and rows, typical of a ledger or account book. The grid consists of several columns of varying widths and several rows. The columns are separated by vertical lines, and the rows are separated by horizontal lines. The page is otherwise empty, with no text or numbers written on it.